



INDIAN POTASH LIMITED



71st
Annual Report
2025-26

- IPL Fertilisers
- IPL Dairy & Feed Division
- IPL Sugars & Bio Fuels Limited

71st ANNUAL REPORT 2025 -26



INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

REGISTERED OFFICE :

1st FLOOR, SEETHAKATHI BUSINESS CENTRE,
684 - 690, ANNA SALAI, CHENNAI - 600 006.

TELEPHONE : 044 -28297855

FAX : 044 -28297407

CIN: U14219TN1955PLC000961

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



SHRI. PANKAJ KUMAR BANSAL, IAS
Chairman



SHRI. DILEEP SANGHANI



SHRI. K. J. PATEL



SHRI. RAKESH KAPUR



SHRI. MANISH GUPTA



Dr. RAJENDER KUMAR, IAS



SHRI. KUMAR AMIT, IAS



Ms. NAZHAT J. SHAIKH



THIRU. SIVA MUTHUKKUMARASAMY



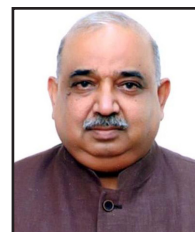
SHRI. SONY SEBASTIAN



**SHRI. SANTOSH KUMAR DASH,
OAS (SS)**



SHRI. ABHIJEET AGRAWAL, IAS



SHRI. SUDHIR BHARGAVA SHRI. ARVIND KUMAR KADYAN Ms. VANDANA CHANANA SHRI. SANJEEV VEDPRAKASH VARMA
Managing Director

BANKERS

STATE BANK OF INDIA

HDFC BANK LTD

AXIS BANK LTD

ICICI BANK LTD

INDUSIND BANK LTD

BANK OF BARODA

IDBI BANK LTD

RBL BANK LTD

KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD

IDFC FIRST BANK LTD

CANARA BANK

DBS BANK INDIA LTD

AUDITORS

M/s. M S K A & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants

NOTICE OF 71st ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 71st Annual General Meeting of INDIAN POTASH LIMITED (“the Company”) will be held on Monday, the 31st August 2026 at 12:30 P.M. through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means (VC / OAVMs) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

To consider, and if deemed fit, pass the following items as an Ordinary Resolutions:

Item No.1- Adoption of Financial Statements

To receive, consider and adopt:

- a) The Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026, together with the Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

“RESOLVED THAT the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026, the Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors’ thereon placed before the 71st Annual General Meeting be and are hereby adopted”.

- b) The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.

RESOLVED THAT the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026, the Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors’ thereon placed before the 71st Annual General Meeting be and are hereby adopted”.

Item No. 2- Declaration of Dividend

To consider and declare Final Dividend of Rs. 20/- per fully paid-up Equity Share Face Value of Rs. 10/- each for the Financial Year 2025-26 and the same be paid out of the profits of the Company to those shareholders whose names appear in the Register of Members as on 14th August 2026.

RESOLVED THAT a dividend of Rs. 20/- per fully paid-up Equity Share Face Value of Rs. 10/- each be declared for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026 and that the same be paid out of the profits of the Company to those shareholders whose name appear in the Register of Members as on 14th August 2026.

Item No.3 - Re-appointment of Shri Dileep Sanghani (DIN: 00639824) who retires by rotation

To appoint a Director in place of Shri Dileep Sanghani (DIN: 00639824) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), Shri Dileep Sanghani (DIN: 00639824), who retires by rotation and being eligible for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation”.

Item No. 4 - Re-appointment of Thiru Siva Muthukkumaraswamy, (DIN: 10789644) who retires by rotation

To appoint a Director in place of Thiru Siva Muthukkumaraswamy, (DIN: 10789644) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and all other applicable provisions, if any, re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), Thiru Siva Muthukkumaraswamy, (DIN: 10789644) who retires by rotation and being eligible for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation”.

Item No. 5 – Re-appointment of Shri Sony Sebastian (DIN: 08065753) who retires by rotation

To appoint a Director in place of Shri Sony Sebastian (DIN: 08065753) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and all other applicable provisions, if any, re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), Shri Sony Sebastian (DIN: 08065753) who retires by rotation and being eligible for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation”.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

Item No. 6 - To ratify / approve the remuneration of Independent Directors

As per Section 149, 197 and 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Article 93 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the Board may remunerate to the Directors either by a fixed sum and / or by a percentage of profits or otherwise and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for any other remuneration to which he / she may be entitled. The said remuneration to the Independent Directors would be paid subject to ratification / approval of the Members.

Accordingly, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) had considered the proposal and recommended for the payment of Rs. 8 Lakhs each as remuneration to the Independent Directors for FY 2024 – 25. Further, the Board of Directors in their Meeting held on 16th December 2025 approved the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, subject to ratification / approval of Members of the Company.

“RESOLVED THAT Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 197, 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Article 93 of Articles of Association of the Company, ratification / approval is being accorded for the payment of Rs. 8 Lakhs to each Independent Director as remuneration for FY 2024 – 25.”

Item No. 7 - Appointment of Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma as Managing Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198, 203 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (Including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment (s) thereof, for the time being in force) and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and subject to such other approvals as may be required, Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma (DIN 08589717), be and is hereby appointed as Managing Director designate of the Company for a period of three years with effect from 29th April 2026 the date of assumption of charge on the terms and conditions along with remuneration as recommended by the NRC, and approved by the Board;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma be and is hereby appointed as the Managing Director Designate of the Company and assumed the charge effective from 29th April 2026 and further inducted on the Board of the Company as Managing Director / Director with effect from 1st August 2026 on the terms and conditions of his employment the details of which are produced hereunder:

Basic Pay In the time scale of Rs. 2,00,000 - 3% - 3,70,000 subject to an increment of 3% per annum with an existing basic of Rs. 2,45,975/-

Dearness Allowance On Industrial DA pattern which is fixed quarterly based on the All India Consumer Price Index as applicable in the Public Sector.

Perquisites:

- a) HRA House Rent Allowance @ 30 per cent of Basic Pay
- b) Gas, Electricity, Water, The expenditure on gas, electricity, water and soft / hard furnishings will be subject to a ceiling of total 20 per cent of the salary with a cap of 10 per cent each.
- c) Newspaper / Books and Periodicals & Servant/ watchman/ Gardener subject to a ceiling of total 10 per cent of the salary with a cap of 5 percent each.
- d) Professional development Allowance Subject to a maximum of 5 per cent of the salary
- e) Medical Allowance Subject to a maximum of 5 per cent of the salary
- f) Leave Travel Concession For self and family subject to a maximum of 10 percent of the salary.
- g) Leave encashment Maximum 18 days in a year, subject to minimum balance should not be less than 10 days.
- h) Performance Pay As may be approved by the Board Sub - Related Committee on executive compensation on year to year basis in accordance with the guidelines on the subject applicable to CPSEs.
- i) Company's Contribution to Provident Fund Benefit of Company's Contribution to Provident Fund as per the Rules of the Company.
- j) Company's Superannuation As per the Rules of the Company at the Contribution to rate of fifteen per cent of the BP plus DA. Contribution to Provident Fund and Superannuation Fund will not be included in the computation of the ceiling on perquisites to the extent these are not Taxable under the Income Tax Act.

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|----|-------------------------------|---|
| k) | Gratuity | As per the rules of the Company. Contribution for Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma calculated actuarially will continue to be made into the approved Fund. |
| l) | Transport | IPL provided Vehicle up to Rs. 60,000/- per month. |
| m) | Insurance cover | Mediclaime cover is up to Rs. 15 Lakhs with dependent family. Critical illness cover is up to Rs. 10 Lakhs for the employee. Group Personal Accident cover is up to Rs. 5 Lakhs for the employee. |
| n) | Telephone / Mobile / Internet | Telephone facility at residence and the Company to bear all expenses in connection therewith except for personal long-distance calls. |

GENERAL TERMS OF SERVICE

- A. The terms of service for the appointment as Managing Director of the Company is for a period of three years from the date of assumption of charge on the terms and conditions along with remuneration as recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board, subject to approval of the Shareholders in the next General Meeting.
- B. Your work in the organisation will be subject to the rules and regulations of the Company as promulgated and modified from time to time in relation to conduct, discipline and other matters.
- C. The Company maintains detailed service records and information concerning such matters as marriages, birth of children, change in the status of dependents, additional qualification obtained after joining the organisation, etc. should be furnished promptly to the Company. If fail to provide such information and lose financially as a result, the Company will not be liable to retrospective reimbursement when the omission is rectified.
- D. You must avoid situations in which your personal interest may conflict either directly or indirectly with the interest of the Company or its customers by involving yourself or any member of your immediate families in an outside business interest for financial transactions with any customer or supplier of the Company.
- E. You will not, at any time, without the written consent of the Company disclose or divulge or make public, except on legal obligation, any information regarding the Company's affairs or administration or extension / promotion and research activities carried out, whether the same was known to you in the course of your services or otherwise.
- F. If any information or declaration given by you to the Company is found to be false or you have wilfully suppressed any material information your office is liable to be terminated as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Articles of Association of the Company.
- G. You are not entitled for any compensation under Section 202 of the Companies Act, 2013, for loss of office (retirement, loss, etc.),

- H. On superannuation or termination of office, you shall return to the Company all correspondences, books, documents, literature, market data or any other matter relating to the affairs of the Company or belonging to the Company and shall not make or retain copies thereof.
- I. The Company has reserved the right to amend, vary or withdraw at any time and at its absolute discretion, any of the terms and rules enumerated above.

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma, as Managing Director of the Company will not be liable to retire by rotation;

“FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors and Company Secretary be and are hereby severally authorized to file the statutory returns with the Registrar of Companies and do and perform all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as may be considered necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to the above resolutions”.

Item No. 8 - To ratify the appointment of Cost Auditors for the Financial Year 2025 - 26 and fix their remuneration

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and subject to such guidelines and approval as may be required from the Central Government, the appointment of M/s. R. M. Bansal & Co. Cost Accountants, Lakhanpur, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh (U.P.) as Cost Auditors of the company to conduct audit of cost accounting records maintained by the Company for Fertiliser (SSP Unit - Muzaffarpur), Sugar and Sugar Products etc. for the Financial Year ending on 31st March 2027 at a remuneration of Rs. 25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand only) for each unit / factory exclusive of taxes, traveling and out of pocket expenses incurred in connection with the audit, be and is hereby ratified;

By order of the Board
For Indian Potash Limited

Date : 7th August 2026
Place : Chennai

Dr. Girish Kumar
Company Secretary
FCS 6468

Registered Office

Indian Potash Limited
CIN: U14219TN1955PLC000961
Seethakathi Business Centre
1st Floor, 684 -690, Anna Salai
Chennai - 600 006

NOTE:

1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) has vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and General Circular No. 02 / 2022 dated May 5, 2022, Circular No. 10/2022 and 11/2022 dated December 28, 2022 followed by General Circular No. 09 / 2023 dated September 25, 2023 and General Circular No. 09 / 2024 dated September 19, 2024, General Circular No. 03 / 2025 dated September 22, 2025 (collectively referred to as “MCA Circulars”) and all other relevant circulars issued from time to time, permitted the holding of AGM through VC / OAVMs without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. Hence, in compliance with the Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVMs without the physical presence of the Members. The proceedings of the AGM will be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company which shall be the deemed venue of the AGM.
2. An explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to the special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting is annexed hereto.
3. As the AGM shall be conducted through VC / OAVMs, the facility for appointment of proxy by the members is not available for this AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance slip including Route Map are not annexed to this Notice.
4. Institutional / Corporate Members are requested to send to the Registered Office of the Company a scanned copy of the Board Resolution authorizing its representative(s) to attend and vote at the AGM pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. The Members are requested to notify any change in their E-mail address immediately to the Company.
6. All the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and Explanatory Statement shall be available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company.
7. Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Register of Contracts or arrangements maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable, if any, shall be available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company.
8. The link for the zoom meeting is given herein:
<https://us06web.zoom.us/j/82008582195?pwd=SOdBR9dMgktCaPaJbpgLxpLeJlL67.1>
Meeting ID: 820 0858 2195
Passcode: 632782
9. The shareholders shall login on the meeting in the above-mentioned Link by giving the above mentioned Meeting ID and Passcode. In case of any difficulty in login into the meeting, the members can write to girish.kumar@potindia.com and selvam@potindia.com or contact at the Office No. 044 – 28297855 / 044 – 4211 8986 / 044 – 4211 8917.
10. Members are requested to login to the above link at least 30 minutes before the meeting time so that last minute rush can be avoided. The meeting shall be conducted by the company in accordance with MCA Circulars issued from time to time.
11. Attendance of the members participating in the 71st AGM through VC / OAVMs facility shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The following Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("ACT") sets out all material facts relating to the items mentioned in the SPECIAL BUSINESS are given below:

Relevant documents in respect of the said items are open for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days during 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. up to the date of the Meeting.

Item No. 6 - To ratify / approve the remuneration of Independent Directors

As per Section 149, 197 and 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Article 93 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the Board may remunerate to the Directors either by a fixed sum and / or by a percentage of profit or otherwise and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for any other remuneration to which he / she may be entitled. The said remuneration to the Independent Directors would be paid subject to ratification / approval of the Members.

Accordingly, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) had considered the proposal and recommended for the payment of Rs. 8 Lakhs each as remuneration to the Independent Directors for FY 2024 – 25. Further, the Board of Directors in their Meeting held on 16th December 2025 approved the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, subject to ratification / approval of Members of the Company.

The Directors recommend the Resolutions at Item No. 6 of the accompanying Notice for the ratification/ approval of the Members of the Company.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are concerned or interested to the extent stated above in the passing of the resolution at Item No. 6.

Item No. 7 - Appointment of Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma as a Managing Director of the Company

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) in its Meeting No. 02/2022-23 held on 16th March 2023 had recommended to the Board of Directors of the Company to constitute a 'Search cum Selection Committee' (SCSC) for selection of Managing Director. In compliance of these decisions, the SCSC meeting was held on 6th May 2025, 19th June 2025, 10th July 2025, 30th July 2025 and 11th September 2025 for shortlisting of profile of candidates received against an open advertisement in the Economic Times, The Times of India and Hindustan Hindi in all the Editions along with Website of the Company.

The Search cum Selection Committee in its meeting held on 11th September 2025, after second round of personal interview and negotiations recommended the name of Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) for the position of Managing Director for a period of three years from the date of assumption of charge, subject to further extension as per approval of the Board.

Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma is an Engineer and MBA (Finance) with excellent academic records & more than 34 years' experience as Senior Executive in Projects, Business Development, Marketing, Corporate & Project Finance, Plant Maintenance, General Administration, Human Resource, Industrial Relationship, Joint Ventures (domestic & foreign) i.e. OVERALL MANAGEMENT & OPERATION of a Fertiliser Industry.

The Board in its 356th Meeting held on 16th December 2025 appointed Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma as Managing Director Designate for a period of three years from the date of assumption of charge on the terms and conditions along with remuneration as recommended by the NRC, subject to approval of the Shareholders in the next General Meeting. Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma assumed the charge as

Managing Director Designate effective from 29th April 2026. Further the Board in its meeting held on 23rd July 2026 inducted him on the Board of the Company as Managing Director / Director with effect from 1st August 2026 vice Dr. P. S. Gahlaut. Dr. P. S. Gahlaut has been superannuated with effect from 31st July 2026.

Except Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma, being an appointee, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relative(s) is concerned or interested, financial or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 7.

Item No. 8 - To ratify the appointment of Cost Auditors for the Financial Year 2026 - 27 and fix their remuneration

As per the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, the company is required to appoint a Cost Auditor with the prescribed qualifications. As per the proposal received from the Audit Committee for appointment of Cost Auditor for the Financial Year 2026 - 27, the Board proposed to appoint M/s. R. M. Bansal & Co., Cost Accountants, Lakhanpur, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh (U.P.) as Cost Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2026 - 27.

As per Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, the appointment and remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors is to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company. Hence this resolution is put for the consideration of the shareholders.

The Directors recommend the Resolutions at Item No. 8 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of the Members of the Company.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are concerned or interested in the passing of the resolution at Item No. 8.

By order of the Board
For Indian Potash Limited

Date : 07th August 2026
Place : Chennai

Dr. Girish Kumar
Company Secretary
FCS 6468

Registered Office

Indian Potash Limited
CIN: U14219TN1955PLC000961
Seethakathi Business Centre
1st Floor, 684 -690, Anna Salai
Chennai - 600 006

Dear Shareholders,

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their 71st Annual Report along with audited accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2026.

GENERAL

Fertilizers play a vital role in Indian agriculture, ensuring food security and supporting the country's economic growth. The fertilizers contribute towards increasing agricultural productivity in India by enhancing crop yields, quality, and fertility. As one of the fundamental sectors in the country, fertilizer production along with importation to balance the demand-supply gap, has consistently demonstrated positive growth since last many years and India stands among the leading global consumers of fertilizers, experiencing continual growth in domestic sales. This is despite fertilisers being exposed to global risks spanning geopolitical conflicts, economics and climate. Your company has placed itself in a good position despite inherent challenges, where it helped the country achieve balanced fertilization by ensuring availability of key fertilisers across our country at affordable cost.

The southwest monsoon rainfall in India is crucial as it supports the country's agricultural sector, which employs nearly half of the population and contributes significantly to the economy. Approximately 75% of India's annual rainfall occurs during the monsoon season, replenishing water resources like rivers, lakes, and groundwater, which are vital for irrigation and drinking water supplies. It also influences energy generation through hydropower and regulates regional ecosystems. Variations in monsoon patterns, such as excess or deficient rainfall, can lead to floods or droughts, affecting food security, livelihoods, fertilizer consumption and the overall economy.

India received 185.8 mm rainfall during pre-monsoon 2025 season, which is 42% above the normal rainfall of 130.6 mm. During this

season, out of 36 meteorological subdivisions, 23 received large excess rainfall, 6 received excess rainfall, 4 received normal rainfall, 3 received deficient rainfall and none had large deficient rainfall

The southwest monsoon season rainfall over the country as a whole during 2025 was normal (108% of the Long Period Average (LPA)). During the 2025 monsoon season, the El Nino-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) was neutral. The homogeneous regions of Northwest India (127% of LPA), Central India (115% of LPA) and South Peninsula (110% of LPA) received above normal monsoon rainfall. However, East and North-east India (80% of LPA) received below normal rainfall. Out of the total 36 meteorological sub-divisions, 2 sub-divisions covering 10% of the total area of the country received large excess seasonal monsoon rainfall, 12 sub-divisions constituting 35% of the total area received excess rainfall, 19 sub-divisions covering 46% of the total area of the country received normal rainfall, and 3 sub-constituting 9% of the total area received deficient seasonal rainfall.

During the post-monsoon season (October 2025 – December 2025), country received 134.2 mm rainfall which was 11% above normal. Out of 36 meteorological subdivisions, 11 received large excess rainfall, 8 received excess, 9 received normal and 8 met subdivisions received deficient rainfall.

The live storage in 166 major reservoirs as on 31st March 2026 was 85.432 Billion Cubic Meter (BCM), which is 110.5% of total live storage of corresponding period of last year of 77.324 BCM and 121.03% of normal storage.

The emergence of El Nino in the equatorial Pacific will gather strength as the monsoon progresses. Planting of kharif crops could come under pressure if deficit rainfall persists due to El Nino impact. Rain-fed pulses and oilseeds are more vulnerable to deficient rainfall in key growing regions. The IMD has forecast rainfall at 90% of the LPA this year which would make it the weakest monsoon since the year 2015. It is believed that this will strain the rural economy,

acceleration of retail food inflation and impact agriculture and may lead to decrease in fertilizer consumption.

SALES

The international prices of raw materials, intermediates and finished fertilizers experienced considerable volatility in the last quarter of 2025-26 due to geo-political conflicts and restricted global trade flows.

In this critical background, we are happy to inform that your Company was given responsibility and mandate by the Government of India to float a global tender for major fertilisers and thereby bring in uniformity and stability in import prices. Your company acted upon this initiative forward and completed the task in the overall interest of the country, fertilizer industry and farmers at large.

The systemic inventory for company's flagship product namely DAP has improved in year 2025-26 supported by sizable DAP imports unlike previous year by the industry due to advantage / disadvantage scheme introduced by Government of India. However, DAP has remained a loss-making due to volatility in international prices and thus the compensation by the Government is not proved adequate. Your Company has taken this fact with Department of Fertilizers ("DOF") directly as well as through Fertilizer Association of India ("FAI")

With increasing international prices, coupled with weakening of Indian rupee, extreme volatility in forex market and MRP control, your Company incurred losses on sale of DAP during the year as private sector showed unwillingness to fulfill their import targets forcing DOF to assign higher import targets to the Company. The Board also allowed the Company to honour the Government mandate in the interest of farmers and food security of the nation resulting in Company's DAP/TSP imports rising from 15.34 LMTs to 20.34 L MTs.

In this background, admittedly the company's sales were consciously calibrated under Board directives to comply with the Government orders

and meet trade requirements with minimum operating losses. Nutrient Based Subsidy ("NBS") rate revision remains critical to support rising international prices of phosphatic fertilizers. Current retail price and NBS rates are inadequate to keep phosphatic fertilisers sales profitable.

Notwithstanding increased price levels, fertilizer sales volume of the Company grew largely in line with the long-term trends amid healthy monsoons.

The First Point Sales of the Company for all fertilizer products together (excluding canalized Urea) total 8 million MTs against sales of 5.8 million MTs in the previous fiscal. The POS sales of the Company also reflected increase for major products, namely MOP showing growth of 17.90%, DAP by 23.34% and a de-growth in Complex Fertilizer sales by 31.37%.

Your Company is in total compliance to the guidelines of January 2024 issued by Government of India to regulate Maximum retail price (MRP) for Phosphatic and Potassic (P&K) fertilizers, specifying a reasonableness for the profit margins

Sugar industry overall witnessed a dip in the production levels across the State of Uttar Pradesh and other parts of the country mainly due to low cane yields, adverse weather and pest attack resulting ultimately in marginally lower revenues and under-absorption of fixed costs. Domestic sugar prices remained firm at same levels despite increased demand during festive season. Despite subdued industry performance, your Company's performance in State of Uttar Pradesh has shown improvements in terms of sugar yield, capacity utilization and profitability supported by higher distillery sales. The company's diversification into distillery and Biofuels and from recently commissioned Grain based distillery has enhanced further the profitability of the company. The latest three sugar mills taken on operating lease in the State of Gujarat had undergone refurbishment phase during the year under review with low-capacity utilization and the same is expected to reach capacity utilization in the Sugar season 2026-27.

On Dairy division's performance, the demand for liquid milk segment was relatively stable and revival in this segment is seen due to increased customer orders. This increased consumption has enabled us to maintain the performance of this division during the year 2025-26 at previous year's levels.

FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR 2025-26

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Particulars	Amount in (Rs. Crores)	Amount in (Rs. Crores)
	2025-26	2024-25
Total Income	34,335	21,956
Total Expenses	32,289	20,180
Profit Before Tax, Finance cost and Depreciation	3,349	2,344
Less: Finance Costs	1,177	499
Less: Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	126	68
Profit Before Tax	2,046	1,776
Current Tax	496	420
Deferred Tax	15	25
Profit After Tax (PAT)	1,535	1,331

The total volume sales of all products at 8 million tons (excluding Urea on DOF account at 3.6 million tons) is showing a 36% (approx.) growth over 5.8 million tons clocked during the previous year.

The total income of the company during FY 2025-26 at Rs. 34,335 Crores shows a growth of 56% (approx.) compared to turnover of Rs. 21,956 Crores clocked in the same period last year.

The increase in volume sales is almost entirely due to increase in DAP sales of 7.20 Lakh MTs (approx.) and MOP sales by 2.04 Lakh MTs (approx.) and the sales were consciously calibrated under Board directives so as to comply with the Government orders and control the losses.

The Profit Before Tax (PBT) stands at Rs.2,046 Crores and thereby registering a growth of 15% over the previous year which stood at Rs.1,776 Crores. The Profit After Tax (PAT) at Rs. 1,535 Crores shows 15% growth over last year's PAT of Rs.1,331 Crores. The variance in PBT is also due to receipt of dividend income of Rs 1,313 Crores

(Previous year 2024-25: Rs 1,040 Crores) from our Associate Company – M/s JPMC, Jordan.

It is also pertinent to bring to the kind attention of Shareholders the following facts which had a bearing on the profitability of the Company:

1. The value of Indian rupee was weakening during the year with much volatility in market condition experienced especially during the period of July 2025 – March 2026. The rupee which had opened at USD 1 = 85.48 on 1/4/2025, USD 1 = Rs.85.76 on 30/6/2025, USD 1 = Rs.88.79 on 30/9/2025, USD 1 = Rs. 89.88 on 31/12/2025 and finally closed at USD 1 = Rs. 94.6543 on 31/03/2026 and the Company booked a forex loss of Rs. 933.82 Crores (Previous year 2024-25: Rs 194.52 Crores) on account of above volatility seen in the 12 months ended March 2026. It is further stated that the mark to market exchange loss includes reinstated cost of ₹ 485.68 Crores as of end March 2026.
2. Due to higher quantum of subsidy, higher amount of GST is getting blocked and it has accumulated to Rs 3,204 Crores as of end March 2026.
3. The Company always carefully monitors and controls operational costs, selling expenses and administrative expenses and aligns its expenses to the sales volume.
4. There has been an overall improvement in the performance of Dairy and Cattle feed division under several operations / financial metrics.
5. Sugar Division achieved Profit for Rs. 35 Crores for the period ended March 2026 from Rs. 81 Crores for the corresponding previous period mainly attributed to lower cane crushing in three newly acquired sugar mills in Gujarat.

As part of the Company's diversification build, the Company which had entered into a definitive agreement in the previous fiscal has taken operation and management control of three Co-operative sugar mills based in Kodinar (Capacity 3500 TCD with distillery capacity of 18

KLPD) in District Gir Somnath, Talala (Capacity 1500 TCD) in District Gir Somnath and Valsad in District Valsad, all in State of Gujarat. The 2 sugar mills at Kodinar and Talala were going through refurbishment phase and capacity augmentation and will be operationally ready for next sugar season starting from November 2026 while Valsad unit is already operational and has added to the profitability of Sugar division in year 2025/26 marginally and all the three units will go fully operational in next fiscal year. With this, the company will emerge as a strong sugar player in the sugar industry and will be ranked in Top 5 amongst sugar industries in terms of capacity levels.

The Company's internal control systems are commensurate with the nature of its business, the size and complexity of its operations and such internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements are adequate.

Revival of Sugar mills under Ministry of Co-operation initiatives

The company signed a Memorandum of understanding (MoU) in month of March 2026 with the Odisha government for the revival, modernization and expansion of the Badamba Co-operative Sugar Mill which remained shut since year 2010. Based on the technical assessment of the current plant and machinery, it has been finally agreed to install a completely new Co-operative Sugar Mill on operating lease basis with an investment of around Rs. 360 Crores. The Odisha Government has agreed to provide 112 acres on a long-term lease to the Company for the mill and developing associated infrastructure.

Under the MoU, the Badamba Cooperative Sugar Mill is expected to resume commercial operations within next 2 years with a crushing capacity of 3,500 tons of cane per day (TCD). The facility will also include a 16 MW cogeneration power plant, a 10-tonnes-per-day bio-CNG plant and a modern cold storage unit. The project is expected to benefit around 10,000 farmers in the Badamba block of Cuttack district by reviving sugarcane cultivation, enhancing farm income and generating local employment. Considering,

significant challenges in sourcing sugarcane in the mill's command area due to shifting by many farmers have to other crops since owing to closure of mill since 2010, your Company has already taken steps for cane development based on its past experience motivating the farmer's to shift back to sugar cane cultivation.

Your Company is further evaluating similar opportunities in state of Bihar & Maharashtra for not only revivals but establishing further downstream value-added Bio-chemical product ensuring circular economy along with long term viability of Sugar Mills.

EXTENSION & PROMOTION ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED DURING 2025-26

We have always been making our strenuous efforts for promoting balanced fertilization to achieve the ideal NPK use ratio of 4:2:1. To achieve that, we conduct a large number of field-oriented activities and intensive promotional campaigns to educate the farmers on best management practices to increase fertilizer use efficiency and crop productivity under IPL and collaborative projects.

Under IPL Extension & Promotion budget, we have laid out 246 Crops Demonstrations, conducted 195 numbers of Field Days. We have organized 173 Sales Campaigns, 407 Farmer's Meetings, 29 Crop Seminars and 26 numbers of Dealer's Training Programs. We have also participated in 38 Agri Fair/ Exhibitions. We have done 3.54 lakhs sq. ft. of Wall / Trolley paintings, 0.80 lakhs sq. ft. of digital wall painting across Pan India and also tested 2340 nos. soil samples and 628 nos. of water samples. We have also created 135 nos. of IPL Farmers Clubs and made 561 nos. of short video films on best management practices to maximize crop productivity. Apart from this, we have also conducted 2,473 Audio-Visual Programs to educate farmers about balanced fertilization with special reference to role of potash in crop production.

We have distributed promotional literatures like Polyhalite Leaflet in 10 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Bengali, Assamese, Odia, Malayalam, English and Kannada), Polyhalite Potato Folder in 03 regional languages (Hindi,

Punjabi and Bengali), Nano Urea plus folder in 03 regional languages (Hindi, English and Odia), Nano DAP folder in 03 regional languages (Hindi, English and Odia), NPK 16-16-16 Folders in 08 regional languages (Hindi, Bengali, Punjabi, English, Marathi, Malayalam, Assamese, Kannada), Bio Potash Leaflet in Hindi language, Potash Folder in 04 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Punjabi and Marathi), POTASH-I folder & literatures in 06 regional languages (Kannada, Hindi, English, Bengali, Tamil and Assamese), TSP folder in 04 regional languages (Hindi, English, Gujarati and Punjabi), Soybean Folder in Hindi language, Sugarcane Folder in Hindi, Gujarat and Odia languages, Paddy Folder in 03 regional languages (Hindi, Bengali and Telugu), Vegetables Folder in Hindi language, Fermented Organic Manure Leaflet in 03 regional languages (Hindi, English and Bengali), Wheat Folder in Hindi language, Mustard Folder in Hindi language, Maize Folder in 02 regional language (Hindi and Telugu), City Compost Leaflet in Hindi language, Groundnut Leaflet in Gujarati, and Hindi, Banana Leaflet in Hindi language, Cotton Leaflet in 03 regional language (Hindi, Telugu and Gujarati), 20-20-0-13 Folder in Marathi & Hindi language, Tea & Coffee folder in Hindi, English and Bengali languages, Nano Urea Plus & Nano DAP Carry Bags in 07 regional languages (Hindi, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Odia, Bengali, Assamese) and MOP carry bags in 10 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Odia, Bengali, Assamese, Malayalam), Polyhalite Carry Bag in 11 languages (Hindi, Urdu, Telugu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Odia, Bengali, Assamese, Malayalam), IPL Pocket diary in 11 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Odia, Kannada, Bengali & Assamese, Malayalam), Polyhalite Pocket Diary in 12 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Telugu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Odia, Kannada, Bengali, Assamese & Malayalam), NPK 16:16:16 Pocket Diary in 12 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Telugu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Odia, Kannada, Bengali, Assamese & Malayalam), Nano Urea & Nano DAP Keychain in 08 regional languages (Hindi, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Odia, Kannada, Assamese, Malayalam), Polyhalite keychain in 12 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Telugu, Punjabi,

Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Odia, Kannada, Bengali, Assamese, Malayalam), DAP & MOP Pocket Diary in 11 regional languages (Hindi, Urdu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Odia, Kannada, Bengali, Assamese, Malayalam), POTASH-I danglers, Paper weight and PVC Balloons for different IPL products. These promotional measures are an integral part of the company's initiative to reach out to farmer community at large.

BNPP: (BALANCED NUTRITION PROMOTION PROJECT)

The BNP Project was started in the year 2021-22 and is now being implemented in 08 states: Telangana, Karnataka, West Bengal, Maharashtra, Uttar Pradesh, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh & Tamil Nadu. During the year 2025-26, we had laid out 171 nos. of Crop Demonstrations, conducted 129 nos. of Field Days, tested 121 nos. of soil samples, organized 136 nos. of Group and Small Farmer Meetings, 21 nos. of Crop Seminars, 10 nos. of Sales Campaigns, participated in 12 nos. of Farmer's Fairs and Exhibitions, 08 nos. of Dealers/Retailers Training Programme and also done 68,000 sq. ft. of Wall Paintings.

IPPP: (IPL-APC POTASH PROMOTION PROJECT)

IPP Project was started in the year 2024 and was implemented in 05 states: Odisha, Haryana, Rajasthan, Gujarat, and Tamil Nadu. During the year 2025-26, we had laid out 140 nos. of Crop Demonstrations, conducted 106 nos. of Field days, tested 148 nos. of soil samples and organized 122 nos. of Group and Small Farmer Meetings, 08 nos. of Large Farmer Meetings, 01 nos. of TV Campaigns, 10 nos. of Dealers/Retailers Training Programme and also done 46,000 sq. ft. of Wall Paintings.

IMPPC: (IPL-MAADEN PHOSPHORUS PROMOTION CAMPAIGN)

The IMPPC project was started in the year 2025 and is now being implemented in 05 states: Jammu & Kashmir, Karnataka, Gujarat, Telangana, & Chhattisgarh. During the year 2025-26, we had laid out 105 nos. of Crop Demonstrations, conducted 71 nos. of Field Days, conducted, organized 86 nos. of Group and Small Farmer Meetings, 10 nos. of Large Farmer Meeting, 5

nos. of Sales Campaigns, participated in 04 nos. of Farmer's Fairs and Exhibitions, 04 nos. of Dealers/Retailers Training Programme, and also done 59,000 sq. ft. of Wall Paintings.

IOMDP: (IPL-OCF MARKET DEVELOPMENT PROJECT)

The IOMDP project was started in the year 2025 and is now being implemented in 06 states: Uttar Pradesh, Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh & Gujarat. During the year 2025-26, we had laid out 132 nos. of Crop Demonstrations, conducted 94 nos. of Field Days, tested 152 nos. of soil samples, organized 158 nos. of Group and Small Farmer Meetings, 23 nos. of Large Farmer Meetings, 20 nos. of Sales Campaigns, participated in 03 nos. of Farmer's Fairs and Exhibitions, 05 nos. of Dealers/Retailers Training Programme and also done 32,000 sq. ft. of Wall Paintings.

PROSPECTS FOR 2026-27

As per IMD, the southwest monsoon seasonal rainfall over the country as a whole is likely to be 90% of the Long Period Average (LPA) indicating that below normal rainfall is most likely over the country as a whole during the monsoon season (June to September), 2026.

Currently, neutral El Nino-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) conditions are transitioning towards El Niño conditions over the equatorial pacific region. The latest climate model forecasts indicate that the El Niño conditions are likely to develop during the southwest monsoon seasons. The emergence of El Niño conditions that are expected to influence monsoon behavior and create production uncertainties across the agricultural sector.

With nearly 70-80 per cent of the country's annual rainfall occurring during the southwest monsoon season, rainfall performance during the June-September period remains a critical determinant of agricultural production, rural incomes and food security.

Elevated temperatures coupled with uneven rainfall patterns are expected to intensify pest and disease pressures across several crops, including chilli, cotton, soybean, pulses and vegetables.

Agriculture has been a bright spot and continued demand for fertilisers will be backed by Minimum Support Price ("MSP") for Kharif and Rabi crops for 2026-27 and likely to add momentum to fertilizer industry.

The Company's investment in Year 2025-26 to stabilize operations in Grain based distillery at Odisha, sugars mills in Gujarat taken on operating lease should go to help increase the profitability in FY 2026-27.

Timely payment of subsidy by Government is thus expected to improve credit profile of the Company. Any delay will impact on the liquidity position of the company.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Authorised Share Capital of the Company stands at Rs.61,20,00,000. The Issued,Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2025 is Rs. 28,59,72,000 comprising of 2,85,97,200 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each. There was no change in the issued, subscribed and fully paid up share capital of the Company during the year under review.

DIVIDEND

Considering the current performance of your company during the year 2025 - 26 and challenges ahead for 2026 - 27, the Directors recommended a Dividend of Rs. 20/- per Equity Share of Rs.10/- each, subject to the approval of Shareholders.

DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

Pursuant to provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act together with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiary in Form AOC-1 is attached to the financial statements of the Company. Pursuant to the provisions of section 136 of the Act, the financial statements of the Company, consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents and separate audited accounts in respect of the subsidiary is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company.

DEPOSIT

The company did not invite or accept any deposit from public during the period under report.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Loans, guarantees and investments covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 form part of the Notes to the financial statements provided in this Annual Report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Following were the changes in the position of Directors of the Company during the Financial Year 2025-26:

- Dr. Parvinder Singh Gahlaut, Managing Director, was granted an extension of tenure for a period of one year, from 01 August 2025 to 31 July 2026, on the existing terms and conditions of employment.
- Shri Kumar Amit, IAS, Managing Director, The Punjab State Coop. Supply and Marketing Federation Ltd as a Nominee Director in the place of Shri Amandeep Singh Thind.
- Shri S.C. Mudgerikar, Chairman & Managing Director, M/s. Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilisers Ltd as a Nominee Director in the place of Shri Manoj Kumar Jain, Chairman & Managing Director, Madras Fertilisers Limited.
- Shri K.J. Patel, Managing Director, Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative Ltd as a Nominee Director in the place of Dr. U. S. Awasthi.
- Dr. Rajendra Kumar, IAS, Managing Director, M/s. Gujarat State Fertilisers and Chemicals Ltd. as a Nominee Director in the place of Shri Kamal Dayani.
- Ms. Nazhat J Shaikh, Director (Finance), Additional Charge of Chairman & Managing Director, M/s. Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilisers Ltd as a Nominee Director in the place of Shri S.C. Mudgerikar.
- Shri Abhijeet Agarwal, Managing Director, The Madhya Pradesh State Cooperative Marketing Federation Ltd as a Nominee Director in the place of Shri Alok Kumar Singh.

The Board is pleased to place on record the valuable services rendered by Dr. U. S. Awasthi, Shri Amandeep Singh Thind, Shri Manoj Kumar Jain, Shri Kamal Dayani, Shri S. C. Mudgerikar, Shri Alok Kumar Singh during their tenure as Nominee Director of the Company. The Board also extends a warm welcome to the Directors who have been nominated on the Board during the current year under review.

Shri Sudhir Bhargava, Shri Arvind Kumar Kadyan and Ms. Vandana Chanana, Independent Directors have given their declarations that they meet the criteria of Independence as laid down under Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Directors liable to retire by rotation

In accordance with Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Articles of Association of the Company, the following Directors will retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company:

- Shri Dileep Sanghani
- Thiru Siva Muthukkumaraswamy
- Shri Sony Sebastian

All of them are eligible for re-appointment and have offered themselves for re-appointment.

Key Managerial Personnel

The following are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company:

Dr. P S Gahlaut, Managing Director (upto 31st July 2026)

Shri. R Srinivasan, Chief Financial Officer and Dr. Girish Kumar, Company Secretary

Shri Sanjeev Vedprakash Varma, Managing Director (Designate) has been appointed with effect from the date of assumption of charge i.e. 29th April 2026, Subject to ratification / approval of the Members in the next General Meeting.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Regular meetings of the Board are held to discuss and decide on various business policies, strategies etc. The Board met Five (5) times through Physical as well as VC / OAVMs held in accordance with the circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate affairs from time to time.

The Board Meetings held on 10th June 2025, 02nd August 2025, 20th November 2025, 16th December 2025 and 05th March 2026 during the Financial Year 2025 – 26.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the provisions under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Audit Committee met on 26th May 2025, 02nd August 2025 and 23rd February 2026 which was attended by all the members of the Audit Committee.

The terms of reference of Audit Committee is as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board ("NRC") met on 10th June 2026, 16th September 2025, 20th November 2025 and 02nd December 2025 which was attended by all the members of the Committee.

The terms of reference of NRC is as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Company has constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Board which is in compliance with the provisions of the Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder. The Constitution of the Committee is as follows:

S. No	Name of the Director	Details of the Director (DIN)	Designation / Nature of Directorship
1	Shri Sudhir Bhargava	00247515	Chairman
2	Shri Abhijeet Agarwal, IAS	10789644	Member
3	Shri Manish Gupta	01335184	Member

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Company has constituted Two Investment Committees of the Board comprising of the following Directors during the period under report:

1st Investment Committee comprising of the following Board Members:

S. No	Name of the Director	Details of the Director (DIN)	Designation / Nature of Directorship
1	Shri Rakesh Kapur	00007230	Chairman
2	Shri Arvind Kumar Kadyan	09264784	Member
3	Dr. P.S. Gahlaut	00049401	Member

2nd Investment Committee comprising of the following Board Members:

S. No	Name of the Director	Details of the Director (DIN)	Designation / Nature of Directorship
1	Shri Rakesh Kapur	00007230	Chairman
2	Shri Arvind Kumar Kadyan	09264784	Member
3	Shri Manish Gupta	01335184	Member
4	Dr. P.S. Gahlaut	00049401	Member

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with CSR Rules, the CSR Committee of the Board met on 29th April 2025, 20th May 2025 and 14th November 2025 which was attended by all the members of the CSR Committee.

The terms of reference of CSR is as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and rules made thereunder. As a part of its initiative under the "Corporate Social Responsibility" (CSR) drive, the Company has emphasized on the following Six thrust areas for CSR activities in accordance with Schedule VII of the Act and the Company's CSR policy for the Financial Year 2025 – 26.

- a) Promoting Preventive Health Care.
- b) Promoting education
- c) Promoting Skill Development and Livelihoods.
- d) Promoting Sanitation by Providing Public Toilets and Provision of Drinking Water
- e) Promoting Rural Development Activities
- f) Promoting conservation of natural resources and climate action.

Details of CSR activities undertaken during the year are annexed to this Report as **Annexure 1**.

CSR - IMPACT ASSESSMENT

- (i) The impact assessment for the following CSR project for FY 2023-24 is to be undertaken in FY 2025-26:
 - a) Development of Amrit sarovar lake at Alipur village, Jarwal Road, Bahraich, UP.
 - b) IPL Centre for Rural Outreach (ICRO).
 - c) School - Udbhav Shiksha Niketan, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut, U.P. and School - Jarwal Road, District Bahraich, U.P.
 - d) Promotion of innovative Agricultural Technologies through - Drone applications.
 - e) Promotion of Innovative technology for improving livelihood of Sugarcane farmers (Sugarcane harvester).

The Impact Assessment for the year 2023-24 was carried out by CRISIL Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai and Fiinnovation (Innovative Project Management Services Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi), during FY 2025-26.

The Summary of the Impact Assessment Report are as follows:

(a) Development of Amrit Sarovar Lake at Alipur Village, Jarwal Road, Bahraich, UP:

The findings of impact assessment underscore the profound impact of the

IPL Amrit Sarovar initiative on the health, community engagement, environmental sustainability, and local economic development of the surrounding area. The park has successfully established itself as a well-maintained recreational space that promotes physical activity, mental well-being, and biodiversity conservation. A significant majority of respondents reported improvements in their health, with regular users benefiting from the open gym, jogging tracks, and walking pathways. Furthermore, the park has emerged as a vibrant hub for community bonding, with events such as yoga, Zumba, and social gatherings fostering stronger social ties and a sense of community.

From an environmental perspective, the initiative has yielded impressive results, with a notable increase in local biodiversity, including plant species, birds, and insects. The park's greenery and water features have effectively mitigated the urban heat island effect, creating a more comfortable urban microclimate. The water conservation systems, including rain guns and sprinklers, have been largely effective, although some minor improvements in drainage and maintenance are necessary to prevent waterlogging issues.

The park has also had a positive economic impact, generating employment opportunities for vendors, security personnel, and maintenance staff, while also benefiting local businesses by increasing foot traffic. The park's aesthetic appeal and facilities have contributed to a rise in local tourism, further boosting economic activity in the area.

(b) IPL Centre for Rural Outreach (ICRO):

The impact assessment indicates that ICRO programmes have generated positive outcomes across youth development, industrial sustainability, environmental management, and renewable energy. The Amrit Intern Programme significantly

enhanced participants' knowledge and career orientation, with 83.30% reporting high understanding of rural development issues after completion and nearly 98% stating that the programme influenced their career choices. The Energy and Water Efficiency Programme helped MSMEs improve resource management, reduce operational costs, and enhance production efficiency. The Biomedical Waste Management Programme strengthened compliance, safety practices, and waste management systems in healthcare institutions. The Mass Communication Campaign successfully increased awareness and adoption of sustainable agricultural practices among farmers through large-scale outreach. ICRO's Digital Assessment & Industry 4.0 and Emission Inventory initiatives supported industries in improving operational monitoring, data-driven decision-making, carbon accounting, and sustainability planning. The Compressed Biogas (CBG) Initiative demonstrated a successful renewable energy and circular economy model through waste-to-energy conversion and agricultural reuse of by-products. Overall, the programmes have contributed to capacity building, resource efficiency, environmental sustainability, digital transformation, and climate-responsive development, demonstrating ICRO's role as an effective platform for sustainable and inclusive growth.

(c) School - Udbhav Shiksha Niketan, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut, U.P. and School - Jarwal Road, District Bahraich, U.P.:

The assessment findings indicate that the initiative has made a substantive contribution to strengthening foundational educational access and learning conditions across both USN Schools located at Meerut and Bahraich, UP. Improvements in physical infrastructure including classrooms, sanitation facilities, drinking water systems, and transportation support have enhanced the overall schooling experience and

addressed key barriers affecting enrolment and attendance. Students reported high levels of satisfaction with school facilities and teaching practices, while parents expressed increased confidence in the safety and reliability of the institutions. These developments reflect a strengthened school ecosystem that supports both accessibility and stability. The schools are increasingly viewed as dependable and affordable options capable of delivering consistent academic and co-curricular exposure. This shift in perception plays a critical role in sustaining enrolment and fostering long-term community trust.

(d) Promotion of innovative Agricultural Technologies through-Drone applications:

IPL Kisan Drone Service Programme has demonstrated positive outcomes in promoting precision agriculture and improving farm-level operational efficiency. The intervention enabled farmers to access drone-based crop spraying services, resulting in improved timeliness of agricultural operations, optimized input application, and reduced dependence on manual labour. Farmers reported improvements in crop productivity, reduced cultivation costs, and better resource-use efficiency through targeted application of fertilizers and pesticides. The findings indicate that the project played an important role in introducing innovative agricultural technologies and supporting data-driven farming practices.

(e) Promotion of Innovative technology for improving livelihood of Sugarcane farmers (Sugarcane harvester):

The Sugarcane Harvester Mechanization Programme has demonstrated positive outcomes in improving harvesting efficiency, reducing labour dependency, and enhancing livelihood outcomes for participating farmers. The intervention reduced harvesting time from approximately 3 days per acre to 0.5 days per acre, enabling timely harvesting

and improved operational efficiency. Farmers also reported reduced harvesting costs, lower physical drudgery, improved safety during harvesting operations, and increased net income. The findings indicate that the project played a critical role in facilitating access to mechanized harvesting technology, particularly in a context where labour shortages remain a key challenge.

The Company has constituted CSR Committee in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder as follows:

S. No	Name of the Director	Details of the Director (DIN)	Designation / Nature of Directorship
1	Shri Pankaj Kumar Bansal, IAS	05197128	Chairman
2	Shri Arvind Kumar Kadyan	09264784	Member
3	Ms. Vandana Chanana	07238012	Member

A detailed report regarding Corporate Social Responsibility is annexed to and forms part of this report.

AUDITORS

Pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder M/s. MSKA & Associates, Firm's Registration No. 105047W were appointed as the Statutory Auditors for a period of 5 years to hold office from the conclusion of the 67th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 72nd Annual General Meeting of the company.

In response to the auditor's qualifications / observations on the FIR filed by CBI which is a repeat of last year, we would like to state that there has been no progress in the case so far. The status quo, therefore, continues in the matter and for the sake of brevity, details as given in the Directors' Report for the year 2022-23, are not being repeated here.

The Company has a strong internal control mechanism in place for various activities and it would continue to evaluate and strengthen its internal controls further wherever warranted.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and rules made thereunder, the Company has appointed Shri Ssohan R. Baggmar, Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit for the Financial Year 2025 – 26 of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed as **Annexure 2**.

COST AUDITORS

The Board of Directors of the company, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, have re-appointed M/s. R. M. Bansal & Co, Cost Accountants, Lakhanpur, Kanpur, U.P as a Cost Auditor for auditing the Cost accounts in respect of SSP Unit (Muzaffarpur), Sugar products of the Company for the Financial Year 2026-27. Necessary approval in respect of their remuneration will be obtained at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the company.

EXTRACTS OF ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to sub-section 3(a) of Section 134 and sub-section (3) of Section 92 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 the extracts of the Annual Return as at March 31, 2026 is available on the Company website at <https://www.indianpotash.org>. Further a copy of the Annual Return of the Company containing the particulars prescribed under section 92 of the Act, in Form MGT – 7 as on March 31, 2026 is made available on the Company's website at: <https://www.indianpotash.org>.

RISK MANAGEMENT

A standardized Risk Management Process and System is in place across the Company to support our business to manage and effectively mitigate critical risks. The Board is responsible for the overall process of risk management throughout

the organisation. Executive Management ensures there is a common and efficient process in place. Our business units and corporate functions address risks by following the requisite process and system aligned to our objectives. The Business risk is managed through cross-functional involvement and communication across businesses.

BOARD EVALUATION

The annual evaluation process of the Board of Directors, Individual Directors and committees was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Board evaluated its performance after seeking inputs from all the Directors on the basis of criteria such as the Board composition and structure, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning etc. The performance of the Independent Directors including the Committees was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from the Directors or committee members on the basis of criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of the committee meetings etc.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The particulars of employees as required under Rule 5(2) of Chapter XIII, the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time is attached as **Annexure-3** which forms part of this report.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. During the year, the Company had not entered into any contract / arrangement / transaction with related parties which could be considered materially significant which may have potential conflict with interest of the Company at large. Your Directors draw attention of the members to Note No. 25 to the financial statement which sets out related party disclosures.

The related party transactions are duly approved by the Audit Committee and the Board.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns or grievances & to provide adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who may use such mechanism. The Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company at <http://www.indianpotash.org.com>

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ADEQUACY

The Company's internal control systems are commensurate with the nature of its business, the size and complexity of its operations and such internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements are adequate. Also refer to company's response to auditors qualification / observations as aforesaid.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirement of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. During the year under review, no Complaints were received pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The particulars relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo, as required to be disclosed under the Act, are provided in Annexure - 4 to this Report.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS

There are no significant material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the company and its future operations.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

According to the information and explanations obtained, pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors hereby confirm that:

- a) In the preparation of the Standalone and Consolidated Annual Accounts for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2026, the applicable accounting standards had been followed except in so far as relating to amalgamation of a subsidiary company where standards were applied as approved by regulatory authority.
- b) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.
- c) The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- d) The Directors have prepared the annual accounts for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2026 on a going concern basis.
- e) The Directors have laid down Internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively. Also refer to management response as referred above.
- f) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

STATUTORY INFORMATION AND OTHER DISCLOSURES

The Disclosure required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is annexed as Annexure '5' and forms an integral part of this Report. A statement comprising the names of top 10 employees in terms of remuneration drawn and every persons employed throughout the year, who were in receipt of remuneration in terms of Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed as Annexure - 5 and forms an integral part of this annual report. The above Annexure is not being sent along with this annual report to the members of the Company in line with the provisions of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013. Members who are interested in obtaining these particulars may write to the Chief Financial officer at the Registered Office of the Company. The aforesaid Annexure is also available for inspection by Members at the Registered Office of the Company, 21 days before and up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting during the business hours on working days. None of the employees listed in the said Annexure is a relative of any Director of the Company. None of the employees hold (by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children) more than two percent of the Equity Shares of the Company.

DISCLOSURE UNDER IBC

The details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year.

NIL

DETAILS OF CRYPTO CURRENCY OR VIRTUAL CURRENCY

NIL

LOAN RESTRUCTURING UNDER ONE TIME SETTLEMENT

The details of difference between amount of the value done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the banks or financial Institution along with the reason thereof.

NIL

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The company is grateful to the Ministry of Chemicals & Fertilizers, Ministry of Agriculture,

Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue and other Departments of the Central Government, Department of Agriculture of various State Governments and the consortium of Banks for their guidance, co-operation and support.

The Directors acknowledge with gratitude the support of the company's distributors, Institutional customers, Overseas and indigenous suppliers. The Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation of the dedicated and sincere services of the employees of the Company at all levels.

On behalf of the Board

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
Chairman
DIN: 05197128

Date : 23rd July 2026



FORM AOC 1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/

joint ventures as per Companies Act, 2013

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Sl. No	Name of Subsidiary / Limited Liability Partnership	Reporting Currency	Exchange Rate	Accounting period	Share Capital	Reserves & Surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments	Turnover	Loss	Provision for taxation	Loss	Proposed Dividend	% of Holding	Country
1	IPL SUGARS AND BIO FUELS LTD	INR	-	2025 - 26	100.00	(3290.95)	2,500.71	2,500.71	-	-	(431.87)	-	(431.87)	-	100%	INDIA

ANNEXURE - 1
**ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE BOARD'S REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2025 – 26**
1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

- a) Promoting Preventive Health Care.
- b) Promoting education
- c) Promoting Skill Development and Livelihoods.
- d) Promoting Sanitation by Providing Public Toilets and Provision of Drinking Water
- e) Promoting Rural Development Activities
- f) Promoting conservation of natural resources and climate action.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Sl. No	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Shri Pankaj Kumar Bansal	Chairman	3	3
2	Shri Arvind Kumar Kadayan	Member	3	3
3	Ms. Vandana Chanana	Member	3	3

3. Web-link(s) where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company:

The Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects details are available on the Company's website on: <https://www.indianpotash.org>

4. Executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable.

Executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects are available on the Company's website on: <https://www.indianpotash.org>

5.

- a. Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135. -Rs. 1,186,26,14,667/-
- b. Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135. – Rs. 23,72,52,293/-
- c. Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years – Rs. 84,79,011/-
- d. Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any. – Rs. 2,10,19,880/- [Amount required to be set off is for the F.Y. 2024 – 25].
- e. Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]. – Rs. 22,47,11,424/-

6

- a. Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project) – Rs. 14,10,89,751/-
- b. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads. Rs. 69,69,651 /-
- c. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable. NIL [Amount spent on Impact Assessment of Rs. 16,93,149/- for the FY 2023-24 and Rs. 26,63,310/- for the F. Y. 2024-25]
- d. Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]. Rs. 14,80,59,402/-
- e. CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per subsection (6) of section 135.		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135.		
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
14,80,59,402	12,11,00,000	27.04.2026	NIL		

(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

SL. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	23,72,52,293
	CSR obligation for the Financial Year	22,47,11,424*
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year [Total amount spent / unspent]	26,12,40,148
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	4,50,07,735**
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	84,79,011
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	3,65,28,724

* Note: The amount excludes the excess Amount Carried Forward for the F.Y. 2024-25.

**Note: Excess Amount spent for the Financial Year before adjustment of surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years.

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years:

1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8
S. No.	Preceding Financial Year(s)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub-section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount Spent in the Financial Year (in Rs)	Amount transferred to a Fund as specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135, if any		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding Financial Years (in Rs)	Deficiency, if any
					Amount (in Rs)	Date of Transfer		
1	2025-26	12,11,00,000	12,11,00,000	14,80,59,402	-	-	12,11,00,000	-
2	2024-25	11,72,74,000	11,72,74,000	4,66,97,886	-	-	7,05,76,114	-
3	2023 - 24	6,63,11,000	2,67,82,553	86,16,420	-	-	1,81,66,133	-
4	2022 - 23	10,46,75,000	1,28,80,892	16,02,916	1,12,78,000	27.04.2026	-	-

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: Yes

☒ Yes

☐ No

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired

17

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

Sl. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pincode of the property or asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR amount spent	Details of Entity/ Authority/ Beneficiary of the registered owner		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
					CSR Registration Number, if applicable	Name	Registered address
1	Computer System (20 nos.) at Udbhav Shiksha Niketan, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut	250223	01.08.2025	946,600	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
2	Computer System (01 no.) at Potash Bhawan, 10-B, Rajendra Park, Pusa Road, New Delhi	110060	28.10.2025	75,458	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
3	HP LaserJet all in One (01 no.) at Potash Bhawan, 10-B, Rajendra Park, Pusa Road, New Delhi	110060	08.09.2025	56,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
4	Computer System (20 no.) at Udbhav Shiksha Niketan, Jarwal School	271901	10.09.2025	10,93,502	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
5	HP Laptop (01 no.) at Potash Bhawan, 10-B, Rajendra Park, Pusa Road, New Delhi	110060	17.07.2025	61,864.40	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
6	Two AC & Stabilizers at Jarwal Road, Bahraich, UP	271901	15.06.2025	74,150	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
7	Two Sugar Cane Harvesters SSCH3737 TEJASULTRA (Indian Potash Limited, Valsad No-48 Parnera Pardi Po Valsad)	396007	09.07.2025	1,56,00,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
8	Two Sugar Cane Harvesters SSCH3737 TEJASULTRA (Sugar Factory/ Ipl Kodinar Sugar & Distillery Unit)	362725	23.12.2025	1,56,00,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223

9	Two Sugar Cane Harvester SSCH3737 TEJASULTRA (IPLSISWA BAZAR SUGAR UNIT - SISWA BAZAR)	273153	29.01.2026	78,00,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
10	Four Infielders (INDIAN POTASH LIMITED, VALSAD NO-48 PARNERA PARDI Po VALSAD)	396007	09.07.2025	33,80,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
11	Four INFIELDER (SUGAR FACTORY/ IPL KODI- NAR SUGAR & DISTILLERY UNIT)	362725	23.12.2025	33,80,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
12	Two INFIELDER (IPLSISWA BAZAR SUGAR UNIT - SISWA BAZAR)	273153	29.01.2026	16,90,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
13	School Building (Udbhav Shiksha Niketan, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut)	250223	01.12.2025	36,62,992.	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
14	Four Tractor Farmtrac – 6055 (INDIAN POTASH LIMITED, VALSAD, NO-48 PARNERA PARDI Po VALSAD)	396007	09.07.2025	30,00,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
15	Four Tractor Farmtrac – 6055 (SUGAR FACTORY/ IPL KODINAR SUGAR & DISTILLERY UNIT)	362725	23.12.2025	30,00,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
16	Two Tractor Farmtrac – 6055 (IPLSISWA BAZAR SUGAR UNIT - SISWA BAZAR)	273153	29.01.2026	15,00,000	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223
17	One Honda City - ZX CVT R (Pearl White) (Potash Bhawan, 10-B, Rajendra Park, Pusa Road, New Delhi)	110060	16.02.2026	18,77,010	CSR00031006	IPL Foundation	IPL Foundation, Sakhoti Tanda, Meerut- 250223

(All the fields should be captured as appearing in the revenue record, flat no, house no, Municipal Office/ Municipal Corporation/ Gram panchayat are to be specified and also the area of the immovable property as well as boundaries)

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per subsection (5) of section 135: Not Applicable.

Dr. P. S. Gahlaut
Managing Director
DIN: 00049401

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
Chairman - CSR Committee
DIN: 05197128

Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013
and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial
Personnel) Rules, 2014]
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED: 31.03.2026

To
The Members,
Indian Potash Limited
1st Floor, Seethakathi Business Centre
684-690, Anna Salai
Chennai – 600 006.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Indian Potash Limited (CIN: U14219TN1955PLC000961) (hereinafter called the “Company”). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company’s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 (the audit period) generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company during the audit period according to the provisions of:

1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (‘SCRA’) and the rules made thereunder;
3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
4. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

Other laws specifically applicable to the Company:

- i. The Factories Act, 1948
- ii. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936
- iii. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- iv. The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
- v. Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
- vi. The Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
- vii. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
- viii. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
- ix. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (PD & R) Act, 2013
- x. Employees Compensation Act 1923 and rules thereunder

- xi. Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1974 and rules there under
- xii. Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1981 and rules there under
- xiii. Environment Protection Act 1986 and rules made thereunder
- xiv. Other Central and State Acts, rules, guidelines and regulations to the extent applicable to the Company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following: -

1. The Secretarial Standards with regard to Meeting of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
2. During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc. mentioned above, except to the extent as mentioned below:-
 - The composition of the Board of Directors was in compliance with the provisions of the Act and rules made thereunder.
 - The composition of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stake holders committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee is reconstituted in compliance with the requirements of the Act and rules made thereunder.

Based on the information received and records maintained, I further report that: -

- The composition of the Board of Directors was in compliance with the provisions of the Act and rules. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- I have not examined compliance by the Company with the applicable financial laws like direct and indirect tax laws, since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.
- Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance (and at a Shorter Notice for which necessary approvals obtained), and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- As per the minutes of the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings, the decisions of the Board and Committee as the case may be were carried out with requisite majority. I understand that there were no dissenting views for being captured in the minutes.

I further report that based on the compliance mechanism established by the Company, I am of the opinion that there are systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines, however; there is scope for further improvement.

I further report that during the audit period no specific major events have happened which are deemed to have major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

For **Ssohan R Baggmar**

Practising Company Secretary
ACS:20671; CP: 8219

Peer Review Certificate No. 3609/2023
UDIN: A020671H000925817

Date : 23rd July 2026
Place : Chennai

ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

To

The Members
Indian Potash Limited
1st Floor, Seethakathi Business Centre
684-690, Anna Salai
Chennai – 600 006.

Dear Members,

Sub: - My Report of even no. dated 23/07/2026 for the Financial Year 2025-2026 is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, I have obtained the management representation about the compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance with the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards are the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **Ssohan R Baggmar**

Practising Company Secretary
ACS:20671; CP: 8219

Peer Review Certificate No. 3609/2023
UDIN: A020671H000925817

Date : 23rd July 2026

Place : Chennai

ANNEXURE 3

Name of Employee	Designation of Employee	Remuneration received Rs.	Nature of Employment	Qualification & Experience of Employee	Date of Commencement of Employment	Age	Last Employment held
Dr. P.S. Gahlaut	Managing Director	1,76,51,636	Managing Director	Hons in B.Sc(Cheistry) Post Graduate Diploma in Marketing Management, FMS, University Delhi Phd in Business Management from Inter American University, Florida 53 Years	1 st May, 1985	78 Years	M/s.Bharat Alums & Chemicals Ltd.

ANNEXURE 4 - TO THE DIRECTORS REPORT

Particulars of Conservation of Energy Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo required under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

A) Technology Absorption, Adaptation and Innovation

1. Cane Harvester Implementation:

Introduced cane harvesters for cane cutting from farmers' fields to reduce the cut-to-crush period, ensuring fresher cane for crushing at the sugar mill.

2. Installation of Higher SSC TG Set:

Implemented a 10 MW TG set to generate higher power using the same amount of steam, improving power generation efficiency.

3. VFD Installation:

Installed Variable Frequency Drives (VFDs) on boiler feed pumps, ID, and FD fans (2 nos. 45 KW, 2 nos. 200 KW, 1 no. 300 KW) and injection pumps to optimize energy consumption with automation.

4. Replacement of Conventional Gears:

Replaced conventional reduction gears with two planetary gears on the vertical crystallizer, enhancing energy efficiency.

5. DC Motor Replacement:

Replaced a 450 KW DC motor with a 750 KW motor at Mill No. 1 to handle kick loads, sustaining crushing capacity without increasing energy consumption.

6. Vacuum Pan Replacement:

Replaced two vacuum pans for C and B Masseuite applications with new pans equipped with mechanical circulators, VFDs, and automation, reducing boiling time, electric power, and water consumption for condensing.

7. Capacity Augmentation:

Expanded crushing capacity from 1600 TCD to 2500 TCD under the capacity augmentation plan.

8. Steam Economy System:

Installed a steam economy system, reducing process steam consumption from 52% to 42%.

9. Knives and Hammers Addition:

Added more knives and hammers to improve Preparation Index (PI) and bulk density, reducing Pol % in bagasse by 0.01%.

10. Predictive Maintenance:

Due to effective Maintenance in off season and Condition based Monitoring and Predictive Maintenance, Sugar Units are able to reduce Downtime by 2.0%

11. Frequency of MEE Cleaning reduced

With correction in sizing of MEE unit sizing, frequency of MEE cleaning reduced which helped us to improve the Ethanol generation capacity

B) Conservation of Energy

1. Process Steam Reduction:

Post-installation of the thermal energy conservation system, process steam consumption reduced from 55% to 35-38%, achieving an additional 5-7% fuel saving.

2. Lighting Upgrade from Conventional to LED:

Replaced conventional HPSV, HPMV, and FTL lamps with energy-efficient LED lamps, reducing power consumption in plant and colony lighting.

3. VFD Energy Savings:

VFD installations on various applications resulted in reduced power consumption

4. Vacuum Pan Efficiency:

New vacuum pans with mechanical circulators and VFDs led to electric power savings and reduced water consumption for condensing.

5. Planetary Drive Installation:

Planned installation of planetary drives at two 375 KW motors in mills to significantly reduce electrical energy consumption.

6. Steam Consumption Reduction:

Steam economy system installation led to a 5%-6% additional fuel saving.

7. Electrical Energy Savings:

VFDs, planetary gear boxes, and capacitor banks reduced power consumption from 46-48 units per ton of cane to 33-35 units per ton of cane.

8. Bagasse Efficiency:

Improved PI and bulk density contributed to a 0.01% reduction in Pol % bagasse, indirectly supporting energy efficiency in fuel usage. Bagasse saving improved too.

C) Utilization of alternative source of Energy

In our Dairy Unit we have installed TWO 'on Grid' Solar Power Plant with a cumulative capacity of 120 KW to generate the electricity and same is used in production.

D) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

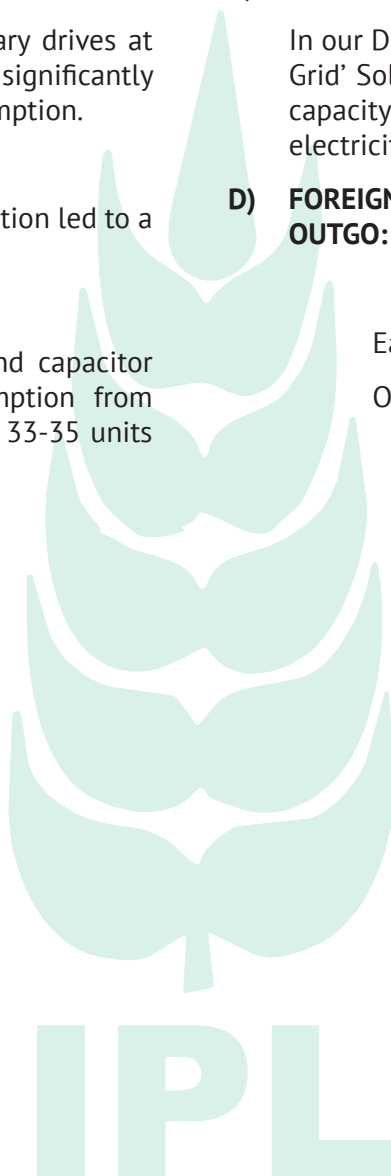
Earnings : Rs. 2,864.66 Crores

Outgo : Rs. 41,256.55 Crores

Date : 23rd July 2026

On behalf of the Board

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
Chairman
DIN: 05197128



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Indian Potash Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, and the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and its profit/loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As more fully explained in Note 24(c) to the Standalone Financial statements, there is an ongoing investigation conducted by the Central Bureau of Investigation ("CBI") against the Company's Managing Director, one of its erstwhile director (retired on August 2025) and their relatives, who were mentioned in the CBI First Information Report (the "FIR"), wherein the CBI alleged that the Company had imported fertilizers at inflated prices, claimed higher subsidies from Government of India and made

payment of commission by overseas supplier through complex transactions to the persons mentioned in the CBI FIR, resulting in the diversion and siphoning of funds abroad during the period 2007-2014, during which period the accounts were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants.

Further, during May 2021, a writ petition had been filed before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi ("the High Court") for quashing and setting aside the FIR on grounds of lack of jurisdictional powers of the authorities and the High Court, vide its order dated May 31, 2021, had directed in this respect that no coercive steps shall be taken against the Company and the above-named persons. The matter is pending on account of the ongoing investigation by the CBI, while writ petition is still pending in the High Court. Pending completion of investigation by the CBI, the Board of Directors of the Company has not carried out any independent investigation and hence, any alleged non-compliances with the laws and regulations including under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (now replaced by the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023) and the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988, if any, that may arise on completion of such investigation and the consequential impact of the same on the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026 is not ascertainable at this stage.

This matter was also qualified in the previous year's audit report on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial

statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes

maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description

of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and except for the possible effect of the matter(s) described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid standalone financial statements.
 - (b) Except for the possible effects of the matter(s) described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid standalone financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the standalone financial statements.
 - (d) Except for the matter(s) described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) The matter described in Basis of Qualified Opinion section of our report, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
 - (f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (g) The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in Basis for Qualified Opinion section, paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
 - (h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure C".
 - (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. Except for the possible effects of the matter(s) described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, the Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements – Refer Note 24 to the standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2026.
 - (iv)
 - a. The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 30(g) to

the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- b. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 30(g) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- c. Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-

clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.

- (v) The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. (Refer Note 35 to the Standalone financial statements).

- (vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used certain accounting software(s) for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and no audit trail feature was enabled at the database level in respect of accounting software(s) to log any direct data changes.

Further, where enabled, audit trail feature has been operated for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software(s). Also, during the course of the audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of such accounting software. Additionally, the audit trail of prior year(s) has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention to the extent it was enabled and recorded in previous years.

3. Except for the possible effects of the matter described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid or provided by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.

For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
Partner

Membership No. 029409
UDIN : 26029409JXFMXO4644

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July 2026

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIAN POTASH LIMITED**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Director's use

of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409

UDIN : 26029409JFXMXO4644

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July 2026

ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIAN POTASH LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

- i. (a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, investment property and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
- B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) All the Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment property and right of use assets were physically verified by the management in the previous year in accordance with a planned programme of verifying them once in three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Material discrepancies noticed on such verification were properly dealt with in the books of accounts in the respective year(s).
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company, except for the below.

Sr. No.	Description of Property	Gross carrying value	Held in name of	Whether promoter director or their relative or employee	Period held – Indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of Company (also indicate if in dispute)
1	Industrial factory Building located at Kundli, Sonipat (Haryana)	0.89	Goldline Milkfood and Allied Industries Limited	No	From September 30, 2020 till date	Pursuant to the merger of Goldline Milkfood and Allied Industries Limited (including step down subsidiary Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited) with the Company, the title deeds of these immovable properties are still held in the name of erstwhile entities and are yet to be registered in the Pursuant to the merger of Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited with the Company, the lease agreements are in the name of the erstwhile entity and yet to be executed in favour of the Company
2	Freehold Land of 1 Acre located at Kundli, Sonipet (Haryana)	0.92	Goldline Milkfood and Allied Industries Limited	No	From September 30, 2020 till date	

Sr. No.	Description of Property	Gross carrying value	Held in name of	Whether promoter director or their relative or employee	Period held – Indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of Company (also indicate if in dispute)
3	Industrial Factory Building located at Muzzafarpur , Bihar	5.47	Members of Motipur Sugar Factory / Bihar Sugar State Corporation Limited	No	From September 30, 2020 till date	Pursuant to the merger of Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited with the Company, the lease agreements are in the name of the erstwhile entity and yet to be executed in favour of the Company
4	Leasehold land measuring 266 acres located Motipur, Bihar	56.20	Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited	No	From FY 2011-12 till date	
5	Leasehold land located at Muzzafarpur , Bihar	0.02	Sri Krishna Fertilisers Limited	No	From September 2020 till date	

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988, as amended and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

ii.

- (a) The inventory (excluding stocks with third parties and stocks-in-transit) has been physically verified by the management during the year. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them and in respect of goods in transit, the goods have been received subsequent to the year end. No discrepancies were noticed/ discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were not noticed/ discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed in respect of such confirmations. In our opinion, the frequency, coverage and procedure of such verification is reasonable and appropriate, having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
- (b) During any point of time of the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from Banks and financial institutions, on the basis of security

of current assets. Based on the records examined by us in the normal course of audit of the standalone financial statements, quarterly returns / statements filed with such Banks/ financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company. Refer note 30 (b) to the standalone financial statements.

iii.

(a) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee, and/or provided security(ies) to other entities

(A) The details of such loans, advances, guarantee or security(ies) to subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates are as follows:

Particulars	Loans (Rs. In Crores)
Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year	
- Subsidiaries	4.30
Balance Outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above case	
- Subsidiaries	56.47

Also refer notes 4(a),4(e) and 25 to the standalone financial statement

AND

(B) The details of such loans, advances, guarantee or security(ies) to parties other than Subsidiaries, Joint ventures and Associates are as follows:

Particulars	Advances in the nature of loans (Rs. In Crores)
Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year	
- Others	20.03
Balance Outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases	
- Others	16.66

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the investments made, guarantees provided, securities given and terms and conditions in relation to grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, investments made, guarantees provided and securities given are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we are unable to comment on the regularity of repayment of principal and payment of interest in the absence of stipulation of repayment terms in respect of the loans granted to the Company's subsidiary amounting to Rs. 56.47 Crores as at March 31, 2026. In the case of interest free unsecured loans given to other parties (Employees and others), in our opinion the repayment of principal has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the absence of stipulation of repayment terms on the loans granted to the Company's subsidiary, we are unable to comment on the overdue for more than ninety days.

- (e) According to the information and explanations provided to us, except for the loan given to wholly owned subsidiary, the loans or advances in the nature of loan granted has not fallen due during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (f) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has granted loans/ advances in the nature of loans without specifying any terms or period of repayment. The details of the same are as follows:

Particulars	Related Parties (Rs. in Crores)
Aggregate amount of loans/ advances in nature of loans	
- Repayable on demand (A)	Nil
- Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)	56.47
Total (A+B)	56.47
Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total Loans	100%

- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 (or mention 'the Act' if already defined), in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security made.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor any amounts which are deemed to be deposits, within the meaning of the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 (or mention 'the Act' if already defined) and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 (or mention 'the Act' if already defined) in respect of its products/ services. We have broadly reviewed the same, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii.
- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, in our opinion, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and other statutory dues have been regularly deposited by the Company with appropriate authorities in all cases during the year. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2026, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, dues relating to goods and services tax, provident fund etc which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2026, on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Demanded (Rs. In crores)	Amount Paid under protest (Rs. In crores)	Period to which the amount relate	Forum where dispute is pending
Customs Act, 1962	Customs Duty	29.44	-	2001-06	CESTAT, Ahmedabad
Customs Act, 1962	Customs Duty	15.68	-	2001-06 & 2013-14	CESTAT, Chennai
Customs Act, 1962	Customs Duty	0.28	0.02	2006-09	Commissioners of Customs (Appeals)- Mumbai
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	0.77	-	2013-14	Income Tax Appellate Tribunal, Chennai
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	0.07	-	2013-14	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals), Chennai
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	5.45	-	2017-18	Commissioner (Appeals), New Delhi
Central Excise Act, 1944	Cenvat Credit	0.01	-	2008-09, 2011-12, 2014-15	Commissioner (Appeals), Meerut
Central Excise Act, 1944	Cenvet Credit	0.02	-	2011-12	CESTAT, Allahabad
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	0.02	-	2010-11, 2013-14	CESTAT, Allahabad
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	0.08	-	2002-03	CESTAT, New Delhi
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	0.15	-	2010-11, 2013-14	Commissioner (Appeals), Allahabad
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise Duty	0.02	-	2017-18	Superintendent, Central Excise, Gorakhpur
The Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	0.02	-	2009	Commissioner (Appeals), Meerut
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 1948	Trade Tax (Entry Tax)	0.01	-	2013-14	Additional Commissioner (Appeals), Gorakhpur
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 1948	Trade Tax (Entry Tax)	0.18	0.10	2008-09	Additional Commissioner (Appeals), Meerut
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 1948	Trade Tax (Entry Tax)	0.35	0.03	2005-06	Deputy Commissioner, Commercial Tax, Muzzaffarnagar

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Demanded Rs. In crores	Amount Paid under protest Rs.in crores	Period to which the amount relate	Forum where dispute is pending
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 1948	Trade Tax (Entry Tax)	0.14	-	1993-94, 2001-02, 2005-06, 2006-07	Trade Tax Tribunal, Meerut
Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003	Value Added Tax	65.97		2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2011-12	Honourable Supreme Court of India
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	Value Added Tax	0.20	0.01	2011-12	Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	Value Added Tax	0.02	0.00#	2013-14	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai
Orissa Value Added Tax Act, 2004	Value Added Tax	0.28	0.18	2013-14, 2015-16, 2016-17	Honourable High Court of Orissa
Tripura Value Added Tax Act, 2004	Value Added Tax	0.16	-	2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18	Assistant Commissioner of Sales Tax, Tripura
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 2008	Values Added Tax	1.07	-	2010-11	Additional Commissioner (Appeals), Uttar Pradesh
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	Central Sales Tax	0.02	0.00#	2008-09	Hon'ble Member, Comm. Tax Tribunal, Bench-II, Meerut
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 1948	Trade Tax (Entry Tax)	0.02	0.00#	2008-09	Hon'ble Member, Comm. Tax Tribunal, Bench-II, Meerut
The Finance Tax Act, 1994	Service Tax	4.46	-	2015-2018	Honourable Supreme Court of India
Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods and Services Tax (GST)	113.00	-	2017-2019	Joint Commissioner of CGST (Appeals), Ahmedabad.
Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods and Services Tax (GST)	30.66	-	2018-2021	Honourable High Court of Karnataka

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Demanded Rs. In crores	Amount Paid under protest Rs.in crores	Period to which the amount relate	Forum where dispute is pending
The Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952	Provident Fund	0.19	-	1991	Honourable High Court of Allahabad
CGST Act 2017	GST	0.00#	0.00#	2017-18	Dy. Commissioner of State Tax
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty	0.01	0.01	2013-2014	Commissioner Appeals, Meerut
Finance Act, 1994	Service tax	0.01	0.01	2015-16 to 2017-18(upto June-2017)	CGST Appeal Meerut
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 1948	Trade Tax (Entry Tax)	0.00#	0.00#	2002 - 2003	Trade Tax Tribunal, Meerut

* Excluding Interest payable

Amounts are less than lakhs

There are no dues relating to employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transaction which are not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Income-tax Assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, the requirement to report as stated under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ix.

- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, money raised by way of term loans during the year have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised. Refer Note 9(a)(i) to the standalone financial statements.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been utilised for long- term purposes by the Company.

- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from an any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates, or joint ventures.
 - f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Accordingly, the requirement to report under Clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- x.
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting requirement under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partly, or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, the requirements to report under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi.
- (a) Based on our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no material fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit, except for the matter referred to in Note 24(c) to the standalone financial statements and under the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph in the main audit report regarding the ongoing investigation initiated by CBI on which we are unable to comment, pending outcome of the investigation..
 - (b) During the year, no report under Section 143(12) of the Act, has been filed in Form ADT- 4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government. Also, refer Note 24(c) to the standalone financial statements and Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph in the main audit report regarding the on-going investigation.
 - (c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year..
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 (or mention 'the Act' if already defined), where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv.

- (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of our audit report, for the period under audit.

xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvi.

- (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) and accordingly, the requirements to report under clause 3(xvi) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year and accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any Core Investment Company (as part of its group. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvii. Based on the overall review of standalone financial statements, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (as disclosed in note XX to the standalone financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx

- (a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a Fund as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 (or mention 'the Act' if already defined) as disclosed in note XX to the standalone financial statements.
 - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, the Company has transferred unspent amount to a special account within a period of thirty days from the end of the financial year in compliance with Section 135(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 (or mention 'the Act' if already defined) as explained in Note XX to the standalone financial statements.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said Clause has been included in the report.

For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
Partner
Membership No. 029409
UDIN : 26029409JXFMXO4644

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July 2026



ANNEXURE C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 2(h) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the Members of Indian Potash Limited on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Indian Potash Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI').

Management's and Board of Director's Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that

were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the

assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally

accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)**

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409

UDIN : 26029409JXFMXO4644

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July 2026

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Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2026 **INDIAN POTASH LIMITED**

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961



Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2 (a)	1,859.11	1,541.86
Capital work-in-progress	2(b)	22.87	82.65
Right-of-use assets	2(c)	497.38	523.85
Investment Property	2(d)	13.58	14.01
Intangible Assets	3	1.21	0.59
Financial assets			
i. Investments	4(a)(i)	2,039.02	1,864.03
ii. Loans	4(e)	23.63	23.63
iii. Other financial assets	4(f)	5.93	94.68
Deferred tax assets (net)	5	96.67	111.18
Other non-current assets	6	1,634.84	1,634.90
Total non-current assets		6,194.24	5,891.38
Current assets			
Inventories	7	3,841.79	4,689.84
Financial assets			
i. Investments	4(a)(ii)	1,000.55	794.99
ii. Trade receivables	4(b)	8,246.11	4,507.11
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	4(c)	2,643.69	367.15
iv. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4(d)	4.92	53.88
v. Loans	4(e)	16.66	16.19
vi. Other financial assets	4(f)	196.16	175.62
Other current assets	6	1,361.51	632.41
Total current assets		17,311.39	11,237.19
TOTAL ASSETS		23,505.63	17,128.57
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	8(a)	28.60	28.60
Other equity	8(b)	8,981.86	7,486.25
Total equity		9,010.46	7,514.85
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
i. Borrowings	9(a)(i)	217.09	71.80
ii. Lease liabilities	2(c)	7.05	12.96
iii. Other financial liabilities	9(c)	143.80	128.45
Provisions	10	3.04	1.86
Other Non - Current liabilities	12	5.10	5.66
Total non-current liabilities		376.08	220.73
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
i. Borrowings	9(a)(ii)	10,173.71	5,191.99
ii. Lease liabilities	2(c)	6.11	6.34
iii. Trade payables	9(b)		
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		14.46	4.71
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		3,211.82	3,742.41
iv. Other financial liabilities	9(c)	173.71	190.26
Provisions	10	30.56	22.02
Income tax liabilities (net)	11	400.03	178.07
Other current liabilities	12	108.69	57.19
Total current liabilities		14,119.09	9,392.99
Total liabilities		14,495.17	9,613.72
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		23,505.63	17,128.57
Material Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409

Place : Chennai

Date : 23rd July 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Indian Potash Limited

Pankaj Kumar Bansal

Chairman

DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan

Director

DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar

Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi

Date : 23rd July 2026

P.S. Gahlaut

Managing Director

DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava

Director

DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan

Chief Financial Officer



INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

Particulars	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Income			
Revenue from operations	13	32,534.83	20,688.91
Other income	14	1,800.60	1,267.03
Total income		34,335.43	21,955.94
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	15	1,871.51	1,414.24
Purchases of stock-in-trade		25,245.77	16,855.11
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods	16	874.74	(851.06)
Employee benefits expense	17	146.38	131.48
Finance costs	18	1,176.52	499.42
Depreciation and amortisation expense	19	126.19	68.37
Other expenses	20	2,848.38	2,062.00
Total expenses		32,289.49	20,179.56
Profit before tax		2,045.94	1,776.38
Income tax expense			
Current tax	21	496.09	420.44
Deferred tax charge	5	14.94	24.79
Total tax expense		511.03	445.23
Profit for the year		1,534.91	1,331.15
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss :			
Gain / (Loss) on Debt instruments through other comprehensive income	8(b)	(0.62)	(0.20)
Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	5	(5.26)	0.79
		(5.88)	0.59
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Gain/ (loss) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income(FVTOCI)	8(b)	15.58	17.52
Remeasurement gain/(loss) of post-employment benefit obligations	8(b)	4.91	4.49
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	5	5.68	(5.24)
		26.17	16.77
Total other comprehensive Income, net of tax		20.29	17.36
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		1,555.20	1,348.51
Earnings per equity share of Rs. 10 each	22		
Basic (in Rs.)		536.73	465.48
Diluted (in Rs.)		536.73	465.48
Material Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For M S K A & Associates LLP
 (Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
 Partner
 Membership No. 029409

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Indian Potash Limited

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
 Chairman
 DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan
 Director
 DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar
 Company Secretary

P.S. Gahlaut
 Managing Director
 DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava
 Director
 DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan
 Chief Financial Officer

Place : Chennai
 Date : 23rd July 2026

Place: New Delhi
 Date : 23rd July 2026



INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

a. Equity share capital

Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2026	
		No of Shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2024		2,85,97,200	28.60
Changes in equity share capital during 2024-25	8(a)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025		2,85,97,200	28.60
Changes in equity share capital during 2025-26	8(a)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2026		2,85,97,200	28.60

b. Other Equity

Particulars	Other Equity						Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company
	Reserves & surplus (Refer note 8(b))				Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) (Refer note 8(b))		
	Capital reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings	Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	Debt instrument through other comprehensive income	Equity instrument through other comprehensive income	
Opening balance as at 1 April 2024	98.14	415.57	5,573.01	1.89	49.03	17.37	6,155.01
Profit for the year	-	-	1,331.15	-	-	-	1,331.15
Other comprehensive income /(Loss) (net of tax)	-	-	3.36	-	0.59	13.41	17.36
Total comprehensive income /(Loss) for the year	-	-	1,334.51	-	0.59	13.41	1,348.51
Acquistion of Navsari unit (Refer Note 33)	4.18	-	-	-	-	-	4.18
Transfer to Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund (Refer Note 8(b))	-	-	(0.26)	0.26	-	-	-
Final dividend	-	-	(21.45)	-	-	-	(21.45)
Closing balance as at 31 March 2025	102.32	415.57	6,885.81	2.15	49.62	30.78	7,486.25
Opening balance as at 1 April 2025	102.32	415.57	6,885.81	2.15	49.62	30.78	7,486.25
Profit for the year	-	-	1,534.91	-	-	-	1,534.91
Other comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	3.67	-	(5.88)	22.50	20.29
Total comprehensive income/(Loss) for the year	-	-	1,538.58	-	(5.88)	22.50	1,555.20
Remeasurement on acquisition of Navsari Unit (Refer Note 33)	(2.40)	-	-	-	-	-	(2.40)
Transfer to Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund (Refer Note 8(b))	-	-	0.15	(0.15)	-	-	-
Final dividend	-	-	(57.19)	-	-	-	(57.19)
Closing balance as at 31 March 2026	99.92	415.57	8,367.35	2.00	43.74	53.28	8,981.86

Material Accounting Policies - Refer Note 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Indian Potash Limited**

Pankaj Kumar Bansal

Chairman

DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan

Director

DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar

Company Secretary

P.S. Gahlaut

Managing Director

DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava

Director

DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan

Chief Financial Officer

Place : Chennai

Date : 23rd July 2026

Place: New Delhi

Date : 23rd July 2026

Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	2,045.94	1,776.38
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	126.19	68.37
Finance costs	1,176.52	499.42
Unrealised difference on translation of assets and liabilities	477.17	9.72
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans and advances, (Written back) / made	5.04	(17.18)
Dividend from Investments	(1,313.33)	(1,040.18)
Interest Income on financial assets	(100.24)	(77.20)
Profit on sale of investments, net	(342.99)	(96.68)
(Profit)/Loss on disposal of PPE, net	3.74	(0.29)
Operating profit before working capital changes	2,078.04	1,122.36
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase in trade receivables	(3,684.41)	(802.53)
Decrease / (Increase) in other financial assets	65.61	(100.87)
Decrease / (Increase) in other non-current assets	0.06	(1,634.75)
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets	(729.10)	1,417.07
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories	848.05	(898.05)
(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables	(602.18)	1,709.46
Decrease in other financial liabilities	(1.20)	(30.80)
Increase in Provisions	14.63	3.56
Increase in Other Liabilities	50.94	2.11
Cash generated from/ (used) in operations	(1,959.56)	787.56
Less: Income taxes paid	(274.13)	(284.14)
Net cash generated from / (used) in operating activities	(2,233.69)	503.42
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Payments for property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, ROU and capital work in progress	(363.56)	(656.04)
Acquisition of Business unit (Refer note 33)	-	(19.50)
Sale proceeds of property, plant and equipment	2.44	1.21
Net Increase in non current investments	(160.03)	(536.17)
Sale of Investment in Associate	274.40	-
Investment in Mutual Funds sold (net of Purchases)	(127.48)	(696.28)
Net increase in bank deposits	48.96	(50.64)
Dividend received from Investments	1,313.33	1,040.18
Interest received on financial assets	102.84	53.32
Loans to wholly owned subsidiary	(4.77)	(16.94)
Net cash Generated from / (used) in investing activities	1,086.13	(880.86)

Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Cash flow from financing activities		
Repayment from long term borrowings	(75.06)	(86.44)
Proceeds from long term borrowings	228.75	23.60
Proceeds from short term borrowings	4,512.47	741.04
Principal paid on lease payments	(8.35)	(25.84)
Dividend paid on equity shares	(57.19)	(21.45)
Finance costs paid	(1,176.52)	(499.42)
Net cash generated from financing activities	3,424.10	131.49
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,276.54	(245.95)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	367.15	610.37
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(0.00)	2.73
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,643.69	367.15
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per statement of cash flows:		
Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 4c)	2,643.69	367.15
Balances as per statement of cash flows	2,643.69	367.15

Material Accounting Policies - Refer Note 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For M S K A & Associates LLP
 (Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
 Partner
 Membership No. 029409

Place : Chennai
 Date : 23rd July 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Indian Potash Limited

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
 Chairman
 DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan
 Director
 DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar
 Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi
 Date : 23rd July 2026

P.S. Gahlaut
 Managing Director
 DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava
 Director
 DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan
 Chief Financial Officer

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026**1. Overview and Material accounting policies****1.1. Company overview**

Indian Potash Limited (IPL) ('the Company') is a leading importer involved in distribution of Muriate of Potash, Di-Ammonium Phosphate, Sulphate of Potash, Urea etc. across the country including certain in-accessible areas, duly serviced by Regional offices operating in almost all State Capitals.

The Company is also involved in the business of manufacturing of Cattle feed products, Milk and milk products, Sulphitation and refined Sugar, Distillery and trading of Gold and other precious metals.

The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office in Chennai, Tamilnadu, India.

1.2. Basis of preparation of standalone financial statements**Compliance with Ind AS**

These standalone financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below, and have complied in all material respects with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Historical cost convention

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and /or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

1.3. Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these Standalone financial statements, Management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1.3.1. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

1.3.2. Judgements are made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the Standalone financial statements.

- a. NRV - Expenses related to purchases like freight subsidy is adjusted for calculating the NRV
- b. Tax provision management uses its judgement on the probability of the outcome of the case and accordingly provision is created.

1.3.3. Assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment are reviewed on an on-going basis.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgements are:

S.No.	Particulars	Note
1.	Fair value measurements and valuation processes (including impairment evaluation)	1.8 and 1.9
2.	Revenue recognition (including Sale of goods, principal vs agent considerations and Government Grant)	1.4
3.	Provision for doubtful receivables	1.9
4.	Physical verification of inventories	1.6
5.	Provision for employee benefits	1.14

1.4. Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the value of the consideration received or receivable on sale of goods/rendering of services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods are transferred to the customer. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, except for certain arrangements, because it typically controls the goods before transferring them to the customer.

For certain arrangements, the Company acts either as a principal or an agent. The role of the Company either as an agent or a principal is determined based on evaluation of its role as a primary obligor, has the pricing latitude in the said arrangements, its exposure to inventory risks, on a case to case basis. If the Company is a principal, gross revenue is recognised and if the Company is an agent, net revenue / commission / trade margin is recognised.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

The Company recognises revenue from sale of goods based on a five step model as set out in Ind AS 115, Revenue from contracts with customers.

The Company accounts for a contract when it has approval and commitment from the customer, the rights of the parties are identified, payment terms are identified, the contract has commercial substance and collectability of consideration is probable. The Company applies judgement in determining the customer's ability and intention to pay based on a variety of factors including the customer's historical payment experience.

The Company considers the terms of the contract in determining the transaction price. The transaction price is based upon the amount the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring of promised goods and services to the customer after deducting returns, trade allowances and rebates and excludes applicable indirect taxes.

1.4.1. Sale of goods

Revenue in respect of sale of goods is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods are delivered to the buyer, the buyer has full discretion over the goods and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the buyer's acceptance of the goods. Revenue from the sales is recognised based on price specified in the contract. The Company accounts for volume discounts, other discounts and pricing rebates to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the rateable allocation of the discounts/rebates amount to each of the underlying revenue transaction that results in progress by the customer towards earning the discount/rebate.

1.4.2. Government Grant

Subsidy income is from sale of products recognised on the basis of the rate notified from time to time by the Government of India in accordance with Nutrient Based Subsidy (NBS) policy on the quantity of Fertilizers sold by the Company for the period for which notification has been issued.

Freight and other subsidies is recognised based on the notified rates/policy and when there is a reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy.

Cane subsidy for the Sugar operations from the State Government is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the subsidy will be received and all attaching conditions are complied with.

1.4.3. Other income

Other income comprises primarily of interest income, dividend income, exchange gain /loss on forward contracts and on translation of other assets and liabilities. Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method and accounted on accrual basis. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest on trade receivables, dispatch/demurrage claim and compensation/recoveries made from Government of India are accounted as and when received, on account of uncertainty in their collection.

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

1.5. Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost and is not depreciated. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is included in the profit & loss within 'Other Income'.

Advances paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each Balance Sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not ready for use before such date are disclosed under "Capital work-in-progress".

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The useful lives of the assets are based on useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

1.6. Inventories

Raw materials and stores, work in progress, traded and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost on weighted average basis and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary.

Cost of raw materials and traded goods comprises cost of purchases. Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.

Cost of inventories also include other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The Company's fertilizers are stored in various ports in the form of heaps. The same is verified and measured by independent surveyors. Stocks are stored with CFA agents and the availability of the same has been confirmed by them. The Company appoints surveyors to estimate the inventories based on volumetric analysis and density of the stock

1.7. Financial instruments**1.7.1. Initial recognition**

The Company recognises financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026**1.7.2. Subsequent measurement****a. Non-derivative financial instruments****(i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost**

Financial asset that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for financial assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial asset that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for financial assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Further, in cases where the Company has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the "Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income". The cumulative gain or loss is not classified to profit or loss on disposal of the investments.

Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss and included in other Income in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(v) Investment in subsidiaries and associate

Investment in subsidiaries and associate is carried at cost in the standalone financial statements.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026**b. Derivative financial instruments**

The Company enters into certain derivative contracts to hedge risks which are not designated as hedges. Such contracts are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The impact of the fair value changes are included in other income.

1.7.3. De-recognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of financial liability) is derecognised from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

1.8. Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices and dealer quotes. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

The Company has made certain investments which are not held for trading. The Company has elected the FVTOCI irrevocable option for these investments.

1.9. Impairment**a. Financial assets**

The Company recognises loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL, as applicable, as the case may be. The amount of ECLs (or reversals, if any) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in the profit or loss.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are assessed for impairment if there are indicators of impairment in accordance with Ind AS 36.

b. Non-financial assets**(i) Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment**

Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating units to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026**1.10. Trade and Other Payables**

The amount represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid as per payment terms of the contract. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.11. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

1.11.1 Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

1.12. Foreign currency translation**(i) Functional and presentation currency**

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. The Standalone financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (rounded off to crores; one crore equals 100 lakhs).

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rate in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains / (losses).

1.13. Income Taxes

The income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income using the income tax rates and tax laws

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. The Company periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary difference arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiary where it is not probable that the differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will not be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

1.14. Employee Benefits**1.14.1 Short-term employee obligations**

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

1.14.2 Other Long-term employee obligations

The Company has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each Balance Sheet date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid / availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date and remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026**1.14.3 Post-employment obligations****1.14.3.1. Gratuity**

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ('the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and tenure of employment with the Company.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an Independent actuary, at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method. The Company fully contributes all ascertained liabilities to the "Indian Potash Executive Gratuity Fund Trust ('the Trust') and to "Indian Potash Non-executive Gratuity Fund Trust ('the Trust'). Trustees of the fund administrator makes contributions to the Trusts and contribution are invested in a scheme with SBI Life Insurance Company Limited.

The Company recognises the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its Balance Sheet as an asset or liability. Gains and losses through re-measurements, if any, of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognised in other comprehensive income. The actual return of the portfolio of the plan assets, in excess of the yields computed by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation is recognised in other comprehensive income. The effect of any plan amendments are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

1.14.3.2 Superannuation

Certain employees of Indian Potash Limited are participants in a defined contribution plan. The Company has no further obligations to the plan beyond its monthly contributions which are periodically contributed to a trust fund, the corpus of which is invested with SBI Life Insurance Company Limited.

1.14.3.3. Provident fund

Eligible employees of Indian Potash Limited receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined benefit plan. Both the eligible employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company contributes a portion to the Indian Potash Staff Provident Fund Trust. The trust invests in specific designated instruments as permitted by Indian law. The remaining portion is contributed to the government-administered pension fund. The rate at which the annual interest is payable to the beneficiaries by the trust is being administered by the government. The Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the trust and the notified interest rate.

1.15 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The board of directors of the Company assesses the financial performance and position of the Company and makes strategic decisions. The board of directors has been identified as the chief operating decision maker. Refer note 27 for segment information presents

1.16 Rounding off amounts

All amounts disclosed in the Standalone financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest Crores as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated

1.17 Recent regulatory updates and accounting pronouncements

The Ministry of corporate Affairs ("MCA") notified amendments on 7 May 2025 and 13 August 2025 under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2025 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025, respectively, which is effective from annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2025.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

(i) Amendment to Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107 - Supplier Finance Arrangement:

The amendments to Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' and Ind AS 107 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosures for such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk.

The entity does not have any supplier finance arrangements during the reporting period.

(ii) Amendment to Ind AS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current liabilities with covenants:

- An entity's right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period must have substance and must exist at the end of the reporting period. The classification of a liability as current or non-current is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement.
- If an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to covenants, such covenants affect whether that right exists at the end of the reporting period only if the entity is required to comply with the covenant on or before the end of the reporting period.
- In case of a liability that can be settled, at the option of the counterparty, by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, such settlement terms do not affect the classification of the liability as current or non-current only if the option is classified as an equity instrument.

These amendments do not have any effect on classification as the Company does not have any borrowings during the financial year.

(iii) Amendment to Ind AS 21-Lack of exchangeability

The Amendments introduces requirement to assess when a currency is exchangeable into another currency and when it is not. The amendment requires an entity to estimate the spot exchange rate when it concludes that a currency is not exchangeable into another currency.

These amendments had no effect on the financial statements of the Company.

(iv) Amendment to Ind AS 12 – Pillar-Two Tax Reforms

The Company is not within the scope of the OECD Pillar Two Model Rules, as Pillar Two legislation has not yet been enacted in any of the jurisdiction in which the Company operates.

New standards and amendments notified but not effective

(i) Amendment to Ind AS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current liabilities with covenants:

The amendment includes specific provisions that will take effect for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2026, retrospectively, as outlined below:

- Breach of material covenant for long-term loan arrangement on or before end of reporting period with effect that liability becomes payable on demand as on reporting date, then it shall be classified as current liability, if lender agreed after reporting period and before approval of financial statements to not demand payment as a consequence of breach.
- Classify as non-current liability, if lender agreed by end of reporting period to provide grace period ending at least 12 months after reporting period within which entity can rectify the breach provided lender does not demand immediate repayment.
- Disclose information about the timing of settlement to understand the impact of the liability on the financial statements.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2 (a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Land - Freehold	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Furnitures and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment and computers	AV Van and Equipment	Total
Year Ended 31 March 2025:								
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT								
As at 1 April 2024	503.82	284.88	659.92	13.47	2.90	81.13	0.90	1,547.02
Additions during the year	0.01	24.12	330.86	0.08	1.34	5.67	0.13	362.21
Additions on account of Business acquisition (Refer Note (iv) & Note No 35)	14.20	7.18	3.24	-	0.13	-	-	24.75
Disposals	(0.28)	-	(1.21)	(0.01)	(0.19)	(0.61)	(0.01)	(2.31)
As at 31 March 2025	517.75	316.18	992.81	13.54	4.18	86.19	1.02	1,931.67
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
As at 1 April 2024	-	58.30	217.02	5.34	1.46	52.34	0.41	334.87
Depreciation charge during the year	-	10.67	36.68	1.13	0.42	7.33	0.10	56.33
Disposals	-	-	(0.84)	(0.01)	(0.16)	(0.37)	(0.01)	(1.39)
As at 31 March 2025	-	68.97	252.86	6.46	1.72	59.30	0.50	389.81
NET CARRYING AMOUNT As at 31 March 2025	517.75	247.21	739.95	7.08	2.46	26.89	0.52	1,541.86
Year Ended 31 March 2026:								
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT								
As at 1 April 2025	517.75	316.18	992.81	13.54	4.18	86.19	1.02	1,931.67
Additions during the year (Refer Note (iii))	67.89	17.15	275.60	0.80	1.13	50.43	0.03	408.03
Disposals	-	(1.30)	(1.41)	(0.06)	(0.10)	(49.19)	-	(52.06)
As at 31 March 2026	580.64	332.03	1,267.00	14.28	5.21	87.43	1.05	2,287.64
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
As at 1 April 2025	-	68.97	252.86	6.46	1.72	59.30	0.50	389.81
Depreciation charge during the year	-	10.94	56.65	1.07	0.51	15.34	0.09	84.60
Disposals	-	(0.19)	(0.18)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(45.43)	-	(45.88)
As at 31 March 2026	-	79.72	309.33	7.48	2.20	29.21	0.59	428.53
NET CARRYING AMOUNT As at 31 March 2026	580.64	252.31	957.67	6.80	3.01	58.22	0.46	1,859.11

Note:

- Refer Note 30 for additional disclosures relating to details of benami property held, revaluation of Property, plant & Equipment and Title deeds of immovable properties not held in the name of the Company
- Refer note 9(a) for information on property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the Company.
- Addition includes Plant and Machinery and other assets installed in Leasehold premises
- Freehold Land of Rs.14.20 (Including registration and other charge of Rs.1.18) measuring 10,016 sq.mts located at Navsari, Gujarat represent land acquired from T.J.Agro Fertilizers Private Limited during 2024-25 pursuant to a business transfer agreement and the title deeds are transferred in the name of the Company through the conveyance deed executed on April 09, 2024. (Refer Note 33)

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(b) Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	As at 1 April 2025	Expenditure incurred during the year	Capitalised during the year	Written off	Closing as at 31 March 2026
Capital work-in-progress	82.65	268.80	(328.58)	-	22.87

Particulars	As at 1 April 2024	Expenditure incurred during the year	Capitalised during the year	Written off	Closing as at 31 March 2025
Capital work-in-progress	216.31	106.68	(236.76)	(3.58)	82.65

A. Ageing of Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for				
	Less than one year	1 – 2 years	2 – 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31 March 2026:					
(i) Projects in progress	15.02	7.22	0.63	-	22.87
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	15.02	7.22	0.63	-	22.87
As at 31 March 2025:					
(i) Projects in progress	21.50	57.64	3.39	-	82.53
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-	0.12	-	-	0.12
Total	21.50	57.76	3.39	-	82.65

B. There are no projects under capital work-in-progress has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 and there are no projects under capital work-in-progress that whose completion is overdue as of 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025

2(c) Right-of-use assets

Particulars	Land	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Sugar Units on Lease*	Total
Balance as at 1 April, 2024	95.86	13.01	0.08	-	108.95
Additions	7.06	-	3.53	415.92	426.51
Amortisation	(2.63)	(4.63)	(1.15)	(3.11)	(11.52)
Disposals	-	-	(0.09)	-	(0.09)
Balance as at 31 March, 2025	100.29	8.38	2.37	412.81	523.85
Additions	-	0.40	-	13.84	14.24
Amortisation	(2.63)	(4.48)	(1.15)	(32.30)	(40.56)
Disposals	-	(0.15)	-	-	(0.15)
Balance as at 31 March, 2026	97.66	4.15	1.22	394.35	497.38

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(c) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

*Breakup of Sugar units on lease as below

Particulars	Valsad	Kodinar	Talala	Total
Lessor	Valsad Sahakari Khand Udyog Mandli Ltd	Shree Bileshwar Khand Udyog Khedut Sahakari Mandali Ltd, Kodinar	Shree Talala Sahakari Khand Udyog Mandali Ltd	
Tenure (in Years)	40.00	30.00	30.00	
Gross value ROU Recognised (in Rs.Crores) as on 31 March,2025	314.20	78.17	23.55	415.92
Gross Value ROU Recognised (in Rs.Crores) as on 31 March,2026	287.15	72.29	34.91	394.35

During the year, the Company assessed the recoverability of right-of-use assets relating to its sugar manufacturing units at Valsad, Kodinar and Talala in accordance with Ind AS 36, Impairment of Assets. The recoverable amounts were determined using a value-in-use methodology based on discounted cash-flow projections over the respective lease periods. The key assumptions included a pre-tax discount rate of 12% and an annual escalation rate of 5% in the relevant cash flows. The assessed recoverable amounts exceeded the respective carrying amounts and, accordingly, no impairment loss has been recognised for the year ended 31 March 2026.

Movement of Lease Liability

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening Balance	19.30	14.92
Lease Liabilities addition during the year	2.21	30.33
Lease Liabilities deletion during the year	-	(0.11)
Interest	1.21	1.51
Repayment of Lease Liability	(9.56)	(27.35)
Closing Balance	13.16	19.30
Lease liabilities		
Non-current	7.05	12.96
Current	6.11	6.34
Total	13.16	19.30
Expense relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets (shown as "Godown Rent" and "Rent including lease rentals" in Note 20 -Other expenses)	33.00	34.54

(i) Variable lease payments

The Company did not enter into lease contracts that contain variable lease options.

(ii) Extension of termination options

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(c) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property, plant and equipment leases across the Company. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Company's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Company and not by the respective lessor.

Right-of-use assets include unamortised portion of Rs.42.77 Crores (31 March 2025: Rs.43.70 Crores) pertaining to the amount paid for leasehold land measuring 266 acres located at Motipur, Bihar. The Land was leased to the Company by Bihar State Sugar Corporation Limited (BSSCL) in 2011-2012. BSSCL's title to the land was challenged by shareholders of the sugar factory (erstwhile owners of the land) and consequently the lease to the Company was also questioned as illegal. The petition filed by the shareholders of Sugar Factory is pending before the Supreme Court of India. In the meanwhile, the Company had filed an arbitration petition before High Court of Patna against BSSCL for recovery of the Company's losses as a result of the aforesaid proceedings. High Court of Patna appointed a sole arbitrator, who passed an order granting an award of Rs.38.27 Crores in favour of the Company. The Company has filed an execution petition before High Court of Patna to give effect to the award and the matter is still pending with the High Court. The lease agreement is yet to be registered in the name of the Company.

2(d) Investment Property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Carrying Amounts of:		
Land & Building	13.58	14.01
Total	13.58	14.01
Gross Carrying Amount		
Opening Balance	15.01	15.01
Disposals	-	-
Closing Balance	15.01	15.01
Accumulated Depreciation		
Opening Balance	1.00	0.57
Depreciation for the year	0.43	0.43
Closing Balance	1.43	1.00

Fair value of the Company's investment properties

The following table gives details of the fair value of the Company's Investment properties as at March 31, 2026

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Land & Building#	19.76	19.76

#Portion of building which was given on rent to which IND AS 40 applies.

Refer Note 2(a)(ii)

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(d) Investment Property (Continued)

- a. The fair value of the Company's Investment properties as at March 31, 2024 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by M/s. A One Valuer, independent valuers not related to the Company. Fair value was derived using the market comparable approach based on recent market/ government guideline prices without any significant adjustments being made to the market observable data. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.
- b. During the year ended 31 March 2026, Rs. 1.54 Crore (Previous year : Rs.1.46 Crore) was recognised in statement of Profit and loss account in relation to rental income from investment property (Refer note 14)

3 Intangible assets

Particulars	Computer software	Total
Year ended 31 March 2025:		
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 1 April 2024	11.33	11.33
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	11.33	11.33
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION		
As at 1 April 2024	10.65	10.65
Amortisation charge for the year	0.09	0.09
Balance as at 31 March 2025	10.74	10.74
NET CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 31 March 2025	0.59	0.59
Year ended 31 March 2026:		
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 1 April 2025	11.33	11.33
Additions	1.07	1.07
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2026	12.40	12.40
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION		
As at 1 April 2025	10.74	10.74
Amortisation charge for the year	0.45	0.45
Balance as at 31 March 2026	11.19	11.19
NET CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 31 March 2026	1.21	1.21

Refer Note 30 for additional Disclosures

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4. Financial Assets

4(a) Investments

4(a) (i) Non-Current Investments

Investments measured at FVTOCI

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in equity instruments (fully paid-up)		
Quoted		
1,75,320 (31 March 2025: 58,440) equity shares of BSE Limited	47.05	32.02
Sub - Total (A)	47.05	32.02
Unquoted		
2,66,75,000 (31 March 2025: 2,66,75,000) equity shares of Indian Commodity Exchange Limited	0.34	21.34
1,00,000 (31 March 2025: 1,00,000) equity shares of Wisekey India Private Limited	0.01	0.01
Sub - Total (B)	0.35	21.35
Investments in Debt Instruments		
Quoted		
75,500 (31 March 2025: 75,500) units of IRFC Tax Free Bonds - 2030 - 7.28%	8.30	8.39
2,85,698 (31 March 2025: 2,85,698) units of NHAI Tax Free Bonds - 2031 - 7.35%	30.63	30.60
1,40,139 (31 March 2025: 1,40,139) units of HUDCO Tax Free Bonds- 2031 - 7.39%	15.28	15.84
Sub - Total (C)	54.21	54.83

Investments carried at Amortised Cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in government securities		
Unquoted		
114 (31 March 2025 :119) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.10,000)	0.11	0.12
51 (31 March 2025:51) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.5,000)	0.03	0.03
15 (31 March 2025 : 15) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.1,000)*	0.00	0.00
2 (31 March 2025: 2) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.500)*	0.00	0.00
Sub - Total (D)	0.14	0.15

*Amounts are less than lakhs

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(a) (i) Non-Current Investments (Continued)
Investments carried at FVTPL (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in trust securities		
Unquoted		
13,829 (31 March 2025: 13,829) Units of Alternative Investment Funds (Face value: Rs.1,00,000)	139.14	138.29
11,19,94,400 (31 March 2025: NIL) Units of Alternative Investment Funds (Face value: Rs.100)	11.26	-
Sub - Total (E)	150.40	138.29
Investments in Debt Instruments		
Quoted		
NIL (31 March 2025 :500) units of Bank of Baroda Perpetual Bond - 8.50%	-	50.00
NIL (31 March 2025 :250) units of Bank of Baroda Perpetual Bond - 8.25%	-	25.16
NIL (31 March 2025 :500) units of Bank of Baroda Perpetual Bond - 8.15%	-	50.00
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Bank of Maharashtra Perpetual Bond - 8.74%	25.31	25.31
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.57%	25.27	25.27
NIL (31 March 2025 :550) units of Canara Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.5%	-	55.34
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Canara Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	25.33	25.33
150 (31 March 2025 :150) units of Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Ltd-9.5%	150.11	150.11
100 (31 March 2025 :NIL) units of Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Ltd-9.25%	100.44	-
100 (31 March 2025 :NIL) units of Indian Overseas Bank-7.80%	100.35	-
25 (31 March 2025:25) units of Punjab National Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	24.97	24.97
150 (31 March 2025:150) units of Punjab National Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.59%	150.38	150.38
80 (31 March 2025 :80) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.72%	80.18	80.18
100 (31 March 2025:100) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.55%	10.02	10.02
NIL (31 March 2025:50) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.74%	-	5.00
NIL (31 March 2025:50) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.73%	-	4.99

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(a) (i) Non-Current Investments (Continued)
Investments carried at Amortised Cost (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
NIL (31 March 2025 :100) units of Tata International Ltd, - 9.10%	-	10.08
NIL (31 March 2025 :100) units of Tata International Ltd, Non Convertible Debenture	-	12.25
1000 (31 March 2025 :NIL) units of Tata International Ltd, - 9.00%	100.85	-
16,695(31 March 2025 :10,000) Units of Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation-9.35%	171.05	102.31
60 (31 March 2025:60) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	59.94	59.94
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	25.18	25.18
40 (31 March 2025 :40) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	40.25	40.25
5 (31 March 2025 :5) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	5.04	5.04
NIL (31 March 2025 :5) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.64%	-	1.00
NIL (31 March 2025 :10) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.73%	-	10.08
Sub - Total (F)	1,094.67	948.19

Investments measured at cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in equity instruments (fully paid-up) of subsidiary companies		
Unquoted		
10,00,000 (31 March 2025: 10,00,000) equity shares of IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd (Erstwhile IPL Sugars & Allied Industries Ltd)	1.00	1.00
	1.00	1.00
Investments in equity instruments (fully paid-up) of Jointly Controlled Entity ("JCE")		
5,10,00,000 (31 March 2025 :1,85,05,000) equity shares of Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	51.00	18.51
Sub - Total (G)	52.00	19.51

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(a) (i) Non-Current Investments (Continued)

Investments measured at cost (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up) of an Associate Company (Quoted in Amman stock exchange)		
8,09,40,000 (31 March 2025: 6,77,65,500 equity shares of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC)@	640.20	649.69
Sub - Total (H)	640.20	649.69
@ During the year Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC has issued 1,43,74,500 no of Bonus shares and Company has sold 12,00,000 of Shares		
Total non-current investments (A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H)	2,039.02	1,864.03
Aggregate amount of quoted investments (including quoted investments in Amman stock exchange)	1,836.13	1,684.73
Aggregate market value of quoted investments (including quoted investments in Amman stock exchange)	32,285.56	15,394.04
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	202.89	179.30
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	-	-

Fair value of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC

Place of business/ Country of incorporation :	Jordan	
Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
% of ownership interest	26.98%	27.38%
Fair value/ Recoverable value #	31,089.63	14,359.00
Carrying amount	640.20	649.69

Basis the quoted value in Amman stock exchange.

4(a) (ii) Current investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments measured at FVTPL		
Investments in Debt Instruments		
Unquoted		
Investments in mutual funds	1,000.55	794.99
Total current investments	1,000.55	794.99
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	1,000.55	794.99
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	-	-

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(b) Trade Receivables(Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade receivables (including subsidy receivables Rs.5,532.73 (March 31, 2025: Rs.2,805.49))	8,520.63	4,788.10
Less: Allowance for credit loss (including provision on subsidy receivables Rs.19.66 (March 31, 2025: Rs. 27.67))	(274.52)	(280.99)
Total Trade receivables	8,246.11	4,507.11
Non-current	-	-
Current	8,246.11	4,507.11

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade receivables considered good - Unsecured	8,520.63	4,788.10
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-
Sub Total	8,520.63	4,788.10
Allowance for Expected credit loss	(274.52)	(280.99)
Net trade receivables	8,246.11	4,507.11

4(b) Trade Receivables(Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
The movement in allowances for Expected credit loss is as follows:		
Opening balance	280.99	326.10
Addition	7.21	-
Reversal of Provision	(6.47)	(22.19)
Set off against write off of Receivables	(7.21)	(22.92)
Closing Balance	274.52	280.99

Notes:

- (i) The Company's trade receivables do not carry a significant financing element. In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses the expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on its trade receivables. For this purpose, the Company uses a simplified approach to compute the expected credit loss amount for trade receivables. This approach takes into account external and internal credit risk factors and historical data of credit losses from various customers adjusted for forward looking estimates. Accordingly, the Company creates provision for past dues receivable beyond 90 days ranging between 2.02% to 100%. Besides, based on the ECL Model the Company also provided upto 0.61% for receivables less than 90 days.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(b) Trade Receivables(Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

- (ii) There are no trade or other receivable which are either due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.
- (iii) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 15 to 90 days.
- (iv) Refer note 9 (a)(ii) for information on trade receivables pledged as security by the Company.
- (v) Refer note 29 (i) Credit risk for information on Expected Credit Loss
- (vi) Refer note 25 for related party disclosures

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2026								
Undisputed trade receivables								
– considered good	1,906.40	2,195.20	3,443.85	496.43	124.45	7.97	194.10	8,368.40
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– considered good	-	-	-	2.43	6.26	3.06	140.48	152.23
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,906.40	2,195.20	3,443.85	498.86	130.71	11.03	334.58	8,520.63
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss								(274.52)
Total Trade receivables								8,246.11

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2025								
Undisputed trade receivables								
– considered good	1,190.01	1,352.77	1,063.05	309.86	441.16	65.62	201.70	4,624.17
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– considered good	-	-	-	1.16	2.86	8.39	151.52	163.93
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,190.01	1,352.77	1,063.05	311.02	444.03	74.01	353.22	4,788.10
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss								(280.99)
Total Trade receivables								4,507.11

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Bank balances in current accounts*	1,418.33	314.07
Bank balances in EEFC accounts	0.05	2.86
Bank deposits with original maturity of less than three months	1,225.00	50.00
Cash on hand	0.31	0.22
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,643.69	367.15

Note:

*Bank balances in current accounts includes Rs.9.04 (31 March 2025: Rs. 3.67) held in a separate bank account for unspent ongoing CSR Projects.

4(d) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Bank balances in dividend accounts(Refer Note 9c)	2.92	1.73
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months and less than 12 months	-	50.00
Molasses storage fund deposit account (Refer note 8(b))	2.00	2.15
Total Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4.92	53.88
Deposits earmarked against Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	2.00	2.15
Deposits under lien with Pollution Control Boards	0.34	0.32
Other lien marked deposits	12.22	17.03

**4(e) Loans
(At Amortized Cost)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Unsecured and considered good				
Loans to wholly owned subsidiary (net of provisions)*	-	23.63	-	23.63
Loans to employees	2.20	-	3.19	-
Loans to Others	14.46	-	13.00	-
Total Loans	16.66	23.63	16.19	23.63

* Refer Note 25 for Related Party Disclosure

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(e) Loans (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Loans considered good - Unsecured	56.47	52.17
Allowance for credit loss	(32.84)	(28.54)
Net loans	23.63	23.63

The movement in allowances for Expected credit loss is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	28.54	23.53
Addition	4.30	5.01
Closing Balance	32.84	28.54

The following loans were provided without specifying any terms or period of repayment:

Type of Borrower	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	% of total loans and advances in the nature of loans	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	% of total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Loan to Related parties (Wholly owned subsidiary)	56.47	100.00%	52.17	100.00%

**4(f) Other financial assets
(Unsecured, Considered good, unless otherwise stated)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Security deposits	39.68	-	1.40	9.24
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than twelve months	28.14	5.93	105.74	19.88
Advances to employees	1.28	-	0.13	-
Interest accrued on deposits	4.14	-	12.58	-
Interest accrued on bonds and Government securities	41.98	-	36.14	-
Claims receivable*	80.94	-	19.63	65.56
Total Other financial assets	196.16	5.93	175.62	94.68

* Claims receivable includes amount receivable of Rs.65.45 Crores (net) from a vendor supplying to the Company. During the Financial year 2022-23, the Company has filed an Arbitration claim against the vendor for failure of supply of urea as per contractual terms. Rs. 84.48 Crores has been accounted as claims receivable and adjusted with an amount of Rs. 19.03 Crores payable to vendor which was due to invocation of Bank guarantee issued by the vendor. During the year Company has recognized Rs. 14 Crores as Interest Income against this Claim receivable.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

5 Deferred tax assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Deferred tax assets:		
Provision for compensated absences	3.32	2.89
Provision for doubtful assets	192.13	192.67
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	3.63	1.92
Others (including lease liabilities)	3.31	4.86
Total of Deferred tax assets	202.39	202.34
Deferred tax liabilities:		
On difference between book balance and tax balance of PPE	74.34	60.58
On reserve for debt and equity instruments through OCI	4.81	2.90
Right of Use Assets	26.57	27.68
Total of Deferred Tax Liabilities	105.72	91.16
Deferred tax assets (net)	96.67	111.18

Movement in deferred tax (Liabilities) / Assets

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other Comprehen- sive Income	Closing balance
For the year 2025-26:				
Deferred tax (liabilities) / asset in relation to:				
Provision for compensated absences	2.89	0.43	-	3.32
Provision for doubtful assets	192.67	(0.54)	-	192.13
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	1.92	(0.63)	2.34	3.63
Others (including lease liabilities)	4.86	(1.55)	-	3.31
Right of Use Assets	(27.68)	1.11	-	(26.57)
Property, plant and equipment	(60.58)	(13.76)	-	(74.34)
Investments in Debt and equity instruments	(2.90)	-	(1.91)	(4.81)
Net Deferred Tax (Liabilities) / Assets	111.18	(14.94)	0.43	96.67

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

5 Deferred tax assets (Continued)
Movement in deferred tax (Liabilities) / Assets (Continued)

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	Closing balance
For the year 2024-25				
Deferred tax (liabilities) / asset in relation to:				
Provision for compensated absences	2.32	0.57	-	2.89
Provision for doubtful assets	202.78	(10.11)	-	192.67
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	2.39	(1.67)	1.20	1.92
Others (including lease liabilities)	3.76	1.10	-	4.86
Right of Use Assets	(27.42)	(0.26)	-	(27.68)
Property, plant and equipment	(46.16)	(14.42)	-	(60.58)
Investments in Debt and equity instruments	2.75	-	(5.65)	(2.90)
Net Deferred Tax (Liabilities) / Assets	140.42	(24.79)	(4.45)	111.18

6. Other assets

(Unsecured, Considered good, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Capital advances	-	16.13	-	1.46
Advance to suppliers	182.04	-	98.52	77.32
Balances with statutory authorities				
-Goods and service tax (net of provision of Rs.450 Crores)	1,135.38	1,618.71	531.26	1,556.12
- Others	41.99	-	0.18	-
Prepaid expenses	2.10	-	2.45	-
Total	1,361.51	1,634.84	632.41	1,634.90

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

7 Inventories

(At lower of cost and Net Realisable value)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Raw materials	85.03	66.53
Packing Materials	26.90	24.70
Work-in-progress	38.06	31.43
Finished goods (other than those acquired for trading)	918.22	968.92
Stock-in-trade (acquired for trading) * #	2,751.82	3,582.49
Stores and spares	21.76	15.77
Total Inventories	3,841.79	4,689.84
* Includes Goods in transit	619.27	1,223.53

A possible reasonable change in the estimates is not expected to have a significant impact on the amounts recognised as the same would be recovered from the agent who is managing the inventory.

The cost of inventories recognised an expense in 'Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods' includes Rs.0.14 Crores (31 March 2025:Rs 0.37 crores) in respect of write down of inventories to net realisable value.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year was Rs. 27,978.92 Crores (31 March 2025: Rs.17,418.29 Crores)

Refer Note 9(a)(ii) for details of inventory pledged as security

8(a) Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Authorised		
6,12,00,000 (31 March 2025: 6,12,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10/- each	61.20	61.20
Issued, subscribed and paid-up		
2,85,97,200 (31 March 2025: 2,85,97,200) equity shares of Rs 10/- each, fully paid up	28.60	28.60
Total Equity share capital	28.60	28.60

(i) Movement in equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Equity Shares				
At the commencement of the year	2,85,97,200	28.60	2,85,97,200	28.60
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	2,85,97,200	28.60	2,85,97,200	28.60

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

8(a) Equity share capital (Continued)
(ii) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a face value of ₹ 10 each . Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the case of interim dividend. Every holder of equity shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(iii) Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	% of equity shares	No. of shares	% of equity shares
Equity shares of Rs 10/- each fully paid up, held by:				
Indian Farmers Fertilisers Cooperative Limited	97,20,000	33.99	97,20,000	33.99
Gujarat State Co-operative Marketing Federation Limited	29,88,000	10.45	29,88,000	10.45
Gujarat State Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited	22,50,000	7.87	22,50,000	7.87
Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Marketing Federation Limited	17,82,000	6.23	17,82,000	6.23
Madras Fertilisers Limited	15,84,000	5.54	15,84,000	5.54

(iv) The Company has no promoters based on the annual return filed with Registrar of Companies. Consequently, this disclosure relating to details of shareholding of promoters is not applicable.

(v) The Company has not undertaken any buy back of shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

8(b) Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Capital reserve	99.92	102.32
General reserve	415.57	415.57
Retained earnings	8,367.35	6,885.81
Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	2.00	2.15
Reserve for debt instruments fair value through OCI	43.74	49.62
Reserve for equity instruments fair value through OCI	53.28	30.78
Total Other Equity	8,981.86	7,486.25

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

8(b) Other Equity (Continued)
8(b) (i) Capital reserve

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	102.32	98.14
Remeasurement on acquisition of Navsari Unit (Refer Note No. 33)	(2.40)	4.18
Closing balance	99.92	102.32

Represents reserve created on account of business combination and merger which is not available for distribution as dividend.

8(b) (ii) General reserve

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	415.57	415.57
Movements	-	-
Closing balance	415.57	415.57

General reserve is a free reserve arising from transfers from retained earnings made in the previous years. The balance is available for distribution to the members as dividend or for paying up unissued shares to be issued to the members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

8(b) (iii) Retained earnings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	6,885.81	5,573.01
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	1,534.91	1,331.15
Other comprehensive income arising from remeasurement of defined benefit obligation, net of tax	3.67	3.36
Final dividend	(57.19)	(21.45)
Others - Transferred to Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	0.15	(0.26)
Closing balance	8,367.35	6,885.81

Company's share of cumulative earnings since its formation minus the dividends/capitalisation and earnings transferred to general reserve.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

8(b) Other Equity (Continued)

8(b) (iv) Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening Balance	2.15	1.89
Transferred from/(to) Retained Earnings	(0.15)	0.26
Closing Balance	2.00	2.15

Represents amount transferred from Retained earnings for utilization towards maintenance of adequate storage facilities in accordance with the order issued by the Controller of Uttar Pradesh State Sugar Corporation at the stipulated rate. The Company has earmarked bank deposits corresponding to this reserve.

8(b) (v) Reserve for debt instruments through OCI

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	49.62	49.03
Changes in fair value of debt instruments	(0.62)	(0.20)
Deferred tax on the above	(5.26)	0.79
Closing balance	43.74	49.62

8(b) (vi) Reserve for equity instruments through OCI

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	30.78	17.37
Changes in fair value of equity instruments	15.58	17.52
Tax on the above	6.92	(4.11)
Closing balance	53.28	30.78

The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity/debt securities in other comprehensive income.

These changes are accumulated within reserve for equity/debt investments through OCI within equity.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9. Financial liabilities
9(a) Borrowings
9(a)(i) Non-current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Secured, at amortised cost		
From a bank		
Term Loan	287.35	133.66
Total non-current borrowings	287.35	133.66
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt [included in Current borrowings]	(70.26)	(61.86)
Non - current borrowings	217.09	71.80

Nature of security and terms of repayment for non-current borrowings:
Term loan from Axis Bank *

Maturity date

September 2027

Terms of Repayment

17 quarterly installments

installment amount

INR 8.69 (FY 2024-25 : INR 8.69)

Rate of Interest

8.75 % P. Annum (FY 2024-25 : 9.35 % P.A)

Security

Exclusive charge on the Fixed asset (movable / immovable) of the Greenfield Distillery project at Jaring, Nandol, District Kalahandi, Odisha.

Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank*

Maturity date

December 2027

Terms of Repayment

19 quarterly installments

installment amount

INR 5.26 (FY 2024-25 : INR 5.26)

Rate of Interest

Repo + 1.85% P.A (FY 2024-25 : Repo + 1.85% P.A)

Security

Mortgage on exclusive basis over land (around 116.74 acres) and building (incl. movable fixed assets) located at Village Haripur and Village Korian, of District Dhenkanal, Odisha in the name of the Company.

Term loan from HDFC Bank *

Maturity date

September 2031

Terms of Repayment

24 quarterly installments

installment amount

INR 2.29 (FY 2024-25 :NIL)

Rate of Interest

7.50 % P.A (FY 2024-25 :NIL)

Security

Exclusive charge on the Lease agreement deed of three Sugar Units (Valsad, Talala and Kodinar in Gujarat

*The Company has entered into interest rate swap agreement (derivative instrument) with HDFC bank on term loans obtained from HDFC bank and this derivative instrument is valid till 26-06-2025

Refer note 2(a) for securities mentioned above

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9(a)(i) Non-current borrowings (Continued)

9 (a) (ii) Current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Unsecured, at amortised cost		
From banks		
Other working capital loans	1,742.99	-
Total	1,742.99	-
Secured, at amortised cost		
From banks		
Buyers' credit	8,360.46	5,130.13
Current maturities of long-term debt	70.26	61.86
Total	8,430.72	5,191.99
Current borrowings (as per balance sheet)	10,173.71	5,191.99

Net Debt Reconciliation

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	2,643.69	367.15
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4.92	53.88
Current Borrowings	(10,103.45)	(5,130.13)
Non-current borrowings including current maturities	(287.35)	(133.66)
Net Debt	(7,742.19)	(4,842.76)

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9 (a) (ii) Current borrowings (Continued)

Particulars	Liabilities from financing activities		Total
	Non -Current borrowings	Current borrowings	
Net Debt as at April 1, 2024	(196.50)	(4,378.18)	(4,574.68)
Cash Flows	59.85	(605.64)	(545.79)
Foreign Exchange adjustments	-	(140.52)	(140.52)
Interest expense	(7.07)	(299.75)	(306.82)
Interest paid	10.06	293.95	304.01
Net Debt as at March 31, 2025	(133.66)	(5,130.13)	(5,263.79)
Cash Flows	(142.07)	(4,155.12)	(4,297.19)
Foreign Exchange adjustments	-	(766.24)	(766.24)
Interest expense	(17.51)	(328.97)	(346.48)
Interest paid	5.89	277.01	282.90
Net Debt as at March 31, 2026	(287.35)	(10,103.45)	(10,390.80)

9(b) Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade payables		
- total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises#	14.46	4.71
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises *	3,211.82	3,742.41
Total Trade payables	3,226.28	3,747.12

* Of the above trade payables, the Company has issued letter of credits aggregating to Rs. 3,521.49 (31 March 2025: Rs.3,283.64). Refer note 25 for related party disclosures

Determined based on the information available with the Company and refer note 26 for MSME disclosures

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9(b) Trade payables (Continued)

Particulars	Unbilled	Outstanding for following periods from the due date					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2026							
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	14.46	-	-	-	-	14.46
Others	-	3,095.95	23.13	21.22	10.66	60.86	3,211.82
Disputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	3,110.41	23.13	21.22	10.66	60.86	3,226.28
As at 31 March 2025							
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	4.71	-	-	-	-	4.71
Others	-	3,685.44	15.83	20.49	1.44	19.21	3,742.41
Disputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	3,690.15	15.83	20.49	1.44	19.21	3,747.12

9(c) Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Interest accrued but not due	53.21	-	46.03	-
Unpaid dividends	2.92	-	1.73	-
Payables on purchase of Property, plant and equipment*	97.44	28.10	125.13	28.10
Customer discounts	-	-	-	5.02
Employee benefits payable	20.14	-	14.87	5.44
Trade / security deposits received	-	115.70	2.50	89.89
Total Other financial liabilities	173.71	143.80	190.26	128.45

*Includes Rs.93.65 Crores towards liability taken over against three newly acquired sugars units

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Provisions for Employee Benefits				
- Gratuity (Refer Note 10A)	12.13	-	7.67	-
- Compensated absences & Medical Leave	10.14	3.04	9.58	1.86
- Provident fund (Refer Note 10B)	3.52	-	-	-
Provisions for indirect tax litigations (Refer note 24)	4.77	-	4.77	-
Total Provisions	30.56	3.04	22.02	1.86

A Provisions for Gratuity

The actuary has assessed the calculations of the Interest Rate Guarantees based on the guidance note issued by the Institute of Actuaries of India. The disclosures required under Ind AS 19 are provided below. The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

Disclosure of Post employment benefits:	Gratuity (Funded)	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Interest cost	3.23	3.67
Current service cost	3.02	2.82
Past Service Cost	8.42	-
Expected return on plan assets	(2.65)	(2.98)
Total expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	12.02	3.51

Remeasurements:		
Actuarial losses/ (gains)		
- Demographic assumption changes in DBO		
- Financial assumption changes in DBO	(0.97)	2.86
- Experience changes on DBO	(5.91)	(7.47)
Rate on Plan assets less than discount rate	(0.10)	0.12
Total expense recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income	(6.98)	(4.49)
Net defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet:		
Present value of Defined benefit obligation (DBO)	51.01	48.09
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	38.88	40.42
Net defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet	12.13	7.67

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)

Disclosure of Post employment benefits:	Gratuity (Funded)	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Changes in the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) during the year:		
Present value of DBO at the beginning of year	48.09	51.28
Interest cost	3.23	3.67
Current service cost	3.03	2.82
Actuarial (gains) / losses	8.42	-
Liabilities Transferred In /Acquisitions	(6.87)	(4.61)
Liabilities assumed / (settled)	(4.89)	(5.07)
Present value of DBO at the end of year	51.01	48.09
Changes in the fair value of assets during the year:		
Plan assets at beginning of year	40.42	41.78
Expected return on plan assets	2.66	2.98
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets		
Actual Company contributions	0.59	0.85
Employee contributions	-	-
Benefits paid	(4.89)	(5.07)
Assets acquired / (settled)	-	-
Actuarial gain / (loss)	0.10	(0.12)
Plan assets as at end of year	38.88	40.42
Current portion	12.13	7.67
Non-current portion	-	-
Total	12.13	7.67
Actuarial assumptions:		
Discount Rate	6.72%	7.20%
Expected rate of salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition Rate	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)

Experience adjustments	2025-26	2024-25
Present value of DBO	51.01	48.09
Fair value of plan assets	38.88	40.42
Funded status [Surplus / (Deficit)]	(12.13)	(7.67)
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan liabilities	6.88	4.61
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan assets	-	-

Provisions for Employee Benefits
Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

	Change in assumption (Gratuity)		Impact on Defined Benefit Obligation			
			Increase in assumption		Decrease in assumption	
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Discount rate	1%	1%	(2.12)	(2.46)	2.37	2.76
Salary growth	1%	1%	2.11	2.51	(1.97)	(2.31)

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognized in the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

Defined benefit liability and employer contributions

The Company has agreed that it will aim to eliminate the deficit in defined benefit gratuity plan on an yearly basis. Funding levels are monitored on an annual basis and the current agreed contribution rate is 12% of the basic salaries in India. The Company considers that the contribution rates set at the last valuation date are sufficient to eliminate the deficit over the agreed period and that regular contributions, which are based on service costs, will not increase significantly.

Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans for the year ending 31 March 2027 are INR 9.09 Crores

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation ranging upto 6 years (31 March 2026: 6 years) for executive and non-executive employees respectively. The expected maturity analysis of gratuity is as follows :

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Less than 1 year	12.64	7.01
Between 1 -2 years	8.27	4.89
Between 2-5 years	4.87	5.93
Over 5 years	4.21	5.33
Total	29.99	23.16
Major category of plan assets		
Asset classification		
Insurance Fund	38.88	40.42

B Note on Provident Fund

With respect to employees, who are covered under Provident Fund Trust administered by the Company, the Company shall make good deficiency, if any in the interest rate declared by Trust over statutory limit. Having regards to the assets of the Fund and the return on the investments, the Company does not expect any deficiency in the foreseeable future. The actuary has assessed the calculations of the Interest Rate Guarantees based on the guidance note issued by the Institute of Actuaries of India. The disclosures required under Ind AS 19 is as set out below:

Fund and Plan Asset position as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Present Value of Benefit obligation at the end of the year	101.32	93.42
Fair value of Plan assets at the end of the year	103.05	95.59
(Surplus)/Defecit available	(1.73)	(2.17)
Liability recognised in Balance Sheet	-	-

The Plan assets are primarily invested in government Securities, Debt instruments & Special deposit scheme

Assumptions for present value of interest rate guarantee are as follows :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount rate	7.14%	6.72%
Expected guarantee rate	8.25%	8.25%
Attrition Rate	5%	5%

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)

C Compensated absences & Medical Leave (Unfunded)

The defined benefit obligations which are provided for but not funded are as under :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Compensated absences		
-Non-Current	3.04	1.86
- Current	10.14	9.58
Total	13.18	11.44

Actuarial assumptions:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount Rate	7.14%	6.72%
Salary Escalation	5%	5%
Attrition Rate	5%	5%
Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)

11. Income tax (assets) / liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Income tax assets		
Advance tax and tax deducted at source	2,758.47	2,752.23
Total Income tax assets	2,758.47	2,752.23
Income tax liabilities		
Income tax payable	3,158.50	2,930.30
Total Income tax liabilities	3,158.50	2,930.30
Net Income tax liabilities	400.03	178.07

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

12 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Advances from customers*	76.52	-	34.01	-
Statutory dues payables	10.61	-	7.24	-
Deferred Income#	0.57	5.10	0.57	5.66
Liability towards CSR@	20.99	-	15.37	-
Total Other current liabilities	108.69	5.10	57.19	5.66

*Refer note 4(b) for terms and conditions

Deferred Income represents unamortised portion of Government grants of Rs. 5.67 Crores on account of setting up of 10200 Kg/ day Bio CNG Plant.

@ Represents CSR unspent amount

13 Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Sale of products	19,116.75	14,080.06
Less : Sales discounts	(203.80)	(316.64)
Less : Freight allowance	(117.84)	(77.59)
Sub Total (A)	18,795.11	13,685.83
Government subsidy (B)	13,069.34	6,450.63
Revenue from Urea canalizing agent transactions (High sea sales)		
[Sale Value of goods	14,973.25	5,222.42
Less: Cost of Quantity imported on Government Account - Also refer note below*]	(14,940.66)	(5,207.45)
Sub Total (C)	32.59	14.97
Sale of services (D)	603.46	491.72
Other operating revenues (E)	34.33	45.76
Total revenue from operations (F = A+B+C+D+E)	32,534.83	20,688.91

* For arrangements of import of Urea on Government Account, Company acts as a canalizing agent. The role of the Company either as an agent or a principal is determined based on evaluation of its role as a primary obligor, has the pricing latitude in the said arrangements, its exposure to inventory risks, on case to case basis. Net Income representing the trade margin is recognized as revenue as per the terms of agreement when such amounts become entitled.

The Company has determined that a disaggregation of revenue using existing segments and the timing of the transfer of goods or services is adequate for its circumstances. Refer note 27 - Segment Reporting for related disclosures and refer note 25 for related party disclosures.

No element of financing is deemed to be present as the sales are made with the credit term for a period less than one year.

Revenue is recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

14 Other income

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Interest Income		
- Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as at FVTPL	5.73	3.97
- Bank Deposits (at amortised cost)	6.12	8.65
- Interest income from Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	88.39	64.58
Dividend on Investments*	1,313.33	1,040.18
Profit on sale of investments, net #	342.99	96.68
Reversal of ECL Provision	6.47	22.36
Gain on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	-	0.29
Income from Investment Property	1.54	1.46
Receipts towards insurance claims	9.90	-
Miscellaneous Income	26.13	28.86
Total Other income	1,800.60	1,267.03

*Includes dividend received from Associate Company Rs : 1,313 Crores (31 March 2025 : Rs. 1,040 Crores)

Includes Profit on sale of 12 Lakh shares in Jordan Phosphates Mines Company Lc Rs.265 Crores

15. Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Raw materials		
Raw materials at the beginning of the year	66.53	24.90
Add: Purchases	1,890.01	1,455.87
Less: Raw materials at the end of the year	(85.03)	(66.53)
Total cost of materials consumed	1,871.51	1,414.24
Material consumed comprises:		
Sugarcane	1,372.51	1,256.25
Others	499.00	157.99
Total	1,871.51	1,414.24

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

16 Changes in inventories of Finished goods, work-in-progress and Stock-in-trade

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	968.92	890.28
Work in progress	31.43	27.28
Stock-in-trade	3,582.49	2,814.22
Inventory at the end of the year		
Finished goods	(918.22)	(968.92)
Work in progress	(38.06)	(31.43)
Stock-in-trade	(2,751.82)	(3,582.49)
Net (increase)/decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in progress and stock in trade	874.74	(851.06)

17. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Salaries, wages and bonus	113.20	107.97
Contribution to provident and other funds	11.35	10.73
Post-Employment Gratuity Benefits*	12.02	3.51
Leave Compensation Expenses	4.64	4.55
Staff welfare expenses	5.17	4.72
Total	146.38	131.48

*Refer Note 10 for disclosures

18 Finance costs

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Interest on bank overdraft and loans	355.22	310.50
Interest on delayed remittance of income taxes	4.55	0.36
Interest expense on lease liability	1.21	1.51
Exchange difference regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs	766.24	140.52
Other interest & bank charges	49.30	46.53
Total	1,176.52	499.42

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

19. Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	84.60	56.33
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	40.71	11.52
Amortisation of intangible assets	0.45	0.09
Depreciation of Investment Property	0.43	0.43
Total	126.19	68.37

20. Other expenses

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Consumption of stores and spare parts	69.94	49.00
Power and fuel	30.99	24.75
Freight and Forwarding charges	1,534.63	1,144.87
Discharge & clearance expenses	497.33	346.47
Packing materials Consumed - indigenous	254.52	188.14
Godown Rent	31.31	33.21
Rent including lease rentals	1.69	1.33
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings	8.49	3.96
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	66.33	54.80
Repairs and maintenance - Others	16.24	12.74
Restitching & Rebagging Charges	1.88	1.52
Storage & Transit Insurance	20.50	17.84
Rates and Taxes	12.20	30.01
Communication	1.92	2.10
Travelling and conveyance	11.91	10.75
Printing and Stationery	0.81	0.73
Business promotion	11.17	11.97
Legal and professional Charges	18.12	11.41
Payments to auditors [Refer note 20(a) below]	0.85	0.77
Corporate social responsibility expenses [Refer note 20(b) below]	26.12	17.91
Directors sitting fees and commission	0.71	1.00
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans (net)	11.51	5.01
Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	167.58	54.00
Loss /(Gain) on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	3.74	-
Miscellaneous expenses	47.89	37.71
Total other expenses	2,848.38	2,062.00

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

20 Other expenses (Continued)

20 (a) Details of payments to auditors:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Payment to auditors		
As auditor:		
Statutory Audit fee	0.32	0.32
Tax audit fee	0.04	0.04
Certification fees	0.45	0.37
Reimbursement of expenses	0.04	0.04
Total	0.85	0.77

20(b) Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Contribution to projects for rural development, skills development, healthcare, education and environmental conservation	14.81	6.21
Accrual towards unspent obligations in respect to:		
Ongoing project	11.31	11.70
Other than ongoing projects		
Total	26.12	17.91
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	23.73	17.58
Amount spent during the year on		
(i) Construction/acquisition of an asset		
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	14.81	6.21

Details of ongoing CSR projects under Section 135(5) of the Act

Balance as at 1 April 2025		Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year		Balance as at 31 March 2026	
With the Company	In separate CSR unspent account		From the Company's bank account	From separate CSR unspent account	With the Company *	In separate CSR unspent account
11.70	3.67	26.12	14.81	5.69	11.31	9.67

*The Company has transferred the unspent CSR amount to a separate CSR unspent account subsequent to the balance sheet date, within the statutory timelines.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

20 Other expenses (Continued)

Details of CSR expenditure under Section 135(5) of the Act in respect of other than ongoing projects

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Balance unspent as at the beginning of the year	-	-
Amount deposited in specified fund of schedule VII of the act with in 6 months	-	-
Amount required to be spent during the year	-	-
Amount spent during the year	-	-
Balance unspent as at the end of the year	-	-

21 Income tax expense

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Income tax expense recognized in Profit and Loss:		
Current tax	496.09	420.44
Deferred tax	14.94	24.79
Total Income Tax expense recognized during the year	511.03	445.23
Income tax reconciliation:		
Profit before tax	2,045.94	1,776.38
Applied tax rate*	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated at applied Tax rate	514.92	447.08
Total income tax expense recognized during the year	511.03	445.23
Differential tax impact	(3.89)	(1.85)
Differential tax impact due to the following Tax benefits / (Tax expense) :		
Tax on exempt Income	(0.93)	(0.93)
Interest on tax liability	-	-
Expenses not allowable, net	1.27	4.55
Others	(4.23)	(2.51)
Total	(3.89)	(1.85)

* the Company elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 after satisfying the conditions contained in section 115BAA(2) as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

22 Earnings per share

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company	1,534.91	1,331.15
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in Nos.)	2,85,97,200	2,85,97,200
Face value of share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Earnings per Share		
- Basic (Rs.)	536.73	465.48
- Diluted (Rs.)	536.73	465.48

23 Commitments
Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows (net of Advances) :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Property, plant and equipment	20.56	51.34
Investments in Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited (Jointly Controlled Entity)	-	32.49

24 Contingent liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt - Disputed dues relating to supplies / other civil cases	0.90	0.90
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt - Disputed dues relating to value added tax	159.10	159.10
Disputed customs duty demand for which the Company has preferred an appeal before the CESTAT	112.26	112.26
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt - Disputed refunds relating to Goods and Services Tax	468.02	468.02
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt - Disputed dues relating to Other Indirect Tax cases	-	9.39
Disputed income tax demands contested in Appeals not provided for:	-	-
- Appeal pending before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) for the AY 2014-15	-	0.14

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

24 Contingent liabilities (Continued)

- (a) The Company has claimed refund under GST regulations in accordance with the provisions of the law. In certain states, the refunds have been admitted and in others it has been rejected. The refunds under rule 89(5) of Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017, which has been rejected and for which the Company is contesting as at March 31, 2026 amounts to Rs.1,813.16 Crores(March 31, 2025 : 1,545.37 Crores) The Company believes that it can successfully defend the case relating to refund eligible under rule 89(5).
- (b) The Central Bureau of Investigation('CBI) has filed an FIR against the Managing director of the Company alleging that:
 - (i) during the period 2007-2014, the fertilizers have been imported by the Company at inflated prices and claimed higher subsidies from Government of India ('GOI') and caused losses to the exchequer.
 - (ii) commission were paid by the overseas suppliers to relatives of the Managing Director resulting in diverting and siphoning off funds.

The aforesaid matters were discussed in the Board Meeting held on June 1, 2021.

The Board felt that it contains unverified allegations and also based on incorrect assumptions and incomplete appreciation of facts on record. It is also felt that the subsidy is not Company specific and not a function of imports, but for the outlier method for certain period.

The Board of Directors directed the management to provide all the information relating to the case to all regulatory authorities as and when requested.

The Management responded to the queries raised by the authorities both through written form and also by way of personal appearance on various dates and there has not been any development in this matter since the last annual report of 2021-22. During the Year 2021-22, a writ petition has been filed before the Honourable Hight Court of Delhi for quashing / setting aside the said FIR and the matter is sub-judice.

The Board of Directors believe that no independent investigation is necessary at this stage as the CBI being a premier investigation agency is already investigating the matter. The Managing Director continues to discharge his official duties as decided and approved by the Board. Financial Impact and internal control lapse during the check period, if any, would be known only upon the conclusion of the investigation.

The Company would take necessary steps as it deem fit and take action, if any, based on the progress of the case.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions

A. List of related parties

Name of the related party and nature of relationship

Significant influence over the entity

Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)

Subsidiaries of the above entity (IFFCO)

IFFCO-Tokio General Insurance Company Limited

IFFCO eBazar Limited

Kisan International Trading FZE

Subsidiary Company

IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd. (Formally known as IPL Sugars & Allied Industries Ltd)

Associate

Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC (JPMC)

Subsidiary of the above entity (JPMC)

Nippon Jordan Fertilizers Company Limited

Joint Venture

Vizag Multipurpose terminal Private Limited

Company having common director

Wisekey India Private Limited

Key management personnel

Dr. P.S.Gahlaut, Managing Director

Mr. R.Srinivasan, CFO

Dr. Girish Kumar, Company Secretary

Other Directors

Shri. Pankaj Kumar Bansal, IAS, Chairman

Dr. U.S. Awasthi, Nominee Director (Upto August 2025)

Shri. Rakesh Kapur, Nominee Director

Shri. Dileep Sanghani, Nominee Director

Shri. Kamal Dayani, IAS, Nominee Director (Upto December 2025)

Shri. S.C.Mudgerikar, Nominee Director (From August 2025 to March 2026)

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions (Continued)

Shri. Kumar Amit, IAS , Nominee Director
 Shri. K.J.Patel, Nominee Director
 Dr. Rajendra Kumar IAS, Nominee Director
 Ms. Nazhat J Shaikh, Nominee Director
 Shri. Abhijeet Agarwal IAS, Nominee Director
 Shri. Sudhir Bhargava, Independent Director
 Shri. Arvind Kumar Kadyan, Independent Director
 Ms. Vandana Chanana, Independent Director
 Shri. Manish Gupta, Nominee Director
 Shri. Alok Kumar Singh, IAS, Nominee Director (Upto March 2026)
 Shri. Siva Muthukkumarasamy, Nominee Director
 Shri. Sony Sebastian, Nominee Director
 Shri. Manoj Kumar Jain, Nominee Director (Upto August 2025)
 Shri. Santosh Kumar Dash, OAS (SS), Nominee Director
 Shri. Amandeep Sing Thind, Nominee Director (Upto June 2025)

Trusts

Indian Potash Limited Staff Provident Fund
 Indian Potash Non-Executive Staff Gratuity Fund
 Indian Potash Executive Staff Gratuity Fund
 Indian Potash Senior Executive Staff Superannuation Fund
 IPL Foundation

Note :

- Related party relationships are as identified by the management and relied upon by the auditors
- All transactions with related parties are at arm's length price

B. Transactions with key management personnel

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Remuneration and other benefits *	2.88	2.69
Directors sitting fees, commission and others	0.71	1.00
Total	3.59	3.69

* Amount attributed to post employment benefits and compensated absences have not been disclosed as the same cannot be identified distinctly in the actuarial valuation.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions (Continued)

C. Transactions with related parties other than key management personnel

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Investing party - Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)		
Sale of goods	1,146.71	952.60
Insurance charges recovered	1.31	1.22
Service charges recovered	0.63	0.68
Reimbursement of Despatch	-	3.78
Discounts	81.47	85.28
Dividend paid	19.44	7.29
Subsidiary of IFFCO-Tokio General Insurance Company Limited		
Sale of services	-	0.14
Services availed	31.41	28.14
Subsidiary of IFFCO-IFFCO eBazar Limited		
Sale of goods (net of discounts)	3.35	0.91
Subsidiary of IFFCO-Kisan International Trading FZE		
Sale of shares in JPMC	274.69	-
Investing party - Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)		
Purchases of Goods (net of discounts)	55.84	42.69
Entity having common director- Wisekey India Private Limited		
Service Charges Received	0.64	0.00
Associate Company - Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC		
Purchases of Goods	-	541.04
Dividend Received	1,313.07	1,040.09
IPL Foundation		
Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure	14.81	-

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions (Continued)
25 C Transactions with related parties other than key management personnel (Continued)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Jointly Controlled Entity-Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited		
Subscription to Equity shares	32.49	12.50
Interest Received	0.06	-
Indian Potash Limited Staff Provident Fund		
Contribution to Provident Fund	4.57	4.07
Indian Potash Senior Executive Staff Superannuation Fund		
Contribution to Super Annuation Fund	0.77	0.92
Indian Potash Gratuity Fund		
Contribution to Gratuity Fund	0.59	0.85

D. Outstanding balances arising from sales / purchase of goods and services

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)		
Trade Receivables	530.98	413.76
Customer Discounts Payable	81.54	62.56
Trade payables	5.61	7.15
Subsidiary of IFFCO-IFFCO-Tokio General Insurance Company Limited		
Trade Receivable	12.64	11.48
Subsidiary of IFFCO-IFFCO eBazar Limited		
Trade Receivable	0.56	0.47
Subsidiary of IFFCO-Kisan International Trading FZE		
Trade Receivable	1.28	-

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions (Continued)
E. Loans/Advances to related parties

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd. (Erstwhile IPL Sugars & Allied Industries Ltd)		
Opening balance	23.63	23.63
Loans/Advances given	0.54	1.52
Loans/Advances repaid	-	(0.39)
Interest income	4.18	3.88
Loss allowance	(4.72)	(5.01)
Closing balance	23.63	23.63

There is no loss allowance for receivables in relation to any outstanding balances, and no loss allowance has been recognised during the year in respect of receivables due from related parties except for INR 23.63 (31 March 2025: INR 23.63) provided for receivable from IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd. (Erstwhile IPL Sugars & Allied Industries Ltd)

Terms and Conditions :

Sales of goods to related parties were made at the Company's usual list prices, that prevail in arm's length transactions. Purchases were made at market prices. Outstanding balances at the year-end with related parties are unsecured (at market rates) to be settled in cash.

In respect of related party trade receivables, the Company has made allowance for bad or doubtful debts as per Company's Expected Credit Loss Policy for the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 respectively

The Company has not provided any guarantee /received during the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 relating to related party transactions

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

26. Based on and to the extent of information available with the Company under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the relevant particulars as at reporting date are furnished below :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, as at the end of the year	14.46	4.71
Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount as at the end of the year	-	-
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year	-	-
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (other than Section 16)	-	-
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (under Section 16)	-	-
Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, for payments already made	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act (ii) + (vi)	-	-

27 Segment reporting

Ind AS 108 establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments and related disclosure about product and services, geographical areas and major customers. Based on 'management approach' as defined in Ind AS 108, the chief operating decision maker evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Accordingly information has been presented along business segment. The accounting principle used in the preparation of financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in individual segment and or as set out in the significant accounting policies.

Business segment of the Company comprise of:-

- (i) Fertilisers - Trading of fertilisers
- (ii) Sugar and its related by-products.
- (iii) Others - Manufacturing of Cattle feed / Poultry feed, Milk and Milk Products and trading of Gold and other precious metals.

Segment assets are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment and the physical location of the assets. Segments assets do not include investments and income tax assets which are managed by treasury function.

Segment liabilities are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment. Segments liabilities do not include borrowings and income tax liabilities which are managed by treasury function.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

A. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026				Year ended 31 March 2025			
	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total
Revenue from operations	30,289.97	2,113.31	131.55	32,534.83	19,011.98	1,600.90	76.03	20,688.91
Identifiable operating expenses	28,851.54	2,080.40	132.10	31,064.04	18,014.72	1,539.40	78.62	19,632.74
Segment operating income/(Loss)	1,438.43	32.91	(0.55)	1,470.79	997.26	61.50	(2.59)	1,056.17
Unallocable expenses				42.46				24.44
Finance Costs				1,176.52				499.42
Operating profit				251.81				532.31
Other income	34.60	2.92	0.05	37.57	26.55	3.41	0.07	30.03
Unallocable income				1,756.56				1,214.04
Profit before income tax				2,045.94				1,776.38
Income tax expense				511.03				445.23
Net profit				1,534.91				1,331.15
Particulars	As at 31 March 2026				As at 31 March 2025			
	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total
B. SEGMENT ASSETS								
Segment assets	18,151.89	2,661.78	90.89	20,904.56	11,546.34	2,786.55	84.58	14,417.47
Unallocated Corporate assets				3,205.29				2,693.41
Total Assets				24,109.85				17,110.88
C. SEGMENT LIABILITIES								
Segment Liabilities	2,976.51	1,583.11	81.64	4,641.26	2,675.10	1,697.19	73.44	4,445.73
Unallocated Corporate liabilities				10,419.71				5,288.40
Total Liabilities				15,060.97				9,734.13
Capital expenditure incurred during the year	17.93	4.79	0.15	22.87	6.92	55.56	0.08	62.56

D. Entity wide disclosures

The entity is domiciled in India

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	India	Rest of the world	Total	India	Rest of the world	Total
Revenue by Geographical area	31,296.77	1,238.06	32,534.83	19,869.75	819.16	20,688.91
Carrying amount of Segment Assets	23,469.65	640.20	24,109.85	16,461.19	649.69	17,110.88
Capital expenditure	22.87	-	22.87	62.56	-	62.56
Non- Current assets	1,634.84	-	1,634.84	1,634.90	-	1,634.90

There are no single customer contributing to revenue more than 10% of the total revenue of the Company.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

27 Segment reporting (Continued)
Additional information of Segment Reporting under Nutrition Based Subsidy (NBS) Scheme as required by Department of Fertilizers (DOF) :

The Separate Segment reporting disclosure based on guidelines for evaluation of reasonableness of Maximum Retail Prices (MRPs) of Phosphatic and Potassic (P&K) fertilizers under the Nutrient Based Subsidy (NBS) Policy vide Office Memorandum F.No.23011/9/2023- P&K dated January 18, 2024 issued by Department of Fertilizers, Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers :

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026			
	NBS		Non -NBS	Total Fertilizers
	Import	Manufacturing	Non -NBS	Total Fertilizers
Revenue from operations	24,614.36	143.26	5,711.30	30,468.92
Identifiable operating expenses	24,576.83	173.80	5,154.41	29,905.04
Segment operating income / (Loss)	37.53	(30.54)	556.89	563.88

28 Fair value measurements
28.1 Financial instruments by category

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost
Financial assets						
Investment in equity Instruments #	-	47.40	-	-	53.37	-
Investment in debt instruments	-	54.21	-	-	54.83	-
Investment in government securities	-	-	0.14	-	-	0.15
Investment in perpetual bonds	-	-	1,094.67	-	-	948.19
Investment in Mutual Fund and AIF	-	1,150.95	-	-	933.28	-
Trade receivables	-	-	8,246.11	-	-	4,507.11
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,643.69	-	-	367.15
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	4.92	-	-	53.88
Loans	-	-	40.29	-	-	39.82
Other financial assets	-	-	202.09	-	-	270.30
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	-	1,252.56	12,231.91	-	1,041.48	6,186.60

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28. Fair value measurements (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings including accrued interest and current maturities	-	-	10,390.80	-	-	5,263.79
Trade payables	-	-	3,226.28	-	-	3,747.12
Other financial liabilities	-	-	317.51	-	-	318.71
Lease liabilities	-	-	13.16	-	-	19.30
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	-	-	13,947.75	-	-	9,348.92

Excludes investments which are measured at cost being:

- investments in equity instruments of wholly owned subsidiaries aggregating to Rs. 1.00 (31 March 2025: Rs. 1.00) and
 - investments in equity instruments in Associate Company to Rs. 640.20 (31 March 2024: Rs.649.69)
 - investments in equity instruments in Joint Venture Company to Rs.51.00 (31 March 2024: Rs. 18.51)
- # The equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Company has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value through OCI rather than profit or loss as these strategic investments and the group considered to be more relevant."

28.2 Valuation technique and processes

The management assessed that fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, current borrowings and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of non current loans and security deposits have also been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amount since the loans are repayable on contractual terms. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The fair value of the equity instruments which are quoted are based on price quotations at reporting date. The fair value of unquoted Equity and Debt instruments, loans from banks and other financial liabilities, as well as other non-current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. In addition to being sensitive to a reasonably possible change in the forecast cash flows or discount rate, the fair value of the equity instruments is also sensitive to a reasonably possible change in the growth rates. The valuation requires management to use unobservable inputs in the model, of which the significant unobservable inputs are disclosed in the tables below. Management regularly assesses a range of reasonably possible alternatives for those significant unobservable inputs and determines their impact on the total fair value.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28.2 Valuation technique and processes (Continued)

Fair values of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings and loans are determined by using discount rate(effective interest rate) that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting year.

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments with Banks. Foreign exchange forward contracts are valued using valuation techniques, which employs the use of market observable inputs. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing model, using present value calculations. As at each period presented, the marked-to-market value of derivative liability/asset position has been recognized in the financial statements.

28.3 Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

28.3 Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values - recurring fair value measurements - As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial investments at FVTOCI				
Investment in Equity Instruments	47.05	-	0.35	47.40
Investment in Debt Instruments	54.21	-	-	54.21
Investment in Mutual funds & AIF	1,150.95	-	-	1,150.95

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed - As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investment in government securities	-	-	0.14	0.14
Investment in perpetual bonds	1,094.67	-	-	1,094.67
Financial liabilities				
Non current borrowings	-	-	217.09	217.09

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28.3 Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values - recurring fair value measurements - As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial investments at FVTOCI				
Investment in Equity Instruments	32.02	-	21.35	53.37
Investment in Debt Instruments	54.83	-	-	54.83
Financial investments at FVTPL				
Investment in Mutual funds & AIF	933.28	-	-	933.28

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed - As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investment in government securities	-	-	0.15	0.15
Investment in perpetual bonds	948.19	-	-	948.19
Financial liabilities				
Non current borrowings	-	-	71.80	71.80

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: Traded bonds, over the counter derivatives that are not traded in an active market is determined using observable market data and less reliance on entity-specific estimates.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities that are included in level 3.

28.4 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets				
Investment in government securities	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15
Investment in perpetual bonds	1,094.67	1,094.67	948.19	948.19
TOTAL ASSETS	1,094.81	1,094.81	948.34	948.34

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28.4 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	217.09	217.09	71.80	71.80
TOTAL LIABILITIES	217.09	217.09	71.80	71.80

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial assets and liabilities, cash and cash equivalents and other Bank balances are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. The fair value of non current loans and security deposits have also been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amount since the loans are repayable on contractual terms.

The fair values for non current borrowings have been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amount since the borrowings carry a variable interest rate linked to the market.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

28.5 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace.

The Company is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations on foreign currency assets/ liabilities and forecasted cash flows denominated in foreign currency. The Company follows established risk management policies, including the use of derivatives to hedge foreign currency assets/ liabilities and foreign currency forecasted cash flows. The counter party in these derivative instruments is a bank and the Company considers the risks of non-performance by the counterparty as non-material.

The following table presents the aggregate contracted principal amounts of the Company's derivative contracts outstanding :

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
	USD Crores	USD Crores
Forward contracts (sell)	0.48	0.32
Forward contracts (Buy)	-	1.96
Foreign currency principal swap (buy)	-	0.07

The foreign exchange forward contracts generally mature anywhere between 3-30 days. The foreign currency interest swap contracts mature anywhere between 2 to 39 months.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29 Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

29 (i) Credit risk**Credit risk management**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment securities. Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to clients, including outstanding accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

a) Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer (Government and Non-Government). The risk relating to dues from Government (which represents subsidy receivable) and export customer has been assessed by the management as not to be material. In respect of Non-Government customers, the demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment.

b) Investments

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by generally investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating. The Company does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties, and does not have any significant concentration of exposures to specific industry sectors.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29 (i) Credit risk (Continued)
Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach (Non-Government receivables excluding export receivables)

As at 31 March 2026:

Ageing	Not due	0-90 past due	90 to 180 days past due	180 to 270 days past due	270 to 360 days past due	360 to 720 days past due	More than 720 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount	1,973.09	291.02	44.00	7.70	1.81	14.00	210.72	2,542.34
Expected loss rate	0.56%	0.93%	2.20%	29.35%	56.35%	79.50%	100.00%	
Expected credit losses (loss allowance provision)	(11.14)	(2.71)	(0.97)	(2.26)	(1.02)	(11.13)	(210.72)	(239.95)
Carrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	1,961.95	288.31	43.03	5.44	0.79	2.87	-	2,302.39

As at 31 March 2025:

Ageing	Not due	0-90 past due	90 to 180 days past due	180 to 270 days past due	270 to 360 days past due	360 to 720 days past due	More than 720 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount	1,351.53	230.02	29.13	12.65	3.32	10.34	231.48	1,868.47
Expected loss rate	0.61%	1.04%	2.37%	17.00%	37.95%	71.86%	100.00%	
Expected credit losses (loss allowance provision)	(8.27)	(2.40)	(0.69)	(2.15)	(1.26)	(7.43)	(231.48)	(253.68)
Carrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	1,343.26	227.62	28.44	10.50	2.06	2.91	-	1,614.79

29(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. Also, the Company has unutilized credit limits with banks. The Company's corporate treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management.

The cash position of the Company is given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	2,643.69	367.15
Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	4.92	53.88
Total	2,648.61	421.03

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29(ii) Liquidity risk (Continued)
a) Financing arrangements

The Company has access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Expiring within one year - short term borrowings and other facilities expiring 31 March 2026 (Fund and non fund based)	17,673.29	17,611.84

b) Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			
	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Fixed interest rate borrowings	8,360.46	-	-	8,360.46
Variable interest rate borrowings (Refer note below)	70.26	55.79	161.30	287.35
Lease liabilities	6.11	0.43	6.62	13.16
Trade payables	3,133.54	21.22	71.52	3,226.28
Other financial liabilities	173.71	115.70	28.10	317.51
Total	11,744.08	193.14	267.54	12,204.76

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025			
	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Fixed interest rate borrowings	5,130.13			5,130.13
Variable interest rate borrowings (Refer note below)	61.86	55.79	16.01	133.66
Lease liabilities	6.34	6.34	6.62	19.30
Trade payables	3,751.98	20.49	20.65	3,793.12
Other financial liabilities	190.26	100.35	28.10	318.71
Total	9,140.57	182.97	71.38	9,394.92

Note:

The variable interest rate borrowings carry an interest rate which are linked to the market and hence in absence of known amount of outflow in respect of interest, the current undiscounted amounts have been disclosed.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29(iii) Foreign currency risk

The Company's exchange risk arises from foreign currency expenses, (primarily in U.S. Dollars and Euros) and foreign currency borrowings (in U.S. dollars). A significant portion of the Company's purchase of stock in trade are in these foreign currencies, As a result, if the value of the Indian rupee appreciates relative to these foreign currencies, the Company's costs measured in rupees may decrease. The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and these foreign currencies has changed in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate in the future. The Company has a Corporate Treasury department which meets on a periodic basis to formulate the strategy for foreign currency risk management. The Company does not primarily deal with derivative instruments.

The following table presents foreign currency risk from non-derivative financial instruments as of 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	USD Crores	INR Equivalent (in Crores)
Assets:		
EEFC Account	-	0.05
Trade receivables	9.48	897.78
Liabilities:		
Borrowings	90.40	8,556.35
Trade payables	23.95	2,267.03

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	USD Crores	INR Equivalent (in Crores)
Assets:		
EEFC Account	0.03	2.86
Trade receivables	4.18	357.56
Liabilities:		
Borrowings	59.24	5,063.53
Trade payables	20.55	1,756.28

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29(iii) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
USD Sensitivity		
INR/USD - Increase by 10% (31 March 2025-10%)	(1,072.03)	(661.70)
INR/USD - Decrease by 10% (31 March 2025-10%)	1,072.03	661.70

29(iv) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has been availing borrowings at fixed and variable rate of interest. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in interest market rates. The borrowings on a variable rate on interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Interest earned : Interest rates on debt instruments and Bank deposits are fixed and hence do not expose the Company to significant interest rate risk.

Classification of borrowings by nature of interest rate:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Borrowings at variable interest rate:		
- Current	70.26	61.86
- Non-current	217.09	71.80
Borrowings at fixed interest rate :		
- Current	10,103.45	5,130.13
- Non-current	-	-

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Interest rates increase by 10 base points	(2.02)	(0.17)
Interest rates decrease by 10 base points	2.02	0.17

The Company has availed short term loan facilities at specified interest rates and such interest rates are linked to RBI Repo rates (March 31, 2025: RBI Repo rates).

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29(v) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risks arising from investments in Debt and Equity instruments. These investments are held for strategic purposes only and not for the purposes of trading. The sensitivity analyses given below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower other comprehensive income/ equity for the year ended 31 March 2026 would increase/ decrease by Rs.1.02 (31 March 2025: Rs.1.08) as a result of the changes in fair value of equity and debt investments measured at FVTOCI. There is no impact of change in equity price on profit or loss..

30 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

a) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and Rules made thereunder.

(b) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The Company files quarterly returns or statements of current assets with banks and financial institutions.

(c) Wilful defaulter

The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any other government authority or other lenders

d) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company does not have any relations with the companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.

(e) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (restriction on number of layers) Rules, 2017

(f) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact in the current or previous financial year

(g) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

30. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III (Continued)
(g) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium (Continued)

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

(h) Undisclosed income

The Company does not have any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961.

(i) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(j) Revaluation of Property, plant & Equipment, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

(k) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the Company

The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in note 2(a) on Property, plant and equipment, are held in the name of the Company, except for the following :

Description of property	Gross carrying value (Rs. In Crores)	Net carrying amount (Rs. In Crores)	Held in the name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
1. Industrial Factory building located at Kundli, Sonipat (Haryana)	0.89	0.38	Goldline Milkfood and Allied Industries Limited	No	From September 2020 till date.	Refer note 1 below
2. Freehold land of 1 Acre located at Kundli, Sonipat (Haryana)	0.92	0.92	Goldline Milkfood and Allied Industries Limited	No	From September 2020 till date.	Refer note 1 below
3. Industrial Factory located at Muzzafarpur (Bihar)	5.41	3.55	Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited	No	From September 2020 till date.	Refer note 1 below

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

30. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III (Continued)
(k) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the Company (Continued)

In respect of the properties where the Company is the lessee, as disclosed in Note 2(b) on Right-of-use assets, all the agreements are duly executed in favour of the Company, except for the following:

Description of property	Gross carrying value (Rs. In Crores)	Net carrying amount (Rs. In Crores)	Held in the name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
1. Leasehold land measuring 266 acres located in Motipur, Bihar	56.20	42.55	Members of Motipur Sugar Factory / Bihar Sugar State Corporation Limited	No	From FY 2011-12 till date.	Refer note 2 below
2. Leasehold land located at Muzzafarpur, Bihar	0.02	0.01	Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited	No	From September 2020 till date.	Refer note 3 below

Notes for

- Pursuant to the merger of Goldline Milkfood and Allied Industries Limited (including step-down subsidiary Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited) with the Company, the title deeds of these immovable properties are still held in the name of the erstwhile entities and are yet to be registered in the name of the Company.
- The land was leased to the Company by Bihar State Sugar Corporation Limited (BSSCL) in 2011-12. BSSCL's title to the land was challenged by shareholders of the sugar factory (erstwhile land owners). The lease agreement is yet to be registered in the name of the Company. Also, refer note 2(c)
- Pursuant to the merger of Sri Krishna Fertilizers Limited with the Company, the lease agreements are in the name of the erstwhile entity and are yet to be executed in favour of the Company.

(l) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory period

(m) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The borrowings obtained by the Company from banks and financial institutions have been applied for the purposes for which such borrowings were taken.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

30. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III (Continued)
(n) Financial ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for variance
Current ratio (times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.23	1.20	2%	
Return on equity (%)	Profit after tax (PAT)	Average of Total equity	18.58%	19.44%	(4%)	
Debt-equity ratio (%)	Total debt *	Total equity	115.47%	70.30%	64%	Note 1
Debt service coverage ratio (times)	Earnings available for debt service @	Debt service #	19.99	20.76	(4%)	
Inventory turnover ratio (times)	Cost of goods sold **	Average inventories	6.56	4.11	60%	Note 2
Trade receivables turnover ratio (times)	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	5.10	5.06	1%	
Trade payables turnover ratio (times)	Net purchases ***	Average trade payables	15.57	7.84	99%	Note 3
Net capital turnover ratio (times)	Revenue from operations	Working Capital	10.19	11.22	(9%)	
Net profit ratio (%)	Profit after tax	Revenue from Operations	4.72%	6.43%	(27%)	Note 4
Return on capital employed (%)	Earnings before interest, tax	Total equity, total debt minus deferred tax assets	16.68%	17.95%	(7%)	
Return on investments made by the Company (%)	Dividend income, interest income on bonds and income from sale of investments	Average investments	61.65%	61.17%	1%	

* Total debt comprises of current and non-current borrowings.

@ Earnings available for debt service = Net Profit after Tax + Depreciation and amortization expense + Interest on long-term borrowings + Interest on lease liabilities

Debt service is the aggregate of repayment of long term borrowings and principal portion of lease payments, and their interest.

** Cost of goods sold comprises Cost of materials consumed, Purchases of stock-in-trade and Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods

*** Net purchases comprises of purchase of stock in trade and purchase of raw materials.

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

(n) Financial ratios (Continued)

1. Increase in Debt-Equity Ratio is mainly due to increase in Buyers Credit during the year
2. Increase in Inventory Turnover Ratio during the year is mainly due to increase in Cost of Goods Sold, resulting in faster movement of inventory.
3. Increase in Trade Payables Turnover Ratio is mainly due to increase in Net Credit Purchases during the year
4. Decrease in Net Profit Ratio is mainly due to increase in operating costs resulting in lower profit margin during the year

31 Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' and lenders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Capital Base comprises of Equity Share Capital and Other Equity. The Companies monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends on its equity shares. The Companies's objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize shareholder value.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Borrowings and lease liabilities	10,403.96	5,283.09
Less :Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances	(2,648.61)	(421.03)
Net Debt	7,755.35	4,862.06
Total equity	9,010.46	7,514.85
Net Debt to Equity Ratio	86.07%	64.70%

The net debt to equity ratio for the current year has increased from 64.70% to 86.07% following the significant decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year.

32 Distributions made and proposed

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
(i) Dividend on equity shares declared and paid		
Final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025: INR 20 per share (Final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024: INR 7.5 per share)	57.19	21.45
(ii) Proposed dividend		
Following dividends proposed by the directors after the reporting date and subject to the approval at the annual general meeting have not been recognised as liabilities at the year-end: Proposed dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026: INR XX per share (31 March 2025: Proposed dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025: INR 20 per share)	57.19	57.19

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

33. ACQUISITION OF SSP UNIT:

Pursuant to a Business Transfer Agreement (BTA) entered into with M/s.TJ.Agro Fertilizers Pvt.Ltd Ltd (Seller), the Company acquired the entire business of Seller's Navsari Unit, having manufacturing capacity of SSP-P of 33,000 MT and SSP-G of 22,000 MT (the business) on "As is where is and what is" basis as a going concern on a slump sale along with rights, titles and interest of the seller in Navsari Unit for a lumpsum consideration aggregating to Rs.19.50 Crores with effect from 2nd April, 2024.

The said consideration has been allocated to the Assets and Liabilities based on the respective fair value as determined by the independent valuer. The difference between the fair value of the net assets taken over and the lumpsum consideration paid aggregating to Rs. 4.18 Crores has been accounted as capital reserve and disclosed in note No.8(b) to the financial statements.

Particulars	Rs. Crores
Land	13.02
Buildings	7.18
Plant & Equipment	3.24
Vehicles	0.13
Sub-total	23.57
Net Current Assets	0.11
Net Assets	23.68
Less : Purchase Consideration	19.50
Capital Reserve as on 31 March 2025	4.18
Remeasurement of Fair value	(2.40)
Capital Reserve as on 31 March 2026	1.78

As at the reporting date, Land and Buildings are transferred in the name of the Company and the conveyance deed registered with jurisdictional Sub-registrar office based at Navsari, State of Gujarat on 09th April, 2024. As per the BTA, the employees of Navsari were absorbed on the rolls of the Company effective from 09th April, 2024. The liability towards terminal benefits like gratuity, PF and leave encashment payable to the employees as on 09th April, 2024 has been settled by the seller. Accordingly as per the BTA, the Company has duly provided accrued liability for terminal benefits including the employees of Navsari unit as at the reporting date.

The statement of Profit and Loss accounts of the Company includes revenue earned and the expenses incurred by Navsari Unit for the period from 09th April 2024 to 31st March, 2025, as the Company has taken over the management control of Navsari Unit from 09th April, 2024 and all key activities are directed and controlled by the Company effective from 09th April, 2024

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

34. Disclosure of information in terms of section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 :

Name of entity	Nature of relationship	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Carrying amount of investments made:			
IPL Sugars and Bio fuels Limited	Related Party	1.00	1.00
Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC	Related Party	640.20	649.69
Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	Related Party	51.00	18.51
Wisekey India Private Limited	Related Party	0.01	0.01
Indian Commodity Exchange Limited	Not a related Party	0.34	21.34
BSE Limited	Not a related Party	47.05	32.02
IRFC Tax Free Bonds	Not a related Party	8.30	8.39
NHAI Tax Free Bonds	Not a related Party	30.63	30.60
HUDCO Tax Free Bonds	Not a related Party	15.28	15.84
BOB Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	-	125.16
Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	130.41	141.49
Canara Bank Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	25.33	80.67
PNB Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	175.35	175.35
Bank of Maharashtra Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	25.31	25.31
Bank of India Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	25.27	25.27
Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Ltd Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	250.55	150.11
Tata International Ltd Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	100.85	10.08
Indian Overseas Bank Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	100.35	-
Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	171.05	102.31
Tata Industries Ltd Non - Convertible Debentures	Not a related Party	-	12.25
Mutual Funds and AIF Funds	Not a related Party	1,150.95	933.28
SBI Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	90.20	100.19
Sub- total		3,039.43	2,658.87

Notes forming part of Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

34. Disclosure of information in terms of section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 : (Continued)

Name of entity	Nature of relationship	Purpose	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Loans given:				
IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd. (Formally known as IPL Sugars & Allied Industries Ltd)"	Related Party	Business needs and exigencies	56.47	52.17
Sub- total (B)			56.47	52.17
Grand Total (A + B)			3,095.90	2,711.04

Note :

- Above Loans are unsecured and figures include accrued interest.
- Loans to employees have been considered to be outside the purview of this disclosure requirement

35. Events after the reporting period

Subsequent to period end, the Company has proposed final dividend of Rs.20 per fully paid share(Previous year : Rs.20), subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting (Refer note 32)

- Previous Year's figures are recast/regrouped wherever necessary to confirm to the classification of the current year.

As per our report of even date
For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Indian Potash Limited
CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

Geetha Jeyakumar
Partner
Membership No.: 029409

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
Chairman
DIN: 05197128

P.S. Gahlaut
Managing Director
DIN: 00049401

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July 2026

Arvind Kumar Kadyan
Director
DIN: 09264784

Sudhir Bhargava
Director
DIN: 00247515

Girish Kumar
Company Secretary

R. Srinivasan
Chief Financial Officer

Place: New Delhi
Date : 23rd July 2026

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Indian Potash Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiary (Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group"), its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of subsidiary, associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE), except for the effects of the matter described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) as at March 31, 2026, of consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As more fully explained in Note 24(c), there is an ongoing investigation conducted by the Central

Bureau of Investigation ("CBI") against the Company's Managing Director, one of its erstwhile director erstwhile director (retired on August 2025) and their relatives, who were mentioned in the CBI First Information Report (the "FIR"), wherein the CBI alleged that the Company had imported fertilizers at inflated prices, claimed higher subsidies from Government of India and made payment of commission by overseas supplier through complex transactions to the persons mentioned in the CBI FIR, resulting in the diversion and siphoning of funds abroad during the period 2007-2014, during which period the accounts were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants.

Further, during May 2021, a writ petition had been filed before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi ("the High Court") for quashing and setting aside the FIR on grounds of lack of jurisdictional powers of the authorities and the High Court, vide its order dated May 31, 2021, had directed in this respect that no coercive steps shall be taken against the Company and the above-named persons. The matter is pending on account of the ongoing investigation by the CBI, while writ petition is still pending in the High Court. Pending completion of investigation by the CBI, the Board of Directors of the Company has not carried out any independent investigation and hence, any alleged non-compliances with the laws and regulations including under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (now replaced by the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 and the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988, if any, that may arise on completion of such investigation and the consequential impact of the same on the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026 is not ascertainable at this stage.

This matter was also qualified in the previous year's audit report on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities

under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of India, and the relevant provisions of the Act and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

The following Key Audit Matters were included in the audit report dated March 31, 2026, containing an unmodified opinion on the Consolidated

Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company ("The Associate Group"), an Associate Company of the Holding Company issued by an independent firm and reproduced by us as under:

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter(s) described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matters	How the Key Audit Matters was addressed in our audit
1	Revenue recognition (Refer note 21 to the consolidated financial statements of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company – Associate Company)	The audit procedures include the following: The audit procedures included an assessment of the Group's accounting policies for revenue recognition in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards. We also tested the Group's controls around revenue recognition and key controls within the revenue cycle. We have tested the accuracy of revenue recognition by selecting a sample of sales invoices and match them with contracts and selling prices agreed upon. We have tested a representative sample of revenues journal entries recorded during the year based on predetermined standards. In addition to that, we have selected a sample of revenues before and after year-end to ensure proper recording in the proper period. We have also performed detailed revenue analysis using financial and non-financial information.

2	Provisions for employees' benefits (Refer note 15 to consolidated Financial statements of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company – Associate Company) The Group has different employee benefit plans such as defined contribution plans whereas the Group's financial obligations are limited to the Company's share of contribution or defined benefit plans "Death and Compensation fund". The measurement of the Death and Compensation fund provision is considered a key audit matter because the balance as of 31 December 2025 amounting to JD 66,713 thousand is material to the consolidated financial statements. Furthermore, measuring the defined benefit obligations plans liability using the projected unit credit method requires using certain assumptions related to the present value of future expected payments and the actuarial assumptions related to the resignation rates, salary increase rates and discount rates. Whereas the calculation of the defined benefit obligations plans liability is performed in accordance with actuarial studies as required by International Accounting Standards (IAS 19) "Employees benefits".	The audit procedures include the following: The audit procedures included an assessment of the accounting policies followed by the Group to recognize liabilities. Moreover, we involved our valuation experts to assist us in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies used by the actuarial expert, specifically those related to discount rates, resignation rates and salary increase rates. Nevertheless, we have assessed the extent of the independence and the qualification of the actuarial expert. We tested the accuracy of the assumptions and information used in the calculation of the employees' benefits liabilities by taking a sample of employees' contracts and payroll slips. We evaluated the sufficiency of disclosures made by the Group regarding assumptions used in the measurement of these liabilities in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS 19).
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Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Director's report including annexures to Directors Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group, its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern

and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other Matters:

We did not audit the financial statements of one subsidiary, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs.0.56 Crores as at March 31, 2026, total revenues of Rs.0.01 crores, net loss (including other comprehensive income) of Rs. 0.01 crores and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 0.01 crores for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditor(s) whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these

subsidiary and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary is based solely on the reports of the other auditor.

The Associate is located outside India whose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of the Associate located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such associate located outside India is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net Loss (including other comprehensive income) of Rs. 0.20 crores for the year ended March 31, 2026, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of Jointly controlled entity (JCE), whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of Jointly controlled entity (JCE) and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid Jointly controlled entity (JCE), is based solely on such unaudited financial statements. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, this financial statement is not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary and associate referred to in the Other Matters section above, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
 - (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - (d) Except for the effects of the matter described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) The matter described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Group.
 - (f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of

the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and Jointly controlled entity (JCE), incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies, are disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- (g) The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, paragraph 1(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 1(j)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
- (h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiary and associate referred to in the "Other Matters" section above:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, its associates and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) – Refer Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group and its Jointly controlled entity (JCE) did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the

Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies, and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2026.

- iv. a. The Management of the Holding Company and its subsidiary and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary, respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 30(g) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- b. The Management of the Holding Company and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 30(g) to consolidated financial statements, no funds have

been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary, and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- c. Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiary which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
- v On the basis of our verification and on consideration of the reports of the statutory auditors of subsidiary and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) that are Indian companies under the Act, we report that;

The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company has proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the

Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend (refer Note 35 of standalone Financial Statement)

- vi Based on our examination which included test checks, in respect of holding company accounting software(s) for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility, and audit trail feature was enables at application level and was not enables at the database level in respect of accounting software(s) to log any direct data changes.

Based on the other auditor's reports and our audit report of its subsidiary company and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) entity incorporated in India respectively whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, accounting software(s) used for maintaining their respective books of account for the year ended March 31, 2026, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software(s), and further, during the course of audit we and other auditor of above referred subsidiary did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

Additionally, the audit trail of prior year(s) has been preserved by the Holding Company and for the above referred subsidiary and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) controlled entity as per the statutory requirements for record retention to the extent it was enabled and recorded in previous years

2. In our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors referred to in the Other Matters section above, the remuneration paid or provided by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, associate companies

and joint venture companies incorporated in India to its respective Directors is in accordance with the provisions of this section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

3. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, based on the CARO reports issued by us and the auditors of respective companies included in the consolidated financial statements, as provided to us by the Management of the Holding

Sr. No	Name of the Company	CIN	Type of Company (Holding / Subsidiary/ Associate)	Clause number of the CARO Report which is qualified or Adverse
1	Indian Potash Limited	U14219TN1955PLC000961	Holding	(xi) (a)
2	IPL Sugars and Biofuels Limited	U15122DL2011PLC217940	Wholly Owned Subsidiary	Nil

For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409

UDIN : 26029409MHKTHL3583

Place : Chennai

Date : 23rd July, 2026



ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIAN POTASH LIMITED**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate and Jointly controlled entity (JCE) to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that

we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July, 2026

For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409
UDIN : 26029409MHKTHL3583



ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the Members of Indian Potash Limited on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**Opinion**

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Indian Potash Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), its associate company and Jointly controlled entity (JCE), which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Group and its and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements referred to in the Other Matters section below, the Group and, its associate companies and Jointly controlled entity (JCE), which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI").

Management's and Board of Director's Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Management and the Board of Directors of the Group and, Jointly controlled entity (JCE) which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group and Jointly controlled entity (JCE), which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the

ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group and, its associate companies and Jointly controlled entity (JCE), which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to

the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to one subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
Partner
Membership No. 029409
UDIN : 26029409MHKTHL3583

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July, 2026



Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2026 **INDIAN POTASH LIMITED**

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961



Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2 (a)	1,859.11	1,541.86
Capital work-in-progress	2(b)	23.60	83.38
Right-of-use assets	2(c)	497.38	523.85
Investment Property	2(d)	13.58	14.01
Intangible assets	3	1.21	0.59
Investments accounted for using equity method	31	6,913.86	5,760.31
Financial assets			
i. Investments	4(a)(i)	1,346.82	1,194.83
ii. Other financial assets	4(f)	5.93	94.68
Other non-current assets	6	1,634.84	1,659.12
Total non-current assets		12,296.33	10,872.63
Current assets			
Inventories	7	3,841.79	4,689.84
Financial assets			
i. Investments	4(a)(ii)	1,000.55	794.99
ii. Trade receivables	4(b)	8,246.11	4,507.11
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	4(c)	2,643.72	367.18
iv. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4(d)	4.92	53.88
v. Loans	4(e)	16.66	16.19
vi. Other financial assets	4(f)	196.16	175.62
Other current assets	6	1,385.75	632.41
Total current assets		17,335.66	11,237.22
TOTAL ASSETS		29,631.99	22,109.85
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	8(a)	28.60	28.60
Other equity	8(b)	13,634.78	11,292.89
TOTAL EQUITY		13,663.38	11,321.49
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
i. Borrowings	9(a)(i)	217.09	71.80
ii. Lease liabilities	2(c)	7.05	12.96
iii. Other financial liabilities	9(c)	143.80	128.45
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	5	1,473.02	1,174.64
Provisions	10	3.04	1.86
Other Non - Current liabilities	12	5.10	5.66
Total non-current liabilities		1,849.10	1,395.37
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
i. Borrowings	9(a)(ii)	10,173.71	5,191.99
ii. Lease liabilities	2(c)	6.11	6.34
iii. Trade payables	9(b)		
- total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		14.46	4.71
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		3,211.82	3,742.41
iv. Other financial liabilities	9(c)	173.71	190.26
Provisions	10	30.56	22.02
Income tax liabilities (net)	11	400.03	178.07
Other current liabilities	12	109.11	57.19
Total current liabilities		14,119.51	9,392.99
Total liabilities		15,968.61	10,788.36
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		29,631.99	22,109.85
Material Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409

Place : Chennai

Date : 23rd July 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Indian Potash Limited

Pankaj Kumar Bansal

Chairman

DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan

Director

DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar

Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi

Date : 23rd July 2026

P.S. Gahlaut

Managing Director

DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava

Director

DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan

Chief Financial Officer



INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

Particulars	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Income			
Revenue from operations	13	32,534.83	20,688.91
Other income	14	414.56	223.07
Total income		32,949.39	20,911.98
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	15	1,871.51	1,414.24
Purchases of stock-in-trade		25,245.77	16,855.11
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods	16	874.74	(851.06)
Employee benefits expense	17	146.43	131.53
Finance costs	18	1,176.52	499.42
Depreciation and amortisation expense	19	126.19	68.37
Other expenses	20	2,846.77	2,056.71
Total expenses		32,287.93	20,174.32
Profit before share of profit of associate and tax		661.46	737.66
Share of profit before tax of Associate & Jointly Controlled Entity	31	2,559.25	1,948.97
Profit before tax		3,220.71	2,686.63
Income tax expense	21.		
Current tax		496.09	420.44
Share of Current tax of Associate & Jointly Controlled Entity	31	579.13	469.17
Deferred tax charge		164.28	135.67
Total tax expense		1,239.50	1,025.28
Profit for the year		1,981.21	1,661.35
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Debt instruments through other comprehensive income	8(b)	(0.62)	(0.20)
Exchange difference on translation on foreign operations	8(b)	544.01	205.01
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss(FVOCI)		(142.17)	(50.83)
		401.22	153.98
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Gain/ (losses) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	8(b)	15.58	17.52
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations	8(b)	4.91	4.49
Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method	8(b)	(9.51)	(12.76)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		8.07	(2.03)
Total other comprehensive Income, net of tax		420.27	161.20
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		2,401.48	1,822.55
Earnings per equity share of Rs.10 each	22		
Basic (in Rs.)		692.80	580.95
Diluted (in Rs.)		692.80	580.95
Material Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For M S K A & Associates LLP
 (Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
 Partner
 Membership No. 029409

Place : Chennai
 Date : 23rd July 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Indian Potash Limited

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
 Chairman
 DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan
 Director
 DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar
 Company Secretary
 Place: New Delhi
 Date : 23rd July 2026

P.S. Gahlaut
 Managing Director
 DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava
 Director
 DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan
 Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

a. Equity share capital

Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2026	
		No of Shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2024		2,85,97,200	28.60
Changes in equity share capital during 2024-25	8(a)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025		2,85,97,200	28.60
Changes in equity share capital during 2025-26	8(a)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2026		2,85,97,200	28.60

b. Other Equity

Particulars	Other Equity							Total Equity attribut-able to Equity holders of the Group
	Reserves & surplus (Refer note 8(b))				Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)(Refer note 8(b))			
	Capital reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings	Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	Debt instrument through other comprehen- sive income	Equity instrument through other com- prehen- sive income	Foreign Currency translation reserve	
Opening balance as at 1 April 2024	100.52	415.57	8,581.15	1.89	49.31	17.02	322.15	9,487.61
Profit for the year	-	-	1,661.35	-	-	-	-	1,661.35
Acquisition of Navsari unit (Refer note 36)	4.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.18
Other comprehensive income /Losses (net of tax)			(6.19)		0.59	13.41	153.39	161.20
Total comprehensive income for the year	4.18	-	1,655.16	-	0.59	13.41	153.39	1,826.73
Transfer to Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund (Refer Note 8(b))	-	-	(0.26)	0.26	-	-	-	-
Final dividend	-	-	(21.45)	-	-	-	-	(21.45)
Closing balance As at 31 March 2025	104.70	415.57	10,214.60	2.15	49.90	30.43	475.54	11,292.89
Opening balance as at 1 April 2025	104.70	415.57	10,214.60	2.15	49.90	30.43	475.54	11,292.89
Profit for the year	-	-	1,981.21	-	-	-	-	1,981.21
Remeasurement on acquisition of Navsari Unit (Refer Note No 36)	(2.40)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.40)
Other comprehensive income /Losses (net of tax)	-	-	(3.44)	-	(5.88)	22.50	407.09	420.27
Total comprehensive income for the year	(2.40)	-	1,977.77	-	(5.88)	22.50	407.09	2,399.08
Molasses Storage Facilities Reserve Fund (Refer Note 8(b))	-	-	0.15	(0.15)	-	-	-	-
Final dividend	-	-	(57.19)	-	-	-	-	(57.19)
Closing balance as at 31 March 2026	102.30	415.57	12,135.33	2.00	44.02	52.93	882.63	13,634.78

Material Accounting Policies - Refer Note 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar

Partner

Membership No. 029409

Place : Chennai

Date : 23rd July 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Indian Potash Limited

Pankaj Kumar Bansal

Chairman

DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan

Director

DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar

Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi

Date : 23rd July 2026

P.S. Gahlaut

Managing Director

DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava

Director

DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan

Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	3,220.71	2,686.63
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	126.19	68.37
Finance costs	1,176.52	499.42
Unrealised Exchange difference on translation of assets and liabilities	477.17	9.72
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans and advances,(Written back)/ made	1.16	(22.36)
Share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method	(2,559.25)	(1,948.97)
Dividend from Investments	(0.27)	(0.09)
Interest Income on financial assets	(96.06)	(73.32)
Profit on sale of investments, net	(274.17)	(96.68)
(Profit) /Loss on disposal of PPE, net	-	(0.29)
	2,072.00	1,122.43
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase in trade receivables	(3,684.41)	(802.53)
Decrease / (Increase) in other financial assets	65.61	(100.87)
Decrease / (Increase) in other non-current assets	0.06	(1,634.75)
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets	(729.10)	1,417.07
Decrease / (Increase) in inventories	848.05	(898.05)
(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables	(602.18)	1,709.46
Decrease in other financial liabilities	(1.20)	(30.80)
Increase in Provisions	14.63	3.56
Increase in Other Liabilities	50.94	2.11
Cash generated from/ (used) in operations	(1,965.60)	787.63
Less: Income taxes paid	(274.13)	(284.14)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities	(2,239.73)	503.49
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Payments for property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, ROU and capital work in progress	(363.56)	(656.04)
Acquisition of Business unit (Refer note 36)	-	(19.50)
Sale proceeds of property, plant and equipment	2.44	1.21
Net Increase in non current investments	(160.03)	(536.17)
Sale of Investment in Associate	274.40	-
Investment in Mutual Funds sold (net of Purchases)	(127.48)	(696.28)
Net increase in bank deposits	48.96	(50.64)
Dividend received from Investments	1,313.33	1,040.18
Interest received on financial assets	102.84	53.32
Net cash Generated from / (used in) investing activities	1,090.90	(863.92)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated CIN : U14219TN1955PLC000961

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Cash flow from financing activities :		
Repayment from long term borrowings	(75.06)	(86.44)
Proceeds from long term borrowings	228.75	23.60
Proceeds from short term borrowings	4,512.47	741.04
Principal paid on lease payments	(8.35)	(25.84)
Dividend paid on equity shares	(57.19)	(21.45)
Finance costs paid	(1,176.52)	(499.42)
Net cash generated from financing activities	3,424.10	131.49
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	2,275.27	(228.94)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	367.18	610.41
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1.27	(14.29)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,643.72	367.18
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per statement of cash flows:		
Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 4(c))	2,643.72	367.18
Balances as per statement of cash flows	2,643.72	367.18

Material Accounting Policies - Refer Note 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
Partner
Membership No. 029409

Place : Chennai
Date : 23rd July 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Indian Potash Limited

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
Chairman
DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan
Director
DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar
Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi
Date : 23rd July 2026

P.S. Gahlaut
Managing Director
DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava
Director
DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan
Chief Financial Officer

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026**1. Overview and significant accounting policies****1.1. Group overview**

Indian Potash Limited (IPL) ("Holding Company") is a leading importer involved in distribution of Muriate of Potash, Di-Ammonium Phosphate, Sulphate of Potash, Urea, Rock Phosphate, Gypsum etc. across the country including certain in-accessible areas, duly serviced by Regional offices operating in almost all State Capitals.

The Group is involved in the business of manufacturing of Cattle feed products, Milk and milk products, Sulphitation and refined Sugar and trading of Gold and other precious metals.

Holding Company along with its Associate and Jointly Controlled Entity is also involved in mining and marketing of Phosphate rock, logistics and cargo handling services.

1.2. Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements**Compliance with Ind AS**

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below, and have complied in all material respects with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Historical cost convention

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and /or disclosure purposes in these Consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

1.2.1 Basis for consolidation

Indian Potash Limited consolidates entities which it owns or controls. The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiary. Control exists when the parent has power over the entity, is exposed, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns by using its power over the entity. Power is demonstrated through existing rights that give the ability to direct relevant activities, those which significantly affect the entity's returns.

Consolidation of subsidiary begins when the parent obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the parent loses control of its subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss from the date the parent gains control until the date when the parent ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the Group companies are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and intra-group balances and transactions, including unrealized gain / loss from such transactions, are eliminated upon consolidation. These Consolidated financial statements are prepared by applying uniform accounting policies in use at the Group. Non-controlling interests which represent part of net profit or loss and net assets of subsidiaries that are not, directly or indirectly, owned or controlled by the Company, are excluded.

Name of the entity	Country of Incorporation	% of Holding and voting power either directly or indirectly through subsidiary as at	
		31 March 2026	31 March 2025
IPL Sugars and Allied Industries Limited (IPSAL)	India	100%	100%

1.2.2 Investments in associates and Jointly controlled entity (JCE)

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or Jointly controlled entity (JCE) are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting based on the accounting policy followed by the associate.

An investment in an associate or a Jointly controlled entity (JCE) is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a Jointly controlled entity (JCE). On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a Jointly controlled entity (JCE), any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve in the period in

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

which the investment is acquired.

After application of the equity method of accounting, the Group determines whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the net investment in an associate or a Jointly controlled entity (JCE) and that event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the net investment that can be reliably estimated. If there exists such an objective evidence of impairment, then it is necessary to recognise impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a Jointly controlled entity (JCE).

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in accordance with Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a Jointly controlled entity (JCE) of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or Jointly controlled entity (JCE) are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or Jointly controlled entity (JCE) that are not related to the Group.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared as of a date different from that used by the Company. Adjustments if any, are made for the effects of significant transactions or events that occur between that date and the date of the Company's financial statements. The difference between the end of the reporting period of the associate and that of the group is not more than three months.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a Jointly controlled entity (JCE), or when the investment is classified as held for sale.

1.3 Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these Consolidated financial statements, Management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1.3.1 Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

1.3.2 Judgements are made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

- a. NRV - Expenses related to purchases like freight subsidy is adjusted for calculating the NRV
- b. Tax provision - Management uses its judgement on the probability of the outcome of the case and accordingly provision is created.

1.3.3 Assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment are reviewed on an on-going basis.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

The areas involving critical estimates and judgements are :

S.No.	Particulars	Note
1.	Fair value measurements and valuation processes (including impairment evaluation)	1.8 and 1.9
2.	Revenue recognition (including Sale of goods, principal vs agent considerations and Government Grant)	1.4
3.	Provision for doubtful receivables	1.9
4.	Physical verification of inventories	1.6
5.	Provision for employee benefits	1.14

1.4 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the value of the consideration received or receivable on sale of goods/ rendering of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods are transferred to the customer. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, except for certain arrangements, because it typically controls the goods before transferring them to the customer.

For certain arrangements, the Group acts as either as a principal or an agent. The role of the Group either as an agent or a principal is determined based on evaluation of its role as a primary obligor, has the pricing latitude in the said arrangements, its exposure to inventory risks, on a case to case basis. If the Group is a principal, gross revenue is recognised and if the Group is an agent, net revenue / commission is recognised.

The Group recognises revenue from sale of goods based on a five step model as set out in Ind AS 115, Revenue from contracts with customers.

The Group accounts for a contract when it has approval and commitment from the customer, the rights of the parties are identified, payment terms are identified, the contract has commercial substance and collectability of consideration is probable. The Group applies judgement in determining the customer's ability and intention to pay based on a variety of factors including the customer's historical payment experience.

The Group considers the terms of the contract in determining the transaction price. The transaction price is based upon the amount the Group expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring of promised goods and services to the customer after deducting returns, trade allowances and rebates and excludes applicable indirect taxes.

1.4.1 Sale of goods

Revenue in respect of sale of goods is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods are delivered to the buyer, the buyer has full discretion over the goods and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the buyer's acceptance of the goods. Revenue from the sales is recognised based on price specified in the contract. The Group accounts for volume discounts, other discounts and pricing rebates to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the rateable allocation of the discounts/rebates amount to each of the underlying revenue transaction

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

that results in progress by the customer towards earning the discount/rebate.

1.4.2 Government Grant

Subsidy income is from sale of products recognised on the basis of the rate notified from time to time by the Government of India in accordance with Nutrient Based Subsidy (NBS) policy on the quantity of Fertilizers sold by the Group for the period for which notification has been issued.

Freight and other subsidies are recognised based on the notified rates/policy and when there is a reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with all necessary conditions attached to Subsidy.

Cane subsidy for the Sugar operations from the State Government is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the subsidy will be received and all attaching conditions are complied with.

1.4.3 Other income

Other income comprises primarily of interest income, dividend income, exchange gain /loss on forward contracts and on translation of other assets and liabilities. Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method and accounted on accrual basis. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest on trade receivables, dispatch/demurrage claim and compensation/recoveries made from Government of India are accounted as and when received, on account of uncertainty in their collection.

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

1.5 Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost and is not depreciated. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is included in the profit & loss within 'Other Income'.

Advances paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each Balance Sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not ready for use before such date are disclosed under "Capital work-in-progress".

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

The Group depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The useful lives of the assets are based on useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

end of each reporting period.

1.6 Inventories

Raw materials and stores, work in progress, traded and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost on weighted average basis and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary.

Cost of raw materials and traded goods comprises cost of purchases. Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.

Cost of inventories also include other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The Group's fertilizers are stored in various ports in the form of heaps. The same is verified and measured by independent surveyors. Stocks are stored with CFA agents and the availability of the same has been confirmed by them. The Group appoints surveyors to estimate the inventories based on volumetric analysis and density of the stock.

1.7 Financial instruments**1.7.1 Initial recognition**

The Group recognises financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

1.7.2 Subsequent measurement**a. Non-derivative financial instruments****(i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost**

Financial asset that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for financial assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial asset that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

other comprehensive income (except for financial assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Further, in cases where the Group has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the "Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income". The cumulative gain or loss is not classified to profit or loss on disposal of the investments.

Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss and included in other Income in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

1.7.3 De-recognition of financial instruments

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of financial liability) is derecognised from the Group's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

1.8 Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Group uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices and dealer quotes. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

The Group has made certain investments which are not held for trading. The Group has elected the FVTOCI irrevocable option for these investments.

1.9 Impairment**a. Financial assets**

The Group recognises loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL, as applicable, as the case may be. The amount of ECLs (or reversals, if any) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in the profit or loss

b. Non-financial assets**(i) Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment**

Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating units to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

1.10 Trade Payables

The amount represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid as per payment terms of the contract. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.11 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

1.12 Foreign currency translation**(i) Functional and presentation currency**

The functional currency of the Group is the Indian rupee. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (rounded off to crores; one crore equals 100 lakhs).

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rate in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains / (losses).

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity.

1.13 Income taxes

The income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income using the income tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. The Group periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary difference arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognised as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiary where it is not probable that the differences will reverse in the

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

foreseeable future and taxable profit will not be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

1.14 Employee benefits**1.14.1 Short-term employee obligations**

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

1.14.2 Other long-term employee obligations

The Group has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each Balance Sheet date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid / availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date and remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

1.14.3 Post employment obligations**1.14.3.1 Gratuity**

The Group provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ('the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and tenure of employment with the Group.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an Independent actuary, at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method. The Group fully contributes all ascertained liabilities to the "Indian Potash Executive Gratuity Fund Trust ('the Trust') and to "Indian Potash Non-executive Gratuity Fund Trust ('the Trust')". Trustees of the fund administrator makes contributions to the Trusts and contribution are invested in a scheme with SBI Life Insurance Group Limited.

The Group recognises the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its Balance Sheet as an asset or liability. Gains and losses through re-measurements, if any, of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognised in other comprehensive income. The actual return of the portfolio of the plan assets, in excess of the yields computed by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation is recognised in other comprehensive income. The effect of any plan amendments are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

1.14.3.2 Superannuation

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

Certain employees of Indian Potash Limited are participants in a defined contribution plan. The Group has no further obligations to the plan beyond its monthly contributions which are periodically contributed to a trust fund, the corpus of which is invested with SBI Life Insurance Group Limited.

1.14.3.3 Provident fund

Eligible employees of Indian Potash Limited receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined benefit plan. Both the eligible employee and the Group make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Group contributes a portion to the Indian Potash Staff Provident Fund Trust. The trust invests in specific designated instruments as permitted by Indian law. The remaining portion is contributed to the government-administered pension fund. The rate at which the annual interest is payable to the beneficiaries by the trust is being administered by the government. The Group has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the trust and the notified interest rate.

1.15 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The board of directors of the Company assesses the financial performance and position of the Group and makes strategic decisions. The board of directors has been identified as the chief operating decision maker. Refer note 27 for segment information presented.

1.16 Rounding off amounts

All amounts disclosed in the Consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

1.17 Recent regulatory updates and accounting pronouncements

The Ministry of corporate Affairs ("MCA") notified amendments on 7 May 2025 and 13 August 2025 under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2025 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025, respectively, which is effective from annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2025.

(i) Amendment to Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107 - Supplier Finance Arrangement:

The amendments to Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' and Ind AS 107 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosures for such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk.

The Group does not have any supplier finance arrangements during the reporting period.

(ii) Amendment to Ind AS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current liabilities with covenants:

- An entity's right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period must have substance and must exist at the end of the reporting period. The classification of a liability as current or non-current is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement.
- If an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to covenants, such covenants affect whether that right exists at the end of the reporting period only if the entity is required to comply with the covenant on or before the end of the reporting period.
- In case of a liability that can be settled, at the option of the counterparty, by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, such settlement terms do not affect the classification of

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

the liability as current or non-current only if the option is classified as an equity instrument.

These amendments do not have any effect on classification as the Group does not have any borrowings during the financial year.

(iii) Amendment to Ind AS 21-Lack of exchangeability

The Amendments introduces requirement to assess when a currency is exchangeable into another currency and when it is not. The amendment requires an entity to estimate the spot exchange rate when it concludes that a currency is not exchangeable into another currency.

These amendments had no effect on the financial statements of the Group.

(iv) Amendment to Ind AS 12 – Pillar-Two Tax Reforms

The Group is not within the scope of the OECD Pillar Two Model Rules, as Pillar Two legislation has not yet been enacted in any of the jurisdiction in which the Company operates.

New standards and amendments notified but not effective

(i) Amendment to Ind AS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current liabilities with covenants:

The amendment includes specific provisions that will take effect for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2026, retrospectively, as outlined below:

- Breach of material covenant for long-term loan arrangement on or before end of reporting period with effect that liability becomes payable on demand as on reporting date, then it shall be classified as current liability, if lender agreed after reporting period and before approval of financial statements to not demand payment as a consequence of breach.
- Classify as non-current liability, if lender agreed by end of reporting period to provide grace period ending at least 12 months after reporting period within which entity can rectify the breach provided lender does not demand immediate repayment.
- Disclose information about the timing of settlement to understand the impact of the liability on the financial statements.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2 (a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Land - Freehold	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Furnitures and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment and computers	AV Van and Equipment	Total
Year Ended 31 March 2025:								
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT								
As at 1 April 2024	503.82	284.88	659.92	13.47	2.90	81.13	0.90	1,547.02
Additions during the year	0.01	24.12	330.86	0.08	1.34	5.67	0.13	362.21
Additions on account of Business acquisition (Refer Note (iv) & Note No 36)	14.20	7.18	3.24	-	0.13	-	-	24.75
Disposals	(0.28)	-	(1.21)	(0.01)	(0.19)	(0.61)	(0.01)	(2.31)
As at 31 March 2025	517.75	316.18	992.81	13.54	4.18	86.19	1.02	1,931.67
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
As at 1 April 2024	-	58.30	217.02	5.34	1.46	52.34	0.41	334.87
Depreciation charge during the year	-	10.67	36.68	1.13	0.42	7.33	0.10	56.33
Disposals	-	-	(0.84)	(0.01)	(0.16)	(0.37)	(0.01)	(1.39)
As at 31 March 2025	-	68.97	252.86	6.46	1.72	59.30	0.50	389.81
NET CARRYING AMOUNT								
As at 31 March 2025	517.75	247.21	739.95	7.08	2.46	26.89	0.52	1,541.86
Year Ended 31 March 2025:								
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT								
As at 1 April 2025	517.75	316.18	992.81	13.54	4.18	86.19	1.02	1,931.67
Additions during the year (Refer Note (iii))	62.89	17.15	275.60	0.80	1.13	50.43	0.03	408.03
Disposals	-	(1.30)	(1.41)	(0.06)	(0.10)	(49.19)	-	(52.06)
As at 31 March 2026	580.64	332.03	1,267.00	14.28	5.21	87.43	1.05	2,287.64
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
As at 1 April 2025	-	68.97	252.86	6.46	1.72	59.30	0.50	389.81
Depreciation charge during the year	-	10.94	56.65	1.07	0.51	15.34	0.09	84.60
Disposals	-	(0.19)	(0.18)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(45.43)	-	(45.88)
As at 31 March 2026	-	79.72	309.33	7.48	2.20	29.21	0.59	428.53
NET CARRYING AMOUNT								
As at 31 March 2026	580.64	252.31	957.67	6.80	3.01	58.22	0.46	1,859.11

Note:

- Refer Note 30 for additional disclosures relating to details of benami property held, revaluation of Property, plant & Equipment and Title deeds of immovable properties not held in the name of the Holding Company
- Refer note 9(a) for information on property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the Group.
- Addition includes Plant and Machinery and other assets installed in Leasehold premises
- Freehold Land of Rs.14.20 (Including registration and other charge of Rs.1.18) measuring 10016 Sq.Mts located at Navsari, Gujarat represent land acquired from T.J.Agro Fertilizers Private Limited during 2024-25 pursuant to a business transfer agreement and the title deeds are transferred in the name of the Holding Company through the conveyance deed executed on April 09, 2024.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(b) Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	As at 1 April 2025	Expenditure incurred during the year	Capitalised during the year	Written off	Closing as at 31 March 2026
Capital work-in-progress	83.38	268.80	(328.58)	-	23.60

Particulars	As at 1 April 2024	Expenditure incurred during the year	Capitalised during the year	Written off	Closing as at 31 March 2025
Capital work-in-progress	217.04	106.68	(236.76)	(3.58)	83.38

A. Ageing of Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for				
	Less than one year	1 – 2 years	2 – 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31 March 2026:					
(i) Projects in progress	15.02	7.22	0.63	-	22.87
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	15.02	7.22	0.63	-	22.87
As at 31 March 2025:					
(i) Projects in progress	21.50	57.64	3.39	-	82.53
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-	0.12	-	-	0.12
Total	21.50	57.76	3.39	-	82.65

B. There are no projects under capital work-in-progress has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 and there are no projects under capital work-in-progress that whose completion is overdue as of 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024

2(c) Right-of-use assets

Particulars	Land	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Sugar Units on Lease*	Total
Balance as at 1 April, 2024	95.86	13.01	0.08	-	108.95
Additions	7.06	-	3.53	415.92	426.51
Amortisation	(2.63)	(4.63)	(1.15)	(3.11)	(11.52)
Disposals	-	-	(0.09)	-	(0.09)
Balance as at 31 March, 2025	100.29	8.38	2.37	412.81	523.85
Additions	-	0.40	-	13.84	14.24
Amortisation	(2.63)	(4.63)	(1.15)	(32.30)	(40.71)
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2026	97.66	4.15	1.22	394.35	497.38

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(c) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

*Breakup of Sugar units on lease as below

Particulars	Valsad	Kodinar	Talala	Total
Lessor	Valsad Sahakari Khand Udyog Mandli Ltd	Shree Bileshwar Khand Udyog Khedut Sahakari Mandali Ltd, Kodinar	Shree Talala Sahakari Khand Udyog Mandali Ltd	
Tenure (in Years)	40.00	30.00	30.00	
Gross value ROU Recognised (in Rs.Crores) as on 31 March,2025	314.20	78.17	23.55	415.92
Gross Value ROU Recognised (in Rs.Crores) as on 31 March,2026	287.15	72.29	34.91	394.35

During the year, the Group assessed the recoverability of right-of-use assets relating to its sugar manufacturing units at Valsad, Kodinar and Talala in accordance with Ind AS 36, Impairment of Assets. The recoverable amounts were determined using a value-in-use methodology based on discounted cash-flow projections over the respective lease periods. The key assumptions included a pre-tax discount rate of 12% and an annual escalation rate of 5% in the relevant cash flows. The assessed recoverable amounts exceeded the respective carrying amounts and, accordingly, no impairment loss has been recognised for the year ended 31 March 2026.

Movement of Lease Liability

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening Balance	19.30	14.92
Lease Liabilities addition during the year	2.21	30.33
Lease Liabilities deletion during the year	-	(0.11)
Interest	1.21	1.51
Repayment of Lease Liability	(9.56)	(27.35)
Closing Balance	13.16	19.30

Lease liabilities		
Non-current	7.05	12.96
Current	6.11	6.34
Total	13.16	19.30
Expense relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets (shown as "Godown Rent" and "Rent including lease rentals" in Note 20 - Other expenses)	33.00	34.54

(i) Variable lease payments

The Group did not enter into lease contracts that contain variable lease options.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(c) Right-of-use assets (Continued)
(ii) Extension of termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property, plant and equipment leases across the Group. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

Right-of-use assets include unamortised portion of Rs.42.77 Crores (31 March 2025: Rs.43.70 Crores) pertaining to the amount paid for leasehold land measuring 266 acres located at Motipur, Bihar. The Land was leased to the Holding Company by Bihar State Sugar Corporation Limited (BSSCL) in 2011-2012. BSSCL's title to the land was challenged by shareholders of the sugar factory (erstwhile owners of the land) and consequently the lease to the Holding Company was also questioned as illegal. The petition filed by the shareholders of Sugar Factory is pending before the Supreme Court of India. In the meanwhile, the Holding Company had filed an arbitration petition before High Court of Patna against BSSCL for recovery of the Holding Company's losses as a result of the aforesaid proceedings. High Court of Patna appointed a sole arbitrator, who passed an order granting an award of Rs.38.27 Crores in favour of the Holding Company. The Holding Company has filed an execution petition before High Court of Patna to give effect to the award and the matter is still pending with the High Court. The lease agreement is yet to be registered in the name of the Holding Company.

2(d) Investment Property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Carrying Amounts of:		
Land & Building	13.58	14.01
Total	13.58	14.01
Gross Carrying Amount		
Opening Balance	15.01	15.01
Disposals	-	-
Closing Balance	15.01	15.01
Accumulated Depreciation		
Opening Balance	1.00	0.57
Depreciation for the year	0.43	0.43
Closing Balance	1.43	1.00

Fair value of the Group's Investment properties

The following table gives details of the fair value of the Group's Investment properties as at March 31, 2026

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Land & Building#	19.76	19.76

#Portion of building which was given on rent to which IND AS 40 applies

Refer Note 2(a)(ii)

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

2(d) Investment Property (Continued)

- a. The fair value of the Group's Investment properties as at March 31, 2024 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by M/s. A One Valuer, independent valuers not related to the Group. Fair value was derived using the market comparable approach based on recent market/ government guideline prices without any significant adjustments being made to the market observable data. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.
- b. During the year ended 31 March 2026, Rs. 1.54 Crore (Previous year : Rs.1.46 Crore) was recognised in statement of Profit and loss account in relation to rental income from investment property (Refer note 14)

3 Intangible assets

Particulars	Computer software	Total
Year ended 31 March 2025:		
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 1 April 2024	11.33	11.33
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	11.33	11.33
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION		
As at 1 April 2024	10.65	10.65
Amortisation charge for the year	0.09	0.09
Balance as at 31 March 2025	10.74	10.74
NET CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 31 March 2025	0.59	0.59
Year ended 31 March 2026:		
GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 1 April 2025	11.33	11.33
Additions	1.07	1.07
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2026	12.40	12.40
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION		
As at 1 April 2025	10.74	10.74
Amortisation charge for the year	0.45	0.45
Balance as at 31 March 2026	11.19	11.19
NET CARRYING AMOUNT		
As at 31 March 2026	1.21	1.21

Refer Note 30 for additional Disclosures

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4. Financial Assets

4(a) Investments

4(a) (i) Non-Current Investments

Investments measured at FVTOCI

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in equity instruments (fully paid-up) Quoted		
1,75,320 (31 March 2025: 58,440) equity shares of BSE Limited	47.05	32.02
Sub - Total (A)	47.05	32.02
Unquoted		
2,66,75,000 (31 March 2025: 2,66,75,000) equity shares of Indian Commodity Exchange Limited	0.34	21.34
1,00,000 (31 March 2025: 1,00,000) equity shares of Wisekey India Private Limited	0.01	0.01
Sub - Total (B)	0.35	21.35
Investments in Debt Instruments		
Quoted		
75,500 (31 March 2025: 75,500) units of IRFC Tax Free Bonds - 2030 - 7.28%	8.30	8.39
2,85,698 (31 March 2025: 2,85,698) units of NHAI Tax Free Bonds - 2031 - 7.35%	30.63	30.60
1,40,139 (31 March 2025: 1,40,139) units of HUDCO Tax Free Bonds- 2031 - 7.39%	15.28	15.84
Sub - Total (C)	54.21	54.83

Investments carried at Amortised Cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in government securities		
Unquoted		
114 (31 March 2025 :119) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.10,000)	0.11	0.12
51 (31 March 2025:51) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.5,000)	0.03	0.03
15 (31 March 2025 : 15) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.1,000)*	0.00	0.00
2 (31 March 2025: 2) units of National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (Face value: Rs.500)*	0.00	0.00
Sub - Total (D)	0.14	0.15

*Amounts are less than lakhs

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(a) (i) Non-Current Investments (Continued)
Investments carried at FVTPL

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments in trust securities		
Unquoted		
13,829 (31 March 2025: 13,829) Units of Alternative Investment Funds (Face value: Rs.1,00,000)	139.14	138.29
11,19,94,400 (31 March 2025: NIL) Units of Alternative Investment Funds (Face value: Rs.100)	11.26	-
Sub - Total (E)	150.40	138.29
Investments in Debt Instruments Quoted		
NIL (31 March 2025 :500) units of Bank of Baroda Perpetual Bond - 8.50%	-	50.00
NIL (31 March 2025 :250) units of Bank of Baroda Perpetual Bond - 8.25%	-	25.16
NIL (31 March 2025 :500) units of Bank of Baroda Perpetual Bond - 8.15%	-	50.00
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Bank of Maharashtra Perpetual Bond - 8.74%	25.31	25.31
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.57%	25.27	25.27
NIL (31 March 2025 :550) units of Canara Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.5%	-	55.34
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Canara Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	25.33	25.33
150 (31 March 2025 :150) units of Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Ltd-9.5%	150.11	150.11
100 (31 March 2025 :NIL) units of Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Ltd-9.25%	100.44	-
100 (31 March 2025 :NIL) units of Indian Overseas Bank-7.80%	100.35	-
25 (31 March 2025:25) units of Punjab National Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	24.97	24.97
150 (31 March 2025:150) units of Punjab National Bank Perpetual Bond - 8.59%	150.38	150.38
80 (31 March 2025 :80) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.72%	80.18	80.18
100 (31 March 2025:100) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.55%	10.02	10.02
NIL (31 March 2025:50) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.74%	-	5.00
NIL (31 March 2025:50) units of State Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 7.73%	-	4.99

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(a) (i) Non-Current Investments (Continued)

Investments carried at Amortised Cost (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
NIL (31 March 2025 :100) units of Tata International Ltd, - 9.10%	-	10.08
NIL (31 March 2025 :100) units of Tata International Ltd, Non Convertible Debenture	-	12.25
1000 (31 March 2025 :NIL) units of Tata International Ltd, - 9.00%	100.85	-
16,695(31 March 2025 :10,000) Units of Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation-9.35%	171.05	102.31
60 (31 March 2025:60) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	59.94	59.94
25 (31 March 2025 :25) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	25.18	25.18
40 (31 March 2025 :40) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	40.25	40.25
5 (31 March 2025 :5) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.40%	5.04	5.04
NIL (31 March 2025 :5) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.64%	-	1.00
NIL (31 March 2025 :10) units of Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond - 8.73%	-	10.08
Sub - Total (F)	1,094.67	948.19
Total non-current investments (A+B+C+D+E+F+)	1,346.82	1,194.83
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	1,195.93	1,035.04
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	1,195.93	1,035.04
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	0.49	21.50
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	-	-

4(a) (ii) Current investments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Investments measured at FVTPL		
Investments in Debt Instruments		
Unquoted		
Investments in mutual funds	1,000.55	794.99
Total current investments	1,000.55	794.99
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	1,000.55	794.99
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	-	-

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(b) Trade Receivables(Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade receivables (including subsidy receivables Rs.5,532.73 (March 31, 2025: Rs.2,805.49))	8,520.63	4,788.10
Less: Allowance for credit loss (including provision on subsidy receivables Rs.19.66 (March 31, 2025: Rs. 27.67))	(274.52)	(280.99)
Total Trade receivables	8,246.11	4,507.11
Non-current	-	-
Current	8,246.11	4,507.11

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade receivables considered good - Unsecured	8,520.63	4,788.10
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-
Sub Total	8,520.63	4,788.10
Allowance for Expected credit loss	(274.52)	(280.99)
Net trade receivables	8,246.11	4,507.11

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
The movement in allowances for Expected credit loss is as follows:		
Opening balance	280.99	326.10
Addition	7.21	-
Reversal of Provision	(6.47)	(22.19)
Set off against write off of Receivables	(7.21)	(22.92)
Closing Balance	274.52	280.99

Notes:

- i) The Group trade receivables do not carry a significant financing element. In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group uses the expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on its trade receivables. For this purpose, the Group uses a simplified approach to compute the expected credit loss amount for trade receivables. This approach takes into account external and internal credit risk factors and historical data of credit losses from various customers adjusted for forward looking estimates. Accordingly, the Company creates provision for past dues receivable beyond 90 days ranging between 2.02% to 100%. Besides, based on the ECL Model the Company also provided upto 0.61% for receivables less than 90 days.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(b) Trade Receivables(Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

- ii) There are no trade or other receivable which are either due from directors or other officers of the Group either severally or jointly with any other person nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.
- iii) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 15 to 90 days.
- iv) Refer note 9 (a)(ii) for information on trade receivables pledged as security by the Group.
- v) Refer note 29 (i) Credit risk for information on Expected Credit Loss
- vi) Refer note 25 for related party disclosures

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2026								
Undisputed trade receivables								
– considered good	1,906.40	2,195.20	3,443.85	496.43	124.45	7.97	194.10	8,368.40
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables								
– considered good	-	-	-	2.43	6.26	3.06	140.48	152.23
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,906.40	2,195.20	3,443.85	498.86	130.71	11.03	334.58	8,520.63
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss								(274.52)
Total Trade receivables								8,246.11

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2025								
Undisputed trade receivables								
– considered good	1,190.01	1,352.77	1,063.05	309.86	441.16	65.62	201.70	4,624.17
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables								
– considered good	-	-	-	1.16	2.86	8.39	151.52	163.93
– which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
– credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,190.01	1,352.77	1,063.05	311.02	444.02	74.01	353.22	4,788.10
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss								(280.99)
Total Trade receivables								4,507.11

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Bank balances in current accounts*	1,418.36	314.10
Bank balances in EEFC accounts	0.05	2.86
Bank deposits with original maturity of less than three months	1,225.00	50.00
Cash on hand	0.31	0.22
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,643.72	367.18

Note:

*Bank balances in current accounts includes Rs.9.04 (31 March 2025: Rs. 3.67) held in a separate bank account for unspent ongoing CSR Projects.

4(d) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Bank balances in dividend accounts(Refer Note 9c)	2.92	1.73
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months and less than 12 months	-	50.00
Molasses storage fund deposit account (Refer note 8(b))	2.00	2.15
Total Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4.92	53.88
Deposits earmarked against Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	2.00	2.15
Deposits under lien with Pollution Control Boards	0.34	0.32
Other lien marked deposits	12.22	17.03

4(e) Loans

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Unsecured and considered good				
Loans to employees	2.20	-	3.19	-
Loans to Others	14.46	-	13.00	-
Total Loans	16.66	-	16.19	-

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

4(f) Other financial assets
(Unsecured, Considered good, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Security deposits	39.68	-	1.40	9.24
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than twelve months	28.14	5.93	105.74	19.88
Advances to employees	1.28	-	0.13	-
Interest accrued on deposits	4.14	-	12.58	-
Interest accrued on bonds and Government securities	41.98	-	36.14	-
Claims receivable*	80.94	-	19.63	65.56
Total Other financial assets	196.16	5.93	175.62	94.68

* Claims receivable includes amount receivable of Rs.65.45 crores (net) from a vendor supplying to the Group. During the Financial year 2022-23, the Group has filed an Arbitration claim against the vendor for failure of supply of urea as per contractual terms. Rs.84.48 crores has been accounted as claims receivable and adjusted with an amount of Rs. 19.03 Crores payable to vendor which was due to invocation of Bank guarantee issued by the vendor. During the year Company has recognized Rs. 14.90 crores as Interest Income against this claim receivable.

5 Deferred tax assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Deferred tax assets:		
Provision for compensated absences	3.32	2.89
Provision for doubtful assets	192.13	192.67
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	8.81	5.14
Others (including lease liabilities)	3.31	4.86
Total of Deferred tax assets	207.57	205.56
Deferred tax liabilities:		
On difference between book balance and tax balance of PPE	74.34	60.58
On reserve for debt and equity instruments through OCI	4.81	2.90
Right of Use Assets	26.57	27.68
On exchange difference on translation on foreign operations	296.44	159.52
On share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method	1,278.43	1,129.52
Total of Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,680.59	1,380.20
Deferred tax assets (net)	(1,473.02)	(1,174.64)

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

5. Deferred tax assets (Continued)

Movement in deferred tax assets / (liabilities)

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	Closing balance
For the year 2025-26:				
Deferred tax (liabilities) / asset in relation to:				
Provision for compensated absences	2.89	0.43	-	3.32
Provision for doubtful assets	192.67	(0.54)	-	192.13
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	5.14	(0.63)	4.30	8.81
Others (including lease liabilities)	4.86	(1.55)	-	3.31
Right of Use Assets	(27.68)	1.11	-	(26.57)
Property, plant and equipment	(60.58)	(13.76)	-	(74.34)
Debt and equity instruments through OCI	(2.90)	-	(1.91)	(4.81)
On share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method	(1,129.52)	(149.34)	0.43	(1,278.43)
On Foreign currency translation reserve	(159.52)	-	(136.92)	(296.44)
Net Deferred tax assets	(1,174.64)	(164.28)	(134.10)	(1,473.02)
For the year 2024-25				
Deferred tax (liabilities) / asset in relation to:				
Provision for compensated absences	2.33	0.56	-	2.89
Provision for doubtful assets	202.78	(10.11)	-	192.67
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	2.39	(1.67)	4.42	5.14
Others (including lease liabilities)	3.76	1.10	-	4.86
Right of Use Assets	(27.42)	(0.26)	-	(27.68)
Property, plant and equipment	(46.16)	(14.42)	-	(60.58)
Debt and equity instruments through OCI	2.75	-	(5.65)	(2.90)
On share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method	(1,018.65)	(110.87)	-	(1,129.52)
On Foreign currency translation reserve	(107.90)	-	(51.62)	(159.52)
Net Deferred tax assets	(986.12)	(135.67)	(52.85)	(1,174.64)

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

6. Other assets

(Unsecured, Considered good, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Capital advances	24.00	16.13	-	25.46
Advance to suppliers	182.28	-	98.52	77.54
Balances with statutory authorities				
- Goods and service tax (net of provision of Rs.450 Crores)	1,135.38	1,618.71	531.26	1,556.12
- Others	41.99	-	0.18	-
Prepaid expenses	2.10	-	2.45	-
Total	1,385.75	1,634.84	632.41	1,659.12

7 Inventories

(At lower of cost and Net Realisable value)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Raw materials	85.03	66.53
Packing Materials	26.90	24.70
Work-in-progress	38.06	31.43
Finished goods (other than those acquired for trading)	918.22	968.92
Stock-in-trade (acquired for trading) * #	2,751.82	3,582.49
Stores and spares	21.76	15.77
Total Inventories	3,841.79	4,689.84
* Includes Goods in transit	619.27	1,223.53

A possible reasonable change in the estimates is not expected to have a significant impact on the amounts recognised as the same would be recovered from the agent who is managing the inventory.

The cost of inventories recognised an expense in 'Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods' includes Rs.0.14 Crores (31 March 2025:Rs 0.37 crores) in respect of write down of inventories to net realisable value.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the year was Rs. 27,992.02 Crores (31 March 25: Rs.17,418.29 Crores)

Refer Note 9(a)(ii) for details of inventory pledged as security

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

8(a) Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Authorised		
6,12,00,000 (31 March 2026: 6,12,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10/- each	61.20	61.20
Issued, subscribed and paid-up		
2,85,97,200 (31 March 2026: 2,85,97,200) equity shares of Rs 10/- each, fully paid up	28.60	28.60
Total Equity share capital	28.60	28.60

(i) Movement in equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Equity Shares				
At the commencement of the year	2,85,97,200	28.60	2,85,97,200	28.60
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	2,85,97,200	28.60	2,85,97,200	28.60

(ii) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Group has one class of equity shares having a face value of Rs.10 each . Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the case of interim dividend. Every holder of equity shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(iii) Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	No. of shares	% of equity shares	No. of shares	% of equity shares
Equity shares of Rs 10/- each fully paid up, held by:				
Indian Farmers Fertilisers Cooperative Limited	97,20,000	33.99	97,20,000	33.99
Gujarat State Co-operative Marketing Federation Limited	29,88,000	10.45	29,88,000	10.45
Gujarat State Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited	22,50,000	7.87	22,50,000	7.87
Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Marketing Federation Limited	17,82,000	6.23	17,82,000	6.23
Madras Fertilisers Limited	15,84,000	5.54	15,84,000	5.54

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

8(a) Equity share capital (Continued)

- (iv) The Group has no promoters based on the annual return filed with Registrar of Companies. Consequently, this disclosure relating to details of shareholding of promoters is not applicable.
- (v) The Group has not undertaken any buy back of shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

8(b) Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Capital reserve	102.30	104.70
General reserve	415.57	415.57
Retained earnings	12,135.33	10,214.60
Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	2.00	2.15
Reserve for debt instruments fair value through OCI	44.02	49.90
Reserve for equity instruments fair value through OCI	52.93	30.43
Foreign currency translation reserve	882.63	475.54
Total Other Equity	13,634.78	11,292.89

8(b) (i) Capital reserve

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	104.70	100.52
Remeasurement on acquisition of Navsari Unit (Refer Note No 33)	(2.40)	4.18
Closing balance	102.30	104.70

Represents reserve created on account of business combination and merger which is not available for distribution as dividend.

8(b) (ii) General reserve

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	415.57	415.57
Movements	-	-
Closing balance	415.57	415.57

General reserve is a free reserve arising from transfers from retained earnings made in the previous years. The balance is available for distribution to the members as dividend or for paying up unissued shares to be issued to the members of the Group as fully paid bonus shares.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

8(b) Other Equity (Continued)
8(b) (iii) Retained earnings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	10,214.60	8,581.15
Profit attributable to owners of the Group	1,981.21	1,661.35
Other comprehensive income arising from remeasurement of defined benefit obligation, net of tax	3.68	3.36
Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted using equity method	(7.12)	(9.55)
Final dividend	(57.19)	(21.45)
Others - Transferred to Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund	0.15	(0.26)
Closing balance	12,135.33	10,214.60

Group's share of cumulative earnings since its formation minus the dividends/capitalisation and earnings transferred to general reserve.

8(b) (iv) Molasses Storage Facility Reserve Fund

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening Balance	2.15	1.89
Transferred from Retained Earnings	(0.15)	0.26
Closing Balance	2.00	2.15

Represents amount transferred from Retained earnings for utilization towards maintenance of adequate storage facilities in accordance with the order issued by the Controller of Uttar Pradesh State Sugar Corporation at the stipulated rate. The Group has earmarked bank deposits corresponding to this reserve.

8(b) (v) Reserve for debt instruments through OCI

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	49.90	49.31
Changes in fair value of debt instruments	(0.62)	(0.20)
Deferred tax on the above	(5.26)	0.79
Closing balance	44.02	49.90

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

8(b) Other Equity (Continued)
8(b) (vi) Reserve for equity instruments through OCI

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	30.43	17.02
Changes in fair value of equity instruments	15.58	17.52
Tax on the above	6.92	(4.11)
Closing balance	52.93	30.43

The Group has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity/debt securities in other comprehensive income.

These changes are accumulated within reserve for equity/debt investments through OCI within equity.

8(b) (vii) Foreign currency translation reserve

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	475.54	322.15
Exchange difference on translation	544.01	205.01
Deferred tax on the above	(136.92)	(51.62)
Closing balance	882.63	475.54

9. Financial liabilities
9(a) Borrowings
9(a)(i) Non-current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Secured, at amortised cost		
From a bank		
Term Loan	287.35	133.66
Total non-current borrowings	287.35	133.66
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt [included in Current borrowings]	(70.26)	(61.86)
Non - current borrowings	217.09	71.80

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9. Financial liabilities
9(a)(i) Non-current borrowings (Continued)
Nature of security and terms of repayment for non-current borrowings:
Term loan from Axis Bank *

Maturity date	September 2027
Terms of Repayment	17 quarterly installments
installment amount	INR 8.69 (FY 2024-25 : INR 8.69)
Rate of Interest	8.75 % P. Annum (FY 2024-25 : 9.35 % P.A)
Security	Exclusive charge on the Fixed asset (movable / immovable) of the Greenfield Distillery project at Jaring, Nandol, District Kalahandi, Odisha.

Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank*

Maturity date	December 2027
Terms of Repayment	19 quarterly installments
installment amount	INR 5.26 (FY 2024-25 : INR 5.26)
Rate of Interest	Repo + 1.85% P.A (FY 2024-25 : Repo + 1.85% P.A)
Security	Mortgage on exclusive basis over land (around 116.74 acres) and building (incl. movable fixed assets) located at Village Haripur and Village Korian, of District Dhenkanal, Odisha in the name of the holding Company.

Term loan from HDFC Bank *

Maturity date	September 2031
Terms of Repayment	24 quarterly installments
installment amount	INR 2.29 (FY 2024-25 :NIL)
Rate of Interest	7.50 % P.A (FY 2024-25 :NIL)
Security	Exclusive charge on the Lease agreement deed of three Sugar Units (Valsad, Talala and Kodinar in Gujarat

*The Group has entered into interest rate swap agreement (derivative instrument) with HDFC bank on term loans obtained from HDFC bank and this derivative instrument is valid till 26-06-2025

Refer note 2(a) for securities mentioned above

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9 (a) (ii) Current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Unsecured, at amortised cost		
From banks		
Other working capital loans	1,742.99	-
Secured, at amortised cost		
From banks		
Buyers' credit	8,360.46	5,130.13
Current maturities of long-term debt	70.26	61.86
Current borrowings (as per balance sheet)	10,173.71	5,191.99

Net Debt Reconciliation

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	2,643.72	367.18
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4.92	53.88
Current Borrowings	(10,103.45)	(5,130.13)
Non-current borrowings including current maturities	(287.35)	(133.66)
Net Debt	(7,742.16)	(4,842.73)

Particulars	Liabilities from financing activities		Total
	Non -Current borrowings	Current borrowings	
Net Debt as at April 1, 2024	(196.50)	(4,378.18)	(4,574.68)
Cash Flows	59.85	(605.64)	(545.79)
Foreign Exchange adjustments	-	(140.52)	(140.52)
Interest expense	(7.07)	(299.75)	(306.82)
Interest paid	10.06	293.95	304.01
Net Debt as at March 31, 2025	(133.66)	(5,130.13)	(5,263.79)
Cash Flows	(142.07)	(4,155.12)	(4,297.19)
Foreign Exchange adjustments	-	(766.24)	(766.24)
Interest expense	(17.51)	(328.97)	(346.48)
Interest paid	5.89	277.01	282.90
Net Debt as at March 31, 2026	(287.35)	(10,103.45)	(10,390.80)

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9(b) Trade payables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Trade payables		
- total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises#	14.46	4.71
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises *	3,211.82	3,742.41
Total Trade payables	3,226.28	3,747.12

* Of the above trade payables, the Group has issued letter of credits aggregating to Rs. 3,521.49 (31 March 2025: Rs.3,283.64). Refer note 25 for related party disclosures

Determined based on the information available with the Company and refer note 26 for MSME disclosure

Particulars	Unbilled	Outstanding for following periods from the due date					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
As at 31 March 2026							
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	14.46	-	-	-	-	14.46
Others	-	3,095.95	23.13	21.22	10.66	60.86	3,211.82
Disputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	3,110.41	23.13	21.22	10.66	60.86	3,226.28
As at 31 March 2025							
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	4.71	-	-	-	-	4.71
Others	-	3,685.44	15.83	20.49	1.44	19.21	3,742.41
Disputed trade payables							
Micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	3,690.15	15.83	20.49	1.44	19.21	3,747.12

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

9(c) Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Interest accrued but not due	53.21	-	46.03	-
Unpaid dividends	2.92	-	1.73	-
Payables on purchase of Property, plant and equipment*	97.44	28.10	125.13	28.10
Customer discounts	-	-	-	5.02
Employee benefits payable	20.14	-	14.87	5.44
Trade / security deposits received	-	115.70	2.50	89.89
Total	173.71	143.80	190.26	128.45

*Includes Rs.93.65 Crores towards liability taken over against three newly acquired sugars units

10 Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Provisions for Employee Benefits				
- Gratuity	12.13	-	7.67	-
- Compensated absences & Medical Leave	10.14	3.04	9.58	1.86
- Provident fund (Refer Note 10B)	3.52	-	-	-
Provisions for indirect tax litigations (Refer note 24)	4.77	-	4.77	-
Total Provisions	30.56	3.04	22.02	1.86

Provisions for Gratuity

The actuary has assessed the calculations of the Interest Rate Guarantees based on the guidance note issued by the Institute of Actuaries of India. The disclosures required under Ind AS 19 are provided below

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

Disclosure of Post employment benefits:	Gratuity (Funded)	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Interest cost	3.23	3.67
Current service cost	3.03	2.82
Past Service Cost	8.42	
Expected return on plan assets	(2.65)	(2.98)
Total expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	12.02	3.51

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)

Disclosure of Post employment benefits:	Gratuity (Funded)	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Remeasurements:		
Actuarial losses/ (gains)		
- Demographic assumption changes in DBO		
- Financial assumption changes in DBO	(0.97)	2.86
- Experience changes on DBO	(5.91)	(7.47)
Rate on Plan assets less than discount rate	(0.10)	0.12
Total expense recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income	(6.98)	(4.49)
Net defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet:		
Present value of Defined benefit obligation (DBO)	51.01	48.09
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	38.88	40.42
Net defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet	12.13	7.67
Changes in the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) during the year:		
Present value of DBO at the beginning of year	48.09	51.28
Interest cost	3.23	3.67
Current service cost	3.03	2.82
Actuarial (gains) / losses	8.42	-
Liabilities Transferred In /Acquisitions	(6.88)	(4.61)
Employees contribution	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-
Liabilities assumed / (settled)	(4.89)	(5.07)
Present value of DBO at the end of year	51.01	48.09
Changes in the fair value of assets during the year:		
Plan assets at beginning of year	40.42	41.78
Expected return on plan assets	2.65	2.98
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets		
Actual Company contributions	0.59	0.85
Employee contributions		
Benefits paid	(4.89)	(5.07)
Assets acquired / (settled)		
Actuarial gain / (loss)	0.10	(0.12)
Plan assets as at end of year	38.88	40.42

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)

Current portion	12.13	7.67
Non-current portion	-	-
	12.13	7.67
Actuarial assumptions:		
Discount Rate	6.72%	7.20%
Expected rate of salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition Rate	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate

Experience adjustments	2025-26	2024-25
Present value of DBO	51.00	48.09
Fair value of plan assets	38.88	40.42
Funded status [Surplus / (Deficit)]	(12.13)	(7.67)
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan liabilities	6.88	4.61
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan assets	-	-

Provisions for Employee Benefits
Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

	Change in assumption (Gratuity)		Impact on Defined Benefit Obligation			
			Increase in assumption		Decrease in assumption	
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
Discount rate	1%	1%	(2.12)	(2.46)	2.37	2.76
Salary growth	1%	1%	2.11	2.51	(1.97)	(2.31)

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognized in the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)
Defined benefit liability and employer contributions

The Group has agreed that it will aim to eliminate the deficit in defined benefit gratuity plan on an yearly basis. Funding levels are monitored on an annual basis and the current agreed contribution rate is 12% of the basic salaries in India. The Group considers that the contribution rates set at the last valuation date are sufficient to eliminate the deficit over the agreed period and that regular contributions, which are based on service costs, will not increase significantly.

Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans for the year ending 31 March 2027 are INR 9.09 Crores

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation ranging upto 6 years (31 March 2026: 6 years) for executive and non-executive employees respectively. The expected maturity analysis of gratuity is as follows :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Less than 1 year	12.64	7.01
Between 1 -2 years	8.27	4.89
Between 2-5 years	4.87	5.93
Over 5 years	4.21	5.33
Total	29.99	23.16
Major category of plan assets		
Asset classification		
Insurance Fund	38.88	40.42

B. Note on Provident Fund

With respect to employees, who are covered under Provident Fund Trust administered by the Group, the Group shall make good deficiency, if any in the interest rate declared by Trust over statutory limit. Having regards to the assets of the Fund and the return on the investments, the Group does not expect any deficiency in the foreseeable future. The actuary has assessed the calculations of the Interest Rate Guarantees based on the guidance note issued by the Institute of Actuaries of India. The disclosures required under Ind AS 19 is as set out below:

Fund and Plan Asset position as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Present Value of Benefit obligation at the end of the year	101.32	93.42
Fair value of Plan assets at the end of the year	103.05	95.59
(Surplus)/Defecit available	(1.73)	(2.17)
Liability recognised in Balance Sheet	-	-

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

10 Provisions (Continued)

The Plan assets are primarily invested in government Securities, Debt instruments & Special deposit scheme

Assumptions for present value of interest rate guarantee are as follows :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount rate	7.14%	6.72%
Expected guarantee rate	8.25%	8.25%
Attrition Rate	5%	5%

C. Compensated absences & Medical Leave (Unfunded)

The defined benefit obligations which are provided for but not funded are as under

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Compensated absences		
-Non-Current	3.04	1.86
- Current	10.14	9.58
Total	13.18	11.44

Actuarial assumptions:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Discount Rate	7.14%	6.72%
Salary Escalation	5%	5%
Attrition Rate	5%	5%
Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate

11. Income tax (assets) / liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Income tax assets		
Advance tax and tax deducted at source	2,758.47	2,752.23
Total Income tax assets	2,758.47	2,752.23
Income tax liabilities		
Income tax payable	3,158.50	2,930.30
Total Income tax liabilities	3,158.50	2,930.30
Net Income tax liabilities	400.03	178.07

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

12 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Advances from customers*	76.52	-	34.01	-
Statutory dues payables	11.03	-	7.24	-
Deferred Income#	0.57	5.10	0.57	5.66
Liability towards CSR@	20.99	-	15.37	-
Total Other current liabilities	109.11	5.10	57.19	5.66

*Refer note 4(b) for terms and conditions

Deferred Income represents unamortised portion of Government grants of Rs. 5.67 Crores on account of setting up of 10200 Kg/ day Bio CNG Plant.

@ Represents CSR unspent amount

13 Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Sale of products	19,116.75	14,080.06
Less : Sales discounts	(203.80)	(316.64)
Less : Freight allowance	(117.84)	(77.59)
Sub Total (A)	18,795.11	13,685.83
Government subsidy (B)	13,069.34	6,450.63
Revenue from Urea canalizing agent transactions (High sea sales)		
[Sale Value of goods	14,973.25	5,222.42
Less: Cost of Quantity imported on Government Account ' Also refer note below*]	(14,940.66)	(5,207.45)
Sub Total (C)	32.59	14.97
Sale of services	603.46	491.72
Other operating revenues	34.33	45.76
Total revenue from operations	32,534.83	20,688.91

* For arrangements of import of Urea on Government Account, Group acts as a canalizing agent. The role of the Group either as an agent or a principal is determined based on evaluation of its role as a primary obligor, has the pricing latitude in the said arrangements, its exposure to inventory risks, on case to case basis. Net Income representing the trade margin is recognized as revenue as per the terms of agreement when such amounts become entitled.

The Group has determined that a disaggregation of revenue using existing segments and the timing of the transfer of goods or services is adequate for its circumstances. Refer note 27 - Segment Reporting for related disclosures and refer note 25 for related party disclosures

No element of financing is deemed to be present as the sales are made with the credit term for a period less than one year.

Revenue is recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

14 Other income

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Interest Income		
- Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as at FVTPL	1.55	0.09
-Bank Deposits (at amortised cost)	6.12	8.65
- Interest income from Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	88.39	64.58
Dividend on Investments	0.27	0.09
Profit on sale of investments, net	274.17	96.68
Reversal of ECL Provision	6.47	22.36
Gain on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	-	0.29
Income from Investment Property	1.54	1.46
Receipts towards insurance claims	9.90	-
Miscellaneous Income	26.15	28.87
Total Other income	414.56	223.07

15 Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Raw materials		
Raw materials at the beginning of the year	66.53	24.90
Add: Purchases	1,890.01	1,455.87
Less: Raw materials at the end of the year	(85.03)	(66.53)
Total cost of materials consumed	1,871.51	1,414.24
Material consumed comprises:		
Sugarcane	1,372.51	1,256.25
Others	499.00	157.99
Total	1,871.51	1,414.24

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

16 Changes in inventories of Finished goods, work-in-progress and Stock-in-trade

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	968.92	890.28
Work in progress	31.43	27.28
Stock-in-trade	3,582.49	2,814.22
Inventory at the end of the year		
Finished goods	(918.22)	(968.92)
Work in progress	(38.06)	(31.43)
Stock-in-trade	(2,751.82)	(3,582.49)
Net (Increase) /decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in progress and stock in trade	874.74	(851.06)

17. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Salaries, wages and bonus	113.25	108.02
Contribution to provident and other funds	11.35	10.73
Post-Employment Gratuity Benefits*	12.02	3.51
Leave Compensation Expenses	4.64	4.55
Staff welfare expenses	5.17	4.72
Total	146.43	131.53

*Refer Note 10 for disclosures

18 Finance costs

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Interest on bank overdraft and loans	355.22	310.50
Interest on delayed remittance of income taxes	4.55	0.36
Interest expense on lease liability	1.21	1.51
Exchange difference regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs	766.24	140.52
Other interest & bank charges	49.30	46.53
Total	1,176.52	499.42

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

19 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	84.60	56.33
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	40.71	11.52
Amortisation of intangible assets	0.45	0.09
Depreciation of Investment Property	0.43	0.43
Total	126.19	68.37

20 Other expenses

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Consumption of stores and spare parts	69.94	49.00
Power and fuel	30.99	24.75
Freight and Forwarding charges	1,534.63	1,144.87
Discharge & clearance expenses	497.33	346.47
Packing materials Consumed - indigenous	254.52	188.14
Godown Rent	31.31	33.21
Rent including lease rentals	1.69	1.33
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings	8.49	3.96
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	66.33	54.80
Repairs and maintenance - Others	16.24	12.74
Restitching & Rebagging Charges	1.88	1.52
Storage & Transit Insurance	20.50	17.84
Rates and Taxes	12.20	30.01
Communication	1.92	2.10
Travelling and conveyance	11.91	10.75
Printing and Stationery	0.81	0.73
Business promotion	11.17	11.97
Legal and professional Charges	18.12	11.41
Payments to auditors [Refer note 20(a) below]	0.86	0.77
Corporate social responsibility expenses [Refer note 20(b) below]	26.12	17.91
Directors sitting fees and commission	0.71	1.00
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans (net)	7.63	-
Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	167.58	54.00
Loss /(Gain) on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	3.74	-
Miscellaneous expenses	50.15	37.43
Total other expenses	2,846.77	2,056.71

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

20(a) Details of payments to auditors:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Payment to auditors		
As auditor:		
Statutory Audit fee	0.32	0.32
Tax audit fee	0.04	0.04
Certification fees	0.45	0.37
Reimbursement of expenses	0.04	0.04
Total	0.85	0.77

20(b) Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Contribution to projects for rural development, skills development, healthcare, education and environmental conservation	14.81	6.21
Accrual towards unspent obligations in respect to:		
Ongoing project	11.31	11.70
Other than ongoing projects	-	-
Total	26.12	17.91
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	23.73	17.58
Amount spent during the year on	-	-
(i) Construction/acquisition of an asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	14.81	6.21

Details of ongoing CSR projects under Section 135(5) of the Act

Balance as at 1 April 2025		Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year		Balance as at 31 March 2026	
With the Holding Company	In separate CSR unspent account		From the Holding Company's bank account	From separate CSR unspent account	With the Holding-Company *	In separate CSR unspent account
11.70	3.67	26.12	14.81	5.69	11.31	9.67

* The Holding Company has transferred the unspent CSR amount to a separate CSR unspent account subsequent to the balance sheet date, within the statutory timelines.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

20 Other expenses (Continued)

Details of CSR expenditure under Section 135(5) of the Act in respect of other than ongoing projects

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Balance unspent as at the beginning of the year	-	-
Amount deposited in specified fund of schedule VII of the act with in 6 months	-	-
Amount required to be spent during the year	-	-
Amount spent during the year	-	-
Balance unspent as at the end of the year	-	-

21 Income tax expense

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
A. Income tax expense recognized in Profit and Loss:		
Current tax	496.09	420.44
Share of Current tax of Associate Group	579.13	469.17
Deferred tax	164.28	135.67
Total Income Tax expense recognized during the year	1,239.50	1,025.28
Income tax reconciliation:		
Profit before tax	3,220.71	2,686.63
Applied tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated at Applied Tax rate	810.65	676.22
Total income tax expense recognized during the year	1,239.50	1,025.28
Differential tax impact	428.85	349.06
Differential tax impact due to the following Tax benefits / (Tax expense) :		
Tax on exempt Income	(0.93)	(0.93)
Expenses not allowable, net	4.72	4.55
Tax difference on Share of Current tax pertains to investments accounted for using equity method	401.26	347.95
Others	23.80	(2.51)
Total	428.85	349.06

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

22. Earnings per share

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2026	Year Ended 31 March 2025
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group	1,981.21	1,661.35
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in Nos.)	2,85,97,200	2,85,97,200
Face value of share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Earnings per Share		
- Basic (Rs.)	692.80	580.95
- Diluted (Rs.)	692.80	580.95

23. Commitments
Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Property, plant and equipment	20.56	51.34
Investments in Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited (Jointly Controlled Entity)	-	32.49

24. Contingent liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt - Disputed dues relating to supplies / other civil cases	0.90	0.90
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt - Disputed dues relating to value added tax	159.10	159.10
Disputed customs duty demand for which the Group has preferred an appeal before the CESTAT	112.26	112.26
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt - Disputed refunds relating to Goods and Services Tax	468.02	468.02
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt - Disputed dues relating to Other Indirect Tax cases	-	9.39
Disputed income tax demands contested in Appeals not provided for:	-	-
- Appeal pending before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) for the AY 2014-15	-	0.14

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

24 Contingent liabilities (Continued)

- (a) The Group has claimed refund under GST regulations in accordance with the provisions of the law. In certain states, the refunds have been admitted and in others it has been rejected. The refunds under rule 89(5) of Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017, which has been rejected and for which the Group is contesting as at March 31, 2026 amounts to Rs.1,813.16 Crores(March 31, 2025 : 1,545.37 Crores) The Group believes that it can successfully defend the case relating to refund eligible under rule 89(5).
- (b) The Central Bureau of Investigation('CBI') has filed an FIR against the Managing director of the Holding Company alleging that:
 - (i) during the period 2007-2014, the fertilizers have been imported by the Holding Company at inflated prices and claimed higher subsidies from Government of India ('GOI') and caused losses to the exchequer.
 - (ii) commission were paid by the overseas suppliers to relatives of the Managing Director resulting in diverting and siphoning off funds.

The aforesaid matters were discussed in the Board Meeting held on June 1, 2021.

The Board felt that it contains unverified allegations and also based on incorrect assumptions and incomplete appreciation of facts on record. It is also felt that the subsidy is not Holding Company specific and not a function of imports, but for the outlier method for certain period.

The Board of Directors directed the management to provide all the information relating to the case to all regulatory authorities as and when requested.

The Management responded to the queries raised by the authorities both through written form and also by way of personal appearance on various dates and there has not been any development in this matter since the last annual report of 2021-22. During the Year 2021-22, a writ petition has been filed before the Honourable High Court of Delhi for quashing / setting aside the said FIR and the matter is sub-judice.

The Board of Directors believe that no independent investigation is necessary at this stage as the CBI being a premier investigation agency is already investigating the matter. The Managing Director continues to discharge his official duties as decided and approved by the Board. Financial Impact and internal control lapse during the check period, if any, would be known only upon the conclusion of the investigation.

The Holding Company would take necessary steps as it deem fit and take action, if any, based on the progress of the case.

The Group has a strong internal control mechanism in place for various activities and it would continue to evaluate and strengthen its internal controls.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions

A. List of related parties

Name of the related party and nature of relationship

Significant influence over the entity

Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)

Subsidiaries of the above entity

IFFCO-Tokio General Insurance Company Limited

IFFCO eBazar Limited

Kisan International Trading FZE

Associate

Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC (JPMC)

Subsidiary of the above entity (JPMC)

Nippon Jordan Fertilizers Company Limited

Jointly Controlled Entity

Vizag Multipurpose terminal Private Limited

Group having common director

Wisekey India Private Limited

Key management personnel

Dr.P.S.Gahlaut, MD

Mr.R.Srinivasan, CFO

Dr.Girish Kumar, Company Secretary

Other Directors

Shri. Pankaj Kumar Bansal, IAS, Chairman

Dr. U. S.Awasthi, Nominee Director (Upto August 2025)

Shri. Rakesh Kapur, Nominee Director

Shri. Dileep Sanghani, Nominee Director

Shri. Kamal Dayani, IAS, Nominee Director (Upto December 2025)

Shri. S.C.Mudgerikar, Nominee Director (From August 2025 to March 2026)

Shri. Kumar Amit, IAS, Nominee Director

Shri. K.J.Patel, Nominee Director

Shri. Dr. Rajendra Kumar IAS, Nominee Director

Ms. Nazhat J Shaikh, Nominee Director

Shri. Abhijeet Agarwal IAS, Nominee Director

Shri. Sudhir Bhargava, Independent Director

Shri. Arvind Kumar Kadyan, Independent Director

Ms. Vandana Chanana, Independent Director

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions (Continued)

Shri. Manish Gupta, Nominee Director
 Shri. Alok Kumar Singh, IAS, Nominee Director (Upto March 2026)
 Shri. Siva Muthukkumarasamy, Nominee Director
 Shri. Sony Sebastian, Nominee Director
 Shri. Manoj Kumar Jain, Nominee Director (Upto August 2025)
 Shri. Santosh Kumar Dash, OAS (SS), Nominee Director
 Shri. Amandeep Sing Thind, Nominee Director (Upto June 2025)

Trusts

Indian Potash Limited Staff Provident Fund
 Indian Potash Non-Executive Staff Gratuity Fund
 Indian Potash Executive Staff Gratuity Fund
 Indian Potash Senior Executive Staff Superannuation Fund
 IPL Foundation

Note :

- Related party relationships are as identified by the management and relied upon by the auditors
- All transactions with related parties are at arm's length price

B. Transactions with key management personnel

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Remuneration and other benefits *	2.88	2.69
Directors sitting fees, commission and others	0.71	1.00
Total	3.59	3.70

* Amount attributed to post employment benefits and compensated absences have not been disclosed as the same cannot be identified distinctly in the actuarial valuation.

C. Transactions with related parties other than key management personnel

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Investing party - Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)		
Sale of goods	1,146.71	952.60
Insurance charges recovered	1.31	1.22
Service charges recovered	0.63	0.68
Reimbursement of Despatch	-	3.78
Discounts	81.47	85.28
Dividend paid	19.44	7.29

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25 Related party transactions (Continued)

C Transactions with related parties other than key management personnel (Continued)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026	Year ended 31 March 2025
Subsidiary of IFFCO-IFFCO-Tokio General Insurance Company Limited		
Sale of services	-	0.14
Services availed	31.41	28.14
Subsidiary of IFFCO-IFFCO eBazar Limited		
Sale of goods (net of discounts)	3.35	0.91
Investing party - Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)		
Purchases of Goods (net of discounts)	55.84	42.69
Associate Company - Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC		
Purchases of Goods	-	541.04
Dividend Received	1,313.07	1,040.09
Jointly Controlled Entity - Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited		
Subscription to Equity shares (Previous year subscription includes Loan of Rs. 3 Crores converted into Equity shares)	32.49	12.50
Interest Received	0.06	-
Indian Potash Limited Staff Provident Fund		
Contribution to provident fund	4.57	4.07
Indian Potash Senior Executive Staff Superannuation Fund		
Contribution to super annuation fund	0.77	0.92
Indian Potash Gratuity Fund		
Contribution to Gratuity Fund	0.59	0.85

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

25. Related party transactions (Continued)
D. Outstanding balances arising from sales / purchase of goods and services

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Indian Farmers' Fertiliser Co-operative Limited (IFFCO)		
Trade receivable (Sale of goods & services)	530.98	413.76
Customer Discounts Payable	81.54	62.56
Trade payables	5.61	7.15
Subsidiary of IFFCO-IFFCO-Tokio General Insurance Company Limited		
Trade receivable	12.64	11.48
Subsidiary of IFFCO-IFFCO eBazar Limited		
Trade receivable	0.56	0.47

Terms and Conditions :

Sales of goods to related parties were made at the Group's usual list prices, that prevail in arm's length transactions. Purchases were made at market prices. Outstanding balances at the year-end with related parties are unsecured (at market rates) to be settled in cash.

In respect of related party trade receivables, the Group has made allowance for bad and doubtful debts as per Group's Expected Credit Loss Policy for the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 respectively

The Group has not provided any guarantee /received during the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 relating to related party transactions

26. Based on and to the extent of information available with the Group under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), the relevant particulars as at reporting date are furnished below :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, as at the end of the year	14.46	4.71
Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount as at the end of the year	-	-
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year	-	-
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (other than Section 16)	-	-
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (under Section 16)	-	-
Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, for payments already made	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act (ii) + (vi)	-	-

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

27 Segment reporting

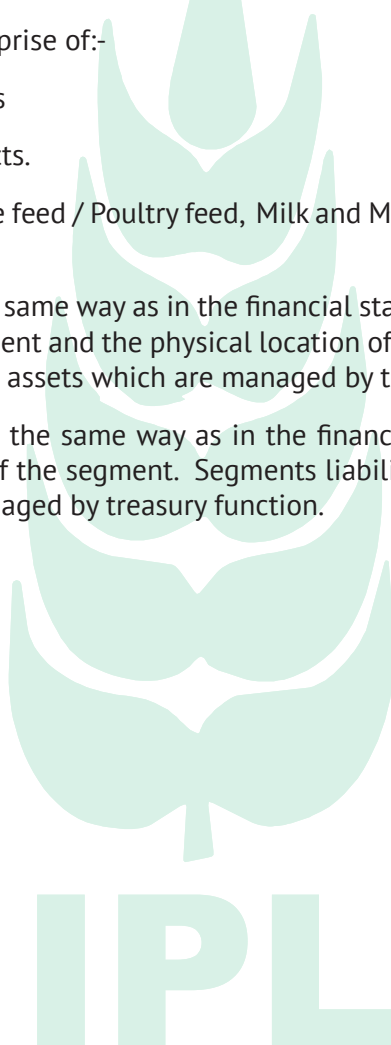
Ind AS 108 establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments and related disclosure about product and services, geographical areas and major customers. Based on 'management approach' as defined in Ind AS 108, the chief operating decision maker evaluates the Group's performance and allocates resources based on analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Accordingly information has been presented along business segment. The accounting principle used in the preparation of financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in individual segment and or as set out in the significant accounting policies.

Business segment of the Group comprise of:-

- (i) Fertilisers - Trading of fertilisers
- (ii) Sugar and its related by-products.
- (iii) Others - Manufacturing of Cattle feed / Poultry feed, Milk and Milk Products and trading of Gold and other precious metals.

Segment assets are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment and the physical location of the assets. Segments assets do not include investments and income tax assets which are managed by treasury function.

Segment liabilities are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment. Segments liabilities do not include borrowings and income tax liabilities which are managed by treasury function.



Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

A. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2026				Year ended 31 March 2025			
	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total
Revenue from operations	30,289.97	2,113.31	131.55	32,534.83	19,011.98	1,600.90	76.03	20,688.91
Identifiable operating expenses	28,851.54	2,080.40	132.10	31,064.04	18,014.72	1,539.40	78.62	19,632.74
Segment operating income	1,438.43	32.91	(0.55)	1,470.79	997.26	61.50	(2.59)	1,056.17
Unallocable expenses				42.46				24.44
Finance Costs				1,176.52				499.42
Operating profit				251.81				532.31
Other income	34.60	2.92	0.05	37.57	26.55	3.41	0.07	30.03
Unallocable income				372.08				175.32
Profit before income tax				661.46				737.66
Share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method				2,559.25				1,948.97
Income tax expense				1,239.50				1,025.28
Net profit				1,981.21				1,661.35

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026				As at 31 March 2025			
	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total	Fertiliser	Sugar	Others	Total
B. SEGMENT ASSETS								
Segment assets	18,151.89	2,661.78	90.89	20,904.56	11,546.34	2,786.55	84.58	14,417.47
Unallocated Corporate assets				8,727.43				7,692.58
Total Assets				29,631.99				22,109.85
C. SEGMENT LIABILITIES								
Segment Liabilities	2,976.51	1,583.11	81.64	4,641.26	2,675.10	1,697.19	73.44	4,445.73
Unallocated Corporate liabilities				11,327.35				6,342.63
Total Liabilities				15,968.61				10,788.36
Capital expenditure	1793	4.79	0.15	22.87	6.92	55.56	0.08	62.56

D. Entity wide disclosures

The entity is domiciled in India

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	India	Rest of the world	Total	India	Rest of the world	Total
Revenue by Geographical area	31,296.77	1,238.06	32,534.83	19,869.75	819.16	20,688.91
Carrying amount of Segment Assets	22,718.13	6,913.86	29,631.99	21,460.16	649.69	22,109.85
Capital expenditure	22.87		22.87	62.56		62.56
Non- Current assets	1,634.84		1,634.84	1,659.12		1,659.12

There are no single customer contributing to revenue more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group.
For the revenue from major product categories, refer Note 13.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28 Fair value measurements

28.1 Financial instruments by category

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost
Financial assets						
Investment in equity Instruments #	-	47.40	-	-	53.37	-
Investment in debt instruments	-	54.21	-	-	54.83	-
Investment in government securities	-	-	0.14	-	-	0.15
Investment in perpetual bonds	-	-	1,094.67	-	-	948.19
Investment in Mutual funds & AIF	-	1,150.95	-	-	933.28	-
Trade receivables	-	-	8,246.11	-	-	4,507.11
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,643.72	-	-	367.18
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	4.92	-	-	53.88
Loans	-	-	16.66	-	-	16.19
Other financial assets	-	-	202.09	-	-	270.30
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	-	1,252.56	12,208.31	-	1,041.48	6,163.00

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			As at 31 March 2025		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings including accrued interest and current maturities	-	-	10,390.80	-	-	5,263.79
Trade payables	-	-	3,226.28	-	-	3,747.12
Other financial liabilities	-	-	317.51	-	-	318.71
Lease liabilities	-	-	13.16	-	-	19.30
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	-	-	13,947.75	-	-	9,348.92

Excludes investment which is measured at cost (after equity pick) being investments in equity instruments in Associate Group to Rs. 6,913.86 (31 March 2025: Rs.5,760.31)

The equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value through OCI rather than profit or loss as these strategic investments and the group considered to be more relevant.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28. Fair value measurements (Continued)
28.2 Valuation technique and processes

The management assessed that fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, current borrowings and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of non current loans and security deposits have also been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amount since they are repayable on demand. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The fair value of the equity instruments which are quoted are based on price quotations at reporting date. The fair value of unquoted Equity and Debt instruments, loans from banks and other financial liabilities, as well as other non-current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. In addition to being sensitive to a reasonably possible change in the forecast cash flows or discount rate, the fair value of the equity instruments is also sensitive to a reasonably possible change in the growth rates. The valuation requires management to use unobservable inputs in the model, of which the significant unobservable inputs are disclosed in the tables below. Management regularly assesses a range of reasonably possible alternatives for those significant unobservable inputs and determines their impact on the total fair value.

Fair values of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings and loans are determined by using discount rate (effective interest rate) that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting year.

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with Banks. Foreign exchange forward contracts are valued using valuation techniques, which employs the use of market observable inputs. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing model, using present value calculations. As at each period presented, the marked-to-market value of derivative liability/asset position has been recognized in the financial statements.

28.3 Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28. Fair value measurements (Continued)
28.3 Fair value hierarchy (Continued)
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values - recurring fair value measurements - As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial investments at FVTOCI				
Investment in Equity Instruments	47.05	-	0.35	47.40
Investment in Debt Instruments	54.21	-	-	54.21
Financial investments at FVTPL				
Investment in mutual funds & AIF	1,150.95	-	-	1,150.95

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed - As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investment in government securities	-	-	0.14	0.14
Investment in perpetual bonds	1,094.67	-	-	1,094.67
Financial liabilities				
Non current borrowings	-	-	217.09	217.09

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values - recurring fair value measurements - As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial investments at FVTOCI	32.02	-	21.35	53.37
Investment in Equity Instruments	54.83	-	-	54.83
Investment in Debt Instruments				
Financial investments at FVTPL	933.28	-	-	933.28
Investment in mutual funds & AIF				

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed - As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investment in government securities	-	-	0.15	0.15
Investment in perpetual bonds	948.19	-	-	948.19
Financial liabilities				
Non current borrowings	-	-	71.80	71.80

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28.3 Fair value hierarchy (Continued)
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values (Continued)

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2 – Traded bonds, over the counter derivatives that are not traded in an active market is determined using observable market data and less reliance on entity-specific estimates.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification asset included in level 3.

28.4 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026		As at 31 March 2025	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets				
Investment in government securities	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15
Investment in perpetual bonds	1,094.67	1,094.67	948.19	948.19
TOTAL ASSETS	1,094.81	1,094.81	948.34	948.34
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	217.09	217.09	71.80	71.80
TOTAL LIABILITIES	217.09	217.09	71.80	71.80

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial assets and liabilities, cash and cash equivalents and other Bank balances are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. The fair value of non current loans and security deposits have also been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amount since the loans are repayable on contractual terms.

The fair values for non current borrowings have been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amount since the borrowings carry a variable interest rate linked to the market.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

28. Fair value measurements (Continued)
28.5 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations on foreign currency assets/ liabilities and forecasted cash flows denominated in foreign currency. The Group follows established risk management policies, including the use of derivatives to hedge foreign currency assets/ liabilities and foreign currency forecasted cash flows. The counter party in these derivative instruments is a bank and the Group considers the risks of non-performance by the counterparty as non-material.

The following table presents the aggregate contracted principal amounts of the Group's derivative contracts outstanding:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
	USD Crores	USD Crores
Forward contracts (sell)	0.48	0.32
Forward contracts (Buy)	-	1.96
Foreign currency principal swap (buy)	-	0.07

The foreign exchange forward contracts generally mature anywhere between 3-30 days. The foreign currency interest swap contracts mature anywhere between 2 to 39 months.

29. Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. The Group's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

29. (i) Credit risk
Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities. Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to clients, including outstanding accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Group assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29. Financial risk management
29. (i) Credit risk (Continued)
a) Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer (Government and Non-Government). The risk relating to Trade receivables, dues from Government (which represents subsidy receivable) and export customer has been assessed by the management as not to be material. In respect of Non-Government customers, the demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment.

b) Investments

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by generally investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating. The Group does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties, and does not have any significant concentration of exposures to specific industry sectors.

Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach (Non-Government receivables excluding export receivables)

As at 31 March 2026:

Ageing	Not due	0-90 past due	90 to 180 days past due	180 to 270 days past due	270 to 360 days past due	360 to 720 days past due	More than 720 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount	1,973.09	291.02	44.00	7.70	1.81	14.00	210.72	2,542.34
Expected loss rate	0.56%	0.93%	2.20%	29.35%	56.35%	79.50%	100.00%	
Expected credit losses (loss allowance provision)	(11.14)	(2.71)	(0.97)	(2.26)	(1.02)	(11.13)	(210.72)	(239.95)
Carrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	1,961.95	288.31	43.03	5.44	0.79	2.87	-	2,302.39

As at 31 March 2025:

Ageing	Not due	0-90 past due	90 to 180 days past due	180 to 270 days past due	270 to 360 days past due	360 to 720 days past due	More than 720 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount	1,351.53	230.02	29.13	12.65	3.32	10.34	231.48	1,868.47
Expected loss rate	0.61%	1.04%	2.37%	17.00%	37.95%	71.86%	100.00%	
Expected credit losses (loss allowance provision)	(8.27)	(2.40)	(0.69)	(2.15)	(1.26)	(7.43)	(231.48)	(253.68)
Carrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	1,343.26	227.62	28.44	10.50	2.06	2.91	-	1,614.79

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29 (i) Credit risk (Continued)
29(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Group manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. Also, the Group has unutilized credit limits with banks. The Group's corporate treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	2,643.72	367.18
Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	4.92	53.88
Total	2,648.64	421.06

a) Financing arrangements

The Group has access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Expiring within one year - short term borrowings and other facilities expiring 31 March 2026 (Fund and non fund based)	17,673.29	17,611.84

b) Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities As at 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026			
	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Fixed interest rate borrowings	8,360.46	-	-	8,360.46
Variable interest rate borrowings (Refer note below)	70.26	55.79	161.30	287.36
Lease liabilities	6.11	0.43	6.62	13.16
Trade payables	3,133.54	21.22	71.52	3,226.28
Other financial liabilities	173.71	115.70	28.10	317.51
Total	11,744.08	193.14	267.54	12,204.76

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29(ii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025			
	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Fixed interest rate borrowings	5,130.13	-	-	5,130.13
Variable interest rate borrowings (Refer note below)	61.86	55.79	16.01	133.66
Lease liabilities	6.34	6.34	6.62	19.30
Trade payables	3,751.98	20.49	20.65	3,793.12
Other financial liabilities	190.26	100.35	28.10	318.71
Total	9,140.58	182.98	71.38	9,394.92

Note:

The variable interest rate borrowings carry an interest rate which are linked to the market and hence in absence of known amount of outflow in respect of interest, the current undiscounted amounts have been disclosed.

29(iii) Foreign currency risk

The Group's exchange risk arises from foreign currency expenses, (primarily in U.S. Dollars and Euros) and foreign currency borrowings (in U.S. dollars). A significant portion of the Group's purchase of stock in trade are in these foreign currencies, As a result, if the value of the Indian rupee appreciates relative to these foreign currencies, the Group's costs measured in rupees may decrease. The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and these foreign currencies has changed in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate in the future. The Group has a Corporate Treasury department which meets on a periodic basis to formulate the strategy for foreign currency risk management. The Group does not primarily deal with derivative instruments.

The following table presents foreign currency risk from non-derivative financial instruments as of 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025:

As at 31 March 2026

Particulars	USD Crores	INR Equivalent (in Crores)
Assets:		
EEFC Account	-	0.05
Trade receivables	9.48	897.78
Liabilities:		
Borrowings	90.40	8,556.35
Trade payables	23.95	2,267.03

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29(iii) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	USD Crores	INR Equivalent (in Crores)
Assets:		
EEFC Account	0.03	2.86
Trade receivables	4.18	357.56
Liabilities:		
Borrowings	59.24	5,063.53
Trade payables	20.55	1,756.28

Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
USD Sensitivity		
INR/USD - Increase by 10% (31 March 2025-10%)	(1,072.03)	(661.70)
INR/USD - Decrease by 10% (31 March 2025-10%)	1,072.03	661.70

*Amounts are less than lakhs

29(iv) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group has been availing borrowings at fixed and variable rate of interest. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in interest market rates. The borrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Interest earned : Interest rates on debt instruments and Bank deposits are fixed and hence do not expose the Group to significant interest rate risk.

Classification of borrowings by nature of interest rate:

Particulars	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Borrowings at variable interest rate :		
- Current	70.26	61.86
- Non-current	217.09	71.80
Borrowings at fixed interest rate :		
- Current	10,103.45	5,130.13
- Non-current	-	-

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

29(iii) Foreign currency risk (Continued)
Interest rate sensitivity analysis

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	
	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Interest rates increase by 10 base points*	(2.02)	(0.17)
Interest rates decrease by 10 base points	2.02	0.17

*The Group has availed short term loan facilities at specified interest rates and such interest rates are linked to RBI Repo rates (March 31, 2025: LIBOR/Treasury bill rates).

29. (v) Price Risk

The Group is exposed to price risks arising from investments in Debt and Equity instruments. These investments are held for strategic purposes only and not for the purposes of trading. The sensitivity analyses given below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower other comprehensive income/ equity for the year ended 31 March 2026 would increase/ decrease by Rs.1.02 (31 March 2025: Rs.1.08) as a result of the changes in fair value of equity and debt investments measured at FVTOCI. There is no impact of change in equity price on profit or loss.

30. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III
(a) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

(b) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Group has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The Group files quarterly returns or statements of current assets with banks and financial institutions.

(c) Wilful default

The Group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(d) Relationship with struck off companies

The Group does not have any relations with the companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.

(e) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (restriction on number of layers) Rules, 2017

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

30. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III (Continued)**f) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements**

The Group has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current financial year.

(g) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

(h) Undisclosed income

The Group does not have any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961.

(i) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(j) Revaluation of Property, plant & Equipment, intangible asset and investment property

The Group has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

31. Interests in other entities
(a) Subsidiaries

The group's subsidiaries at 31 March 2026 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of equity shares that are held directly by the group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the group. The Country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

Name of entity	Place of business/ Country of incorporation	Ownership interest held by the group		Ownership interest held by non controlling interests		Principal activities
		31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	
IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd	India	100%	100%	-	-	Manufacture of sugar and allied products

(i) Summarised cash flows

Particulars	IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Cash flows from operating activities	(3.92)	(5.02)
Cash flows from investing activities	-	-
Cash flows from financing activities	4.30	5.01
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	0.38	(0.01)

(b) Jointly Controlled Entity

The group's Jointly Controlled Entity (JCE) venture at 31 March 2026 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of equity shares that are held directly by the group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the group. The Country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

Name of entity	Place of business/ Country of incorporation	Ownership interest held by the group		Ownership interest held by non controlling interests		Principal activities
		31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	
Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	India	50%	50%	50%	50%	Logistics and cargo handling services

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

31. Interests in other entities (Continued)
(ii) Summarised cash flows

Particulars	Vizag Multipurpose terminal private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Cash flows from operating activities	6.19	0.26
Cash flows from investing activities	(266.29)	(29.40)
Cash flows from financing activities	264.59	54.73
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4.49	25.59

(c) Interests in Associates

Set out below are the associates of the group As at 31 March 2026 which, in the opinion of the directors, are material to the group. The entities listed below have share capital consisting solely of equity shares, which are held directly by the group. The Country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business, and the portion of ownership interest is the same as the portion of voting rights held.

Name of entity	Place of business/ Country of incorporation	% of ownership interest	Accounting method	Fair value *	Carrying amount	Fair value *	Carrying amount
				31-Mar-26	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-25
Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	Jordan	26.98%	Equity method	31,089.63	6,863.28	14,359.00	5,742.12

* Fair value for 31 March 2026 and 2025 are considered based on quoted prices.

Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc aims at mining and processing phosphate ore in Jordan. Its products complement the business of the Group. The same is classified as a Level 1 (31 March 2025: Level 2) investment in accordance with Ind AS 113. The investment is not allocated to a specific segment.

In May 2018, Indian Potash Limited acquired 27.38% shares in Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc. The Group has accounted based on equity method of the profits for the year January to December 2025 and January to December 2024 for the year ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025 respectively subject to notional purchase price allocation and its related adjustments. The Group in the previous years has considered the acquisition price as the fair value since it was based on market price and confirmed by an independent valuer. Consequently no goodwill/ capital reserve arose on acquisition.

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

31. Interests in other entities (Continued)
(i) Commitments and contingent liabilities in respect of associate

Particulars	As at 31 December 2025	As at 31 December 2024
Outstanding letter of credit	906.24	500.24
Outstanding letter of guarantee	285.29	216.19
Litigations	93.18	1,766.99

(d) Summarised financial information for Associate and Jointly Controlled Entity

The table below provide summarised financial information for associate & Jointly Controlled Entity that is material to the group. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the associate, Jointly Controlled Entity and not Indian Potash Limited's share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition and modifications for difference in accounting policies.

(i) Summarised balance sheet

Particulars	Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	
	As at 31 December 2025	As at 31 December 2024
Total current assets	19,359.56	15,994.14
Total non current assets	10,999.01	9,942.78
Total current liabilities	2,468.60	1,983.30
Total non current liabilities	2,120.47	2,026.69
Net assets	25,769.50	21,926.93

(ii) Reconciliation to carrying amounts of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc

Particulars	Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	
	As at 31 December 2025	As at 31 December 2024
Opening net assets	20,971.96	18,662.22
Profit for the year (Previous year: 31 December 2024)	7,260.24	5,372.98
Other comprehensive income for the year (Previous year: 31 December 2024)	(35.24)	(46.61)
Dividends paid	(4,809.19)	(3,796.93)
Purchase Price allocation adjustments impact during the year	34.29	31.56
Inter group elimination Profit/Loss	-	-
Exchange difference on translation	2,006.03	748.74
Closing net assets	25,428.09	20,971.96

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

31. Interests in other entities (Continued)

Particulars	Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	
	As at 31 December 2025	As at 31 December 2024
Group's share in % for Opg	27.38%	27.38%
Group's share in % for CY (before sale of 12,00,000 shares)	27.38%	NA
Group's share in % for CY (after sale of 12,00,000 shares)	26.98%	NA
Group's share in INR	6,863.28	5,742.12
Less: Impairment loss	-	-
Carrying amount	6,863.28	5,742.12

(iii) Summarised statement of profit and loss

Particulars	Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	
	Year Ended 31 December 2025	Year Ended 31 December 2024
Revenue	17,807.09	14,317.66
Profit for the year	7,282.06	5,403.38
Other comprehensive income	(35.10)	(46.97)
Total comprehensive income	7,246.96	5,356.41
Dividends received	1,313.07	1,040.09

Particulars	Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	
	Year Ended 31 December 2025	Year Ended 31 December 2024
Share of profits before tax from associate	2,559.25	1,948.72
Less : Tax	(579.02)	(468.96)
Total share of profits from associate (after adjusting for impairment loss / reversal of impairment)	1,980.23	1,479.76

(iv) Reconciliation to carrying amounts of Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited

Particulars	Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Carrying amount (Group share is 50 %)	50.58	18.19
Share of profits/(Loss) before tax from Jointly Controlled Entity*	0.00	0.25
Less : Tax	(0.11)	(0.21)
Total share of profits from Jointly controlled entity (JCE) (after adjusting for impairment loss / reversal of impairment)	(0.11)	0.04

* share of (loss) for FY 2025 -26 less than lakhs

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

32. Capital management

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' and lenders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Capital Base comprises of Equity Share Capital and Other Equity. The Group monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends on its equity shares. The Group's objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize shareholder value.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Borrowings and lease liabilities	10,390.80	5,263.79
Less :Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances	(2,648.64)	(421.06)
Net Debt	7,742.16	4,842.73
Total equity	13,663.38	11,321.49
Net Debt to Equity Ratio	56.66%	42.77%

The net debt to equity ratio for the current year has increased from 42.77% to 56.66% following the significant decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year.

(iii) Distributions made and proposed

Particulars	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
(i) Dividend on equity shares declared and paid		
Final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025: INR 20 per share (Final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024: INR 7.5 per share)	57.19	21.45
(ii) Proposed dividend		
Following dividends proposed by the directors after the reporting date and subject to the approval at the annual general meeting have not been recognised as liabilities at the year-end: Proposed dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026: INR 20 per share (31 March 2025: Proposed dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025: INR 20 per share)	57.19	57.19

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

33. Disclosure of information in terms of section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 :

Name of entity	Nature of relationship	31 March 2026	31 March 2025
Jordan Phosphate Mines Company PLC	Related Party	6,863.28	5,742.12
Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	Related Party	50.58	18.19
Indian Commodity Exchange Limited	Not a related Party	0.34	21.34
BSE Limited	Not a related Party	47.05	32.02
IRFC Tax Free Bonds	Not a related Party	8.30	8.39
NHAI Tax Free Bonds	Not a related Party	30.63	30.60
HUDCO Tax Free Bonds	Not a related Party	15.28	15.84
BOB Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	-	125.16
Union Bank of India Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	130.41	141.49
Canara Bank Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	25.33	80.67
PNB Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	175.35	175.35
Bank of Maharashtra Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	25.31	25.31
Bank of India Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	25.27	25.27
Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Ltd Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	250.55	150.11
Tata International Ltd Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	100.85	10.08
Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	171.05	102.31
Tata Industries Ltd Non - Convertible Debentures	Not a related Party	-	12.25
SBI Perpetual Bond	Not a related Party	90.20	100.19
Total		8,009.78	6,816.69

Note :

Loans to employees have been considered to be outside the purview of this disclosure requirement

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

34. Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

For the year ended 31 March 2026

Particulars	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share of profit or loss	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount
Indian Potash Limited	49.63%	6,781.43	0.28%	5.41
IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd	(0.23%)	(31.91)	(0.22%)	(4.32)
Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	50.23%	6,863.28	99.95%	1,980.23
Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	0.37%	50.58	(0.01%)	(0.11)
Total	100.00%	13,663.38	100.00%	1,981.21

Particulars	Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of total comprehensive income	Amount
Indian Potash Limited	108.35%	455.37	19.19%	460.78
IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd	0.00%	-	(0.18%)	(4.32)
Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	(8.35%)	(35.10)	80.99%	1,945.13
Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.01%	(0.11)
Total	100.00%	420.27	100.00%	2,401.48

For the year ended 31 March 2025

Particulars	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share of profit or loss	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount
Indian Potash Limited	49.36%	5,588.77	11.17%	185.57
IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd	(0.24%)	(27.59)	(0.24%)	(4.02)
Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	50.72%	5,742.12	89.07%	1,479.76
Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	0.16%	18.19	0.00%	0.04
Total	100.00%	11,321.49	100.00%	1661.35

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

34. Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2025 (Continued)

Particulars	Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of total comprehensive income	Amount
Indian Potash Limited	129.14%	208.17	21.60%	393.74
IPL Sugars and Bio Fuels Ltd	0.00%	-	(0.22%)	(4.02)
Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc	(29.14%)	(46.97)	78.61%	1,432.79
Vizag Multipurpose Terminal Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.04
Total	100.00%	161.20	100.00%	1822.55

35. Extracts of revenue details and Provision for employee benefits - Note 22 and Note 16 of Consolidated Financial Statements of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc

Revenue	Amount (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)	
	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Phosphate unit	7,38,173	6,28,450
Fertilizer unit	3,67,037	3,05,263
Indo Jordan	1,96,930	1,33,713
Nippon	1,32,429	1,32,411
Trading in raw materials	13,841	13,436
Total	14,48,410	12,13,273

Provisions for employees' benefits

The table below illustrates the details of provisions for employees' benefits as of 31 December is as follow:

Particulars	Amount (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)	
	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Defined benefit plans (A)	71,363	64,806
Employees' compensations (B)	945	903
Employees incentives and retirees' grants (c)	716	735
Total	73,024	66,444

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

35. Extracts of revenue details and Provision for employee benefits - Note 22 and Note 16 of Consolidated Financial Statements of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc (Continued)

Particulars	Amount (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)	
	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Current portion	5,213	8,716
Non-current portion	67,811	57,728
Total	73,024	66,444

A- Defined benefit plans

The following is the movement on the provision of defined benefit plans:

Particulars	31 December 2025 (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)			
	End of Service Bonus Compensation*	Death and Compensation fund**	Compensation bonus for six months	Total
Balance as of 1 January 2025	2,549.00	60,422.00	1,835.00	64,806.00
Service cost	100.00	3,657.00	0.00	3,757.00
Interest cost	100.00	3,939.00	145.00	4,184.00
Employees contributions	0.00	354.00	0.00	354.00
Paid benefits during the year	(79.00)	(5,208.00)	(54.00)	(5,341.00)
Employee share of payments	-	(354.00)	-	(354.00)
Actuarial loss due to experience	-	1,443.00	8.00	1,451.00
Actuarial loss due to change in financial assumptions	-	2,460.00	46.00	2,506.00
Balance as of 31 December 2025	2,670.00	66,713.00	1,980.00	71,363.00

Particulars	31 December 2024 (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)			
	End of Service Bonus Compensation*	Death and Compensation fund**	Compensation bonus for six months	Total
Balance as of 1 January 2024	2,384.00	80,578.00	1,761.00	84,723.00
Service cost	100.00	4,903.00	158.00	5,161.00
Interest cost	100.00	4,258.00	0.00	4,358.00
Employees contributions	0.00	381.00	0.00	381.00
Paid benefits during the year	(35.00)	(34,751.00)	(162.00)	(34,948.00)
Employee share of payments	-	(381.00)	-	(381.00)
Actuarial loss due to experience	-	4,371.00	16.00	4,387.00
Actuarial loss due to change in financial assumptions	-	1,063.00	62.00	1,125.00
Balance as of 31 December 2024	2,549.00	60,422.00	1,835.00	64,806.00

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

35. Extracts of revenue details and Provision for employee benefits - Note 22 and Note 16 of Consolidated Financial Statements of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc (Continued)

*During 2011, the Group calculated the provision for employees' end-of-service bonus based on JD 1,000 per each service year for each employee in accordance with the signed agreement with the Jordanian Mines Employees Labor Union on 9 June 2011 and according to the Board of Directors decisions made on the 2 July 2011 and 28 July 2011 which set the end of service bonus basis. The Board of Directors decided in 2018 to grant employees who are included in this program and are still on their jobs, if they wish to terminate their services before 31 December 2018, an incentive by increasing the compensation to become JD 2,000 for each year of service.

End-of-service bonus compensation is earned based on years of service and the liability is determined based on the present value of the gross liability at the date of the consolidated financial statements. The end-of-service bonus compensation using the projected unit credit method.

** During March 2015, the Group established the Death and Compensation Fund in accordance with the Board of Directors resolution. The Fund grants the employees included in the Fund plan upon their retirement, an average of two months' salary as a bonus for each year of service with a maximum of 23 years of service and the bonus amount is determined based on the last salary subject to social security and capped at JD 4,000. The fund objectives are as follow:

1. Reducing the cost of employees' salaries.
2. Reducing the number of employees in the Group as a technical study showed that Group's operations can be handled with no more than 2,000 employees.
3. Multiplicity of compensation schemes for the years (2000-2011) failing to reduce number of employees or cost of salaries.

According to the defined benefit obligation, the Death and Compensation fund's liability is calculated based on year of service and the present value of the defined obligation is determined by discounting estimated future cash flows using the interest rate on high quality governmental bonds. Significant actuarial assumptions used to determine death and compensation fund liability as of 31 December are as follow :

Particulars	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Discount rate	6.20%	6.47% - 6.77%
Salary increase rate	3.5% - 6%	3.5% - 6%
Resignation rate:		
Up to the age of 34 years	3% - 5%	3% - 5%
From the age of 35 to 49 years	2% - 5%	2% - 5%
Age 50 years and over	0% - 5%	0% - 5%

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

35. Extracts of revenue details and Provision for employee benefits - Note 22 and Note 16 of Consolidated Financial Statements of Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Plc (Continued)
Provisions for employees' benefits (Continued)

The following table represents sensitivity analysis of changes in significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the present value of death and compensation fund liability as of 31 December :

	Discount Rate		Increment salary increase rate		Resignation rate	
	Percentage %	Increase / (Decrease) (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)	Percentage %	Increase/ (Decrease) (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)	Percentage %	Increase/ (Decrease) (in thousands of Jordanian Dinars)
2025 -	+1	(4,752.00)	+1	4,979.00	+1	365.00
	-1	5,255.00	-1	(4,801.00)	-1	(388.00)
2024 -	+1	(4,224.00)	+1	4,435.00	+1	435.00
	-1	4,691.00	-1	(4,289.00)	-1	(463.00)

36. Acquisition of Sugar Unit:

Pursuant to a Business Transfer Agreement (BTA) entered into with M/s.T.J.Agro Fertilizers Pvt.Ltd (Seller), the Holding Company acquired the entire business of Seller's Navsari Unit, having manufacturing capacity of SSP-P of 33,000 MT and SSP-G of 22,000 MT (the business) on "As is where is and what is" basis as a going concern on a slump sale along with rights, titles and interest of the seller in Navsari Unit for a lumpsum consideration aggregating to Rs.19.50 Crores with effect from 2nd April, 2024.

The said consideration has been allocated to the Assets and Liabilities based on the respective fair value as determined by the independent valuer. The difference between the fair value of the net assets taken over and the lumpsum consideration paid aggregating to Rs. 4.18 Crores has been accounted as capital reserve and disclosed in note No.8(b) to the financial statements.

Particulars	Rs. Crores
Land	13.02
Buildings	7.18
Plant & Equipment	3.24
Vehicles	0.13
Sub-total	23.57
Net Current Assets	0.11
Net Assets	23.68
Less : Purchase Consideration	19.50
Capital Reserve as on 31 March 2025	4.18
Remeasurement of Fair value	(2.40)
Capital Reserve as on 31 March 2026	1.78

Notes forming part of Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026

All amounts in Indian Rupees Crores, unless otherwise stated

36. Acquisition of Sugar Unit : (Continued)

As at the reporting date, Land and Buildings are transferred in the name of the Holding Company and the conveyance deed registered with jurisdictional Sub-registrar office based at Navsari, State of Gujarat on 09th April, 2024. As per the BTA, the employees of Navsari were absorbed on the rolls of the Holding Company effective from 09th April, 2024. The liability towards terminal benefits like gratuity, PF and leave encashment payable to the employees as on 09th April, 2024 has been settled by the seller. Accordingly as per the BTA, the Holding Company has duly provided accrued liability for terminal benefits including the employees of Navsari unit as at the reporting date.

The statement of Profit and Loss accounts of the Group includes revenue earned and the expenses incurred by Navsari Unit for the period from 09th April 2024 to 31st March, 2025, as the Group has taken over the management control of Navsari Unit from 09th April, 2024 and all key activities are directed and controlled by the Group effective from 09th April, 2024.

37. Events after the reporting date

- (i) Subsequent to period end, the holding company has proposed final dividend of Rs.20 per fully paid share, subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting (Refer note 32)

As per our report of even date
For M S K A & Associates LLP
(Formerly known as M S K A & Associates)
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number: 105047W/W101187

Geetha Jeyakumar
 Partner
 Membership No.: 029409

Place : Chennai
 Date : 23rd July 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
 Indian Potash Limited
 CIN:U14219TN1955PLC000961

Pankaj Kumar Bansal
 Chairman
 DIN: 05197128

Arvind Kumar Kadyan
 Director
 DIN: 09264784

Girish Kumar
 Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi
 Date : 23rd July 2026

P.S. Gahlaut
 Managing Director
 DIN: 00049401

Sudhir Bhargava
 Director
 DIN: 00247515

R. Srinivasan
 Chief Financial Officer



INDIAN POTASH LIMITED

1st Floor, Seethakathi Business Centre
684-690, Anna Salai, Chennai- 600 006

